THE EVENING LEADER.

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CAUGHT QUAY NAPPING

HARRISON MAKING HIMSELF SOLID IN NEW YORK.

Collector Erhardt's Successor Selected by Thomas C. Platt—Harrison Renomination Stock Has an Upward Tendency.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—Harrisonian stock is quoted higher today than it was yesterday. Blaine's stock also is firm, for it is recognized on all sides that Mr. Blaine, or the Blaine idea, has gained two noble recruits—recruits, too, who do not need to be put in the awkward squad to be made available for immediate service. Any political commander would be glad to enlist under his banner two such recruits as Matthew S. Quay and W. W. Dudley. And equally sure ought to be the political leader or presidential aspirant who loses their services. However, Mr. Harrison made something of a ten strike himself yesterday. The sad sea waves were not turbulent enough to drown the proceedings yesterday at the Arlington. Mr. Harrison knew what was going on and neatly interposed a check between himself and Quay and Dudley's gambit. While the two latter were hearing their resignations read in sonorous tones by Secretary J. Sloan Fassett and chuckling over the effect the news would have upon Benjamin Harrison, here a gentleman at Cape May was putting his name to a commission which gave J Sloan Fassett the best office in his gift, and by that act he won over Thomas C Platt, the only recognized Republican leader in New York. This was a neat piece of work by the president, and today the laugh is rather on Brother Quay.

Mr. Harrison has made a bold reach for the New York delegation, and that he caught Brother Quay napping is apparent to everybody. He will now work on the anti-Quay element in Philadelphia and the fate of would-be judge Gilkeson is sealed; and it would not be surprising either if every Quay bulwark in a government position in Pennsylvania is carried off to the guillotine.

Mr. Harrison is waking up to the necessities of the occasion and proving himself to be a politician of astuteness, nerve and obstinacy. One proof of this is in the way the Erhardt resignation was kept from leaking out. Secretary Foster smiled yesterday afternoon when the newspaper men hurried into his office to inquire about the "rumored" resignation of Collector Erhardt, of New York.

"That's the best political secret I ever knew," said he. "Mr. Erhardt's resignation was in the hands of President Harrison and accepted six weeks ago, and not a word of it got out," and he chuckled with glee.

The president kept this secret himself and intended it should be a Roland for Messrs. Quay and Dudley's Oliver.

Erhardt's plaintive plea that he resigned because he could not control his office and that his office was shorn of everything but responsibility is laughed at here. It brings up the old Hayes circular and invites invidious comparison, but those ideas are absolute in these days. Of course, Tom Platt is the "private individual without official responsibility" who is running the New York custom house, and that only emphasizes the business ness of Erhardt's plea. While it may be true that Mr. Platt has been placated by the change, the real individual or individuals who are now going to run the New York custom house are Benjamin Harrison and Charles Foster, of Ohio, and they are going to run it for well defined purposes of their own.

A Republican View of It

WASHINGTON, July 30.—[Special to the Chicago Evening Journal].—Yesterday's political events, the retirement of Quay and Dudley from the national committee and the appointment of J Sloat Fassett as collector of New York, are the subject of a great deal of comment here today. Politicians see in the appointment of Mr. Fassett a shrewd political move to insure a Harrison representation inside the national executive committee, and at the same time offset the retirement of Quay and Dudley.

Of course it is well known that Dudley is openly hostile to Harrison and the gossips believe that Quay is also favorable to Blaine and will now work for him. The retirement of Quay and Dudley, and the general Blaine sentiment in the committee, made it necessary that there should be a Harrison element in the committee. By selecting Fassett, who is a member of the committee, for collector at New York, he secures this, and at the same time secures a man who will be sure to work for the Harrison ticket in New York, and make the chances of a Harrison delegation from New York very much improved.

It is believed here that Fassett's appointment as collector is part of a plan to make him the nominee for governor of New York. Should he be able to carry the state he would be in a position to set up the plus for the New York delegation for Harrison in the national convention. He is in line with Platt and Hiscock, and the movement will be supported by them, and if nominated, he would of course be in a position to demand all the aid possible from the national committee, of which he is a member.

The selection of William Campbell as the Illinois member of the national executive committee caused considerable stir here. It is generally conceded that Campbell will be at least an anti-Harrison man and probably a Blaine man, though for Collom as a matter of local pride. This movement offsets to a considerable extent the move made by the president yesterday in the appointment of Fassett, as it makes one more sure anti-Harrison man in the committee. Mr. Campbell, it is presumed, will be a valuable man in the committee, and if it comes to a question of raising funds, through his relation to certain large corporations interested in obtaining legislation and departmental action on matters at home and abroad.

Split in Ohio Masonry.

COLUMBUS, O., July 30.—W. D. Wright and others today incorporated a body which is intended to be a new grand lodge of Masons of Ohio. This action is because the Ohio grand lodge has declared a ban upon "Ceracan" Masonry, and expelled lodges indulging in it.

DILLON AND O'BRIEN.

Released From Jail—They Renounce Parnell

DUBLIN, July 30.—Wm. O'Brien and John Dillon, the two Irish members of parliament who have been undergoing sentences of six months' imprisonment for inciting tenants of the Smith-Barry estate at Tipperary to resist payment of rents, were released from Galway jail at 9:25 o'clock this morning. Messrs. Dillon and O'Brien showed but slight traces of having suffered from the rigors of confinement in jail, and in fact seemed to be enjoying the most perfect health. No sooner were the two members of parliament free from their prison surroundings than a deputation composed of tenant farmers approached them with sweet addresses of congratulation upon their release from prison. The Exchange Telegraph company says that Messrs. Dillon and O'Brien declared that they cannot again accept Parnell's leadership, as they are strongly in favor of supporting evicted tenants, and cannot understand how patriotic Irishmen can refuse to assist them.

FRANCE AND RUSSIA.

French Naval Officers Honored at St Petersburg.

ST PETERSBURG, July 30.—The mayor and municipal authorities last evening met Admiral Gervais and other French officers at the quay and escorted them to the town hall, where a banquet was given in honor of the visitors. All the vessels in the harbor and the houses along the route to the town hall were profusely decorated. The streets were thronged with people, and the Frenchmen received an extraordinary ovation. At the banquet the French ambassador sat at the right, and Admiral Gervais at the left of the mayor. Among the guests were Russian ministers, foreign diplomatic representatives and other notables. The usual toasts were drank. The mayor presented silver souvenirs to the Frenchmen. The Russian government decorated Admiral Vignes and the Commandant Lefebre officer and second officer respectively of the French ministry of marine.

THE COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION

English Opinion of Its Effect on America.

LONDON, July 30.—The Daily News, in an article on the Columbian exposition says: "Chicago, under the critical eye of her rival, New York, must succeed, for she cannot afford to fail. Mr. Gladstone's remarkable letter points out the importance of the scheme. There is no reason why he should not live to see America freed from heaviest industrial fetters. That change is now imminent, or political signs have lost their significance. The fair will have the further result of putting America in the rank of first-class powers. Every intelligent man must see that it is ludicrous that she has often to wait her turn after third rate powers in Europe. A mighty fair will prove an attraction which few Europeans are able to resist. The incomparable interest in America's energy and freshness, and in the intense seriousness of her youth and hope.

The "Whaleback's" Return Trip

LIVERPOOL, July 30.—The new American "whaleback," Charles W. Wetmore which arrived here recently with 95,000 bushels of grain from Duluth, Minn., and whose commander, Captain Saunders, died of heart disease during the night of Tuesday, left for New York on her homeward trip yesterday, at noon, a new commander having been appointed to take charge of her. She passed Holy Head this morning and signaled that she had encountered a gale last night and had came to an anchor under the lee of the Welsh coast until the wind had subsided.

Floods in India.

BOMBAY, July 30—Fifteen inches of rain have fallen in the last 24 hours. The town of Mandavi and Bhownugger in the province of Guierat, are flooded with water which rises breast high in the streets. Three hundred people are a countless number of stock have been drowned.

RUSSIAN CRUELTY

As Described by Refugees Arriving at Boston.

BOSTON, July 30 —The Russian Jews who arrived on the steamer Norseman yesterday, many of whom are detained by the immigrant commissioners, have pitiful stories to relate of the cruelties perpetrated upon them by the Russians. One lad, who refused to give his name for fear of being apprehended and returned, said he escaped from Slabotky. The Jews of his town, he says, were ordered to vacate their houses and betake themselves away, no matter where, inside of three days. The much harrassed and maddened Jews set fire to all their property and burned it, rather than have it fall into the hands of their enemies. The Russians, enraged at this, set upon the refugees and massacred them by every means in their power. One man was suspended by his wrists from a telegraph post, where he hung for two hours. All of his fellow sufferers burned their bodies were arrested and convicted and sentenced to Siberia. The young man and his father and brother were among the victims, but they were being carried through the streets, the narrator managed to slip his hands through the handcuffs and escape. He succeeded in rescuing a friend in another province who gave him money to come to America

The Cattlemen Must Pay.

ARKANSAS CITY, Kas., July 30 —A posse of Cherokee police under command of Chief of Revenue Collectors Crutchfield arrived here tonight and tomorrow will make another attempt to compel the cattlemen to pay the grazing tax on 140,000 head of cattle in the Cherokee outlet or eject the owners and seize the cattle. The cattlemen are defiant and serious trouble is likely to ensue.

If you want to save money buy your shoes at D. Sioll's, 141 West Bridge street.

Go to Detroit via D., L. & N.

THAT DESERT LAKE.

It Holds Its Level but Its Permanence is Uncertain.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 30.—Advices from the new desert lake at Salton, states that the lake holds its level, evaporation apparently equalizing the inflow from the Colorado river. The part of the lake is fresh water and the balance quite salty.

The future of the Salton lake enterprise is problematical, because no one can tell whether the water will recede or not. If the lake shows convincing signs of permanence the salt works people will change their plant to a winter resort and erect a fine hotel on the shore of the lake. The climate is pronounced by physicians as the finest in the world for pulmonary complaints.

CHURN AND BUTTER BOWL

Awkward Signals Successfully Used by Pennsylvania Lovers to Beat the "Old Man"

SCRANTON, Pa., July 30.—Miss Eloise Gleason, of Ararat township, always had a mind of her own. She is 23 years and a daughter of Oliver W. Gleason, a prosperous farmer. Miss Gleason and young Phillip Whipple were lovers ever since they were old enough to know what love is. Philip is a son of Farmer Joseph B Whipple. The lands belonging to Mr. Gleason and Mr. Whipple join, and everything went well with the lovers until two years ago, when their fathers fell out over a line fence. The dispute over a strip of ground is still pending in the court. It has been the means of creating a bitter enmity between the two families, but Eloise and Philip remained true to one another through it all.

After the law suit had been begun Mr. Gleason ordered Eloise to break off the engagement between her and Philip Whipple. He also ordered young Whipple not to call at the house any more. Philip's parents on the other hand gave their son to understand that it would please them very much if he paid no more attention to Eloise Gleason. Philip stopped calling on Eloise, but the engagement was not broken. He lovers frequently met in the school house grove after dark, when the weather was favorable. In the winter they occasionally met at the house of a neighbor.

Last spring Mr. Gleason found this out and he told his daughter that he would drive her from home the next time he heard that she had met young Whipple anywhere, and at this Eloise told her father that she was determined to marry Philip, no matter what happened, before the end of the year, and that he could drive her out of the house that very minute if he chose to. The stormy interview ended without serious results, and after that Eloise met Philip in the school house grove oftener than before.

Whenever anything happened in the Gleason household to prevent Eloise from keeping her lover waiting, river trysting place after nightfall, as previously agreed upon, the young woman stood a blue churn on top of the wood pile, where Philip could see it from any part of his father's farm. If the churn was not there late in the afternoon Philip knew that Eloise would be at the grove in the evening. In the same way Philip signaled to his sweetheart with his mother's red butter bowl, and the lovers met often enough to lay their plans for an elopement.

Last Monday night Eloise and Philip made the school house grove their trysting place for the last time. After they had been there a few minutes young Walter Benedic, who is a friend of Philip and whose sister knew all about Miss Gleason's plans, drove to the grove. He had his sister with him, and they took Eloise and Philip into the wagon, whipped up the horses and were on their way to Starucca village in no time. Miss Gleason and Miss Benedict passed the night at the house of a friend in the village. While the young men passed the night at another house in the village.

On Tuesday morning Eloise and Philip took a train for Windsor, N. Y., where they were married without having to show a license, and Mr. Benedict and his sister drove home.

LATEST FROM YOKOHAMA.

Riots and Bloodshed in Northern China—Marine Disasters.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 30,—The City of Pekin has arrived from Yokohama bringing the following news: Affairs are not at all improved in Northern China, and the greatest anxiety prevails as to the result. In the recent riots a band of 500 armed men marched on Wenchow, destroying villages and murdering men, women and children.

The British bark Perle has been lost at sea near Fonteis.

Two vessels belonging to Hokaido Steamship company collided off the coast of Japan near Hokodhe. One of the vessels sank immediately and out of 200 passengers, 257 lives were lost. The unfortunate victims being mostly merchants and fishermen.

The Japan steamship Pinsu collided with a sailing vessel, sinking the latter. Only three of the crew were saved.

Disastrous floods have occurred in the interior of Japan. Sixteen villages were swept away and many lives lost.

FOSTER DODGES THE ISSUE

Declines to Pass Upon the Tin-plate Alien Quest on.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—Secretary Foster today sent a reply to Mr. Neidringhaus, of St. Louis, which supersedes and obliterates the views of Mr Owen, superintendent of immigration, in his recent communication to Mr. Niedringhaus favorable to employment of alien laborers in the tin-plate industry It is not a decision at all, for that would be in effect to recognize recent utterances of Mr. Owen as one also. The letter says Mr. Owen had no intention of putting forth his opinion as of any binding force, as the department never passes judgment upon purely hypothetical cases. When the question comes up in due season by application of immigrants for admission, it will be decided then on its merits.

Go to Chicago via C. & W. M.

MARYLAND DEMOCRACY.

Frank Brown is Their Candidate for Governor.

BALTIMORE, Md., July 30.—Barnes Compton, member of congress from the Fifth district, and chairman of the state central committee, called the Democratic state convention to order at noon today and was greeted with thunders of applause. Ex-Gov. Henry Lloyd of Dorchester county was chosen chairman of the convention. A number of secretaries were appointed. When the nominations were called for Dr Frank T. Shaw of Carroll county placed in nomination for the office of governor Frank Brown, of Baltimore. Frank Brown was nominated for governor by acclamation. Other nominations also made by acclamation amid the wildest enthusiasm, were: John P. Poe of Baltimore City for attorney general; J. Frank Ford of St Marie county for clerk of the court of appeals; and Marion Decaib Smith of Kent county for comptroller.

REVOKED HIS LICENSE.

The First Case Under the Arkansas Doctors' Drummer Law

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., July 30.—The last legislature enacted a law making the employment of drummers by physicians a misdemeanor, and cause for the revocation of their license. The law, while general in its terms, was intended to aim particularly to Hot Springs, where scores of people are annually "roped in" by drummers for the bath houses. The first case under the law, heard here tonight by the state medical board, was that of Dr J. A Blade of Hot Springs, who was charged with employing drummers. He was tried in Hot Spring charge was sustained and his license revoked. He appealed to the state board and employed able counsel to defend him. The decision in case was reserved, and is awaited with keen interest by the medical fraternity.

SUPPRESSING THE SEALERS

Uncle Sam's Navy Will Be Represented in the Behring Sea

SAN FRANCISCO, July 30.—Advices from Captain Plummer of the steamship Alki, which was sent to the Behring sea to act as a prison ship, says that on the 12th inst. there were in port the United States steamers Alert, Mohican, Corwin, Bush and Thetis, and the British man-of-war Nymphe. When the Rush arrived she brought in tow the British schooner B. Marion. Her crew of 20 men and transferred them to the Alki, and a guard of marines was placed over them. Shortly after the Nymphe arrived the prisoners were transferred to her. The officers of the latter returned the men to the schooner and sent the officers on officer and two men to see that she left Behring Sea and returned to Victoria.

WILL TRY THE COURTS.

A Injunction Violation of the Thirteenth Amendment.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., July 30.—Gen. G P. M. Turner went to Coal Creek this morning to consult with the miners. He will file a bill in the Chancery court of Anderson county to annul the convict contracts. He will rely largely upon the thirteenth amendment to the constitution of the United States, which prohibits slavery, as he claims the leasing of convicts is selling them into slavery.

The labor unions here will hold meetings to raise funds with which to pay their lawyers. It is pretty well agreed that the miners will commit no violence or breach of law until the courts have been tried. It is conceded that not much can be hoped for from the legislature as it may be powerless to annul existing contract.

San Francisco Notes

SAN FRANCISCO, July 30.—Thomas J. Reid, a pioner printer and journalist formerly on the New York Post with the poet Bryant, died last night aged 67.

Rumors of trouble in the famous California Athletic club and probable failure of organization are afloat tonight. President Fulon, who said to a Press News association reporter that club would not be injured in the least by the attacks being made against it.

Keep Away From Chicago

CHICAGO, July 30.—The labor assembly of this city has decided to issue a warning to the workmen of the world not to come to Chicago in expectation of getting work in connection with the world's fair.

COSTLY EXPERIENCE.

What a Young Man From "Down the Road" Paid for a Crack

Wakely, plain Wakely with a fiction's first name was arrested at Reed's Lake for publicly exposing a large "jag" which he had through close attention to business succeeded in accumulating. He belonged to the daughter of a rich man of Grandville or Fennville, but notwithstanding the fortunate alliance he could not find on his person a sou and was in a very embarrassing condition the next morning when Justice Hydorn taxed him $5 and costs (amounting to $11.) and escorted back to jail and when the iron door shut him from the world, cold chills chased up and down his back.

A prominent Police court attorney saw how the land lay, and knowing that the young fellow would not send home for money, fearing exposure, and the probable loss of his wife, called upon him at the jail. The young man was in desperate straits, and the attorney, seeing he had him foul, promised to release him if he would give his note for $50, endorsed by his father-in-law. Wakely bit at once, and immediately executed the note and also the forgery, whereupon the attorney paid the $11 fine and had him released. He at once returned to his home at Grandville, or Fennville and in very short order the $50 was paid and the note taken up. When the bills were counted over to the attorney Wakely said, "For a 'Jim Dandy' place to get your eye teeth cut, Grand Rapids is 'out of sight.'"

WHY not join the Odd Benefit society and make money? It pays $150 per year, and $15 weekly sick benefit. Call or address W. R. Dunseath, 64 West Bridge street, Grand Rapids, Mich.

BEAT A BAKERY

For Which He Will Settle With Uncle Sam.

"Bobis" Hughes was handed over to the jail authorities last evening by United States Marshal Clarke and will be held to the October term of the United States for trial on a charge of passing counterfeit money. Hughes was arrested at Kalamazoo and claims Niles as his home. His arrest grew out of a complaint made by the proprietor of a Kalamazoo bakery who charges that Hughes went into a bakery and bought a loaf of bread of a little girl, handing her out a bad dollar and receiving good money for change. Later he went back and bought another loaf of bread of a little boy, and repeated his former act.

ANOTHER BYRON SCANDAL

A Young Man Arrested on a Serious Charge After Offering to Marry the Girl.

Byron township is seldom without a sensation and it is a matter of history that for the past ten years there has never been a session of the Circuit court in which some of its residents did not take an active part, but when the famous Goddard Westcott case was disposed of the docket was for once clear of Byron cases.

But now comes a case from that country which bids fair to outshine even the famous Gibbs case, which before it was ended proved to be a very unwholesome and extremely repulsive affair. The subjects of the coming affair are Albert Elshop who was arrested yesterday at the Phoenix furniture factory by Deputy Sheriff Leonard and Jane Goorhels, the 12-year-old daughter of Gustave Goorhels, a well-to-do farmer of Byron township. The information upon which Elshop was arrested is that of criminal intimacy. Elshop, it appears, prior to September last was employed by the girl's father as a hired man. During the period of his service in such capacity he became quite intimate with the daughter. They went walking and to parties together, and whenever the girl's parents went to Byron or came to this city the girl was left alone with Elshop. In fact the girl imagined she truly loved her idol who was then 18 years old. During the time Elshop worked for the girl's father they were sent to work on an out of the way piece of land owned by the girl's father and some distance from home where Elshop would go over in the morning, and towards noon the girl would go over with dinner enough for both of them. When the noon day meal was over the young couple would eat together and the girl would then stay and help her hero work until night. In this way, with no restraint upon the actions of the girl, and encouraged by her parents in keeping her almost continually in the society of Elshop, the girl's downfall was only natural, and she became the victim of disgrace.

The act is charged in the warrant as having been committed on September 13, 1890, at which time Elshop continued to be service of the girl's father until about a month ago, when the girl gave birth to a baby, which the parents say has since died. Strong was the attending physician, and the young man says he was present at the time of birth, but that no one but the doctor and girl's parents ever saw the baby. He says he is guilty, but states that the girl is by no means guiltless in the matter, that he told the girl's father what had happened, and asked his consent to marry the girl, but the old man refused to give it, and five days after the birth of the child he came here to work. He will be arraigned this morning on a charge of rape.

EARNED HIS TAG

How an Educated Dog Got Away From the Poundmaster.

An amusing incident is reported to have occurred yesterday afternoon on West Fulton street, in which the city poundmaster got the worst of the deal. He had been out on a skirmish for dogs, and in his raid upon unlicensed curs he captured a dog belonging to a well known business man of West Fulton street. The dog is a family pet and has been well educated.

After placing the dog in the wagon with a number of others, the poundmaster started for the dog prison. The dog must have conceived a suspicion of what was in store for him. When the wagon was whooping down the pavement the driver wearing a smile of contentment the dog placed his paw on the latch lever, pushed the door open, jumped out and freed all the prisoners, who scampered to their respective homes. The dog is accustomed to opening the gate in front of his master's home, and knew just how to free himself from his captors. The poundmaster before discovering his loss went some distance, and for some time was puzzled to know how the dogs got out. The dog is safe at home, and this morning will have on that little piece of brass that insures his life for a year.

The New Express Offices.

The National Express company which recently located an office here in the Old Housaman building with H. C. Cunningham as agent, intends to get a share of public patronage. The only lines entering the city operated by it, is the D., G. H. & M. although they give the same rates as the other companies. From the west and the northwest their business during the summer months comes by the way of the Good rich boats to Grand Haven and thence over the D, G H. & M. The agent here denies that the National and American Express companies interests are identical and says that no one officer, director or stockholder of one company has any interest in the other.

Kid Kusterer's Debtors Garnisheed.

Three garnishee summonses were issued out of Justice Hydorn's court yesterday upon the application of the Favorite Bottling Safe Valve company, creditors of Kid Kusterer, who is mysteriously absent from the city. The garnishees were served upon the Peninsular club house, the Owashtanong club, and Pantlind brothers.

POLICE COURT MATTERS.

Miscellaneous Offenders Entertained by Judge Westfall Yesterday.

At the 9 o'clock session of Police court yesterday John Brown paid $5.35 for a drunk. Frank Schultz drew a 15 day's prize package for the same offense, and William Healey was sent to the county incubator for ten days. Fred Pixley had a disorderly attachment with his drunk and being short of cash took service at the stonepile for 15 days. At the 10 o'clock session, by consent of the assistant city attorney, two cases against Ball & Walter for violating a city ordinance relating to licenses were continued until August 5. Madd Tibbetts pleaded guilty to a charge of truancy and was held in $200 bail furnished by H. N. Pulver, with the case referred to the county agent, who will report this morning.

A case of larceny and one for disorderly conduct brought against Johanis Kulpers was adjourned until Aug. 6, and the action for slander brought against John Grimmer or westhover until August 7.

At the afternoon session of court O. Jergusen was arraigned on a warrant for disorderly conduct sworn out by Nellie Brenan who charges Jergusen with using vile and obscene language by calling the complainant unchaste and obscene names. Through his attorney, Mr. Muirfield, he waived reading of the complaint, pleaded guilty and was released in $100 bail to appear for trial August 6.

Eugene Tobias pleaded not guilty to a complaint sworn out by his wife Eliza, charging non-support and in default of bail was committed to await trial which was set for August 1. Tobias is a hack driver and his wife says he spends all his earnings for liquor leaving her to support herself and child.

The case of larceny against Charles Boots was called, and the evidence of the complaining witness, Cora Rose, taken. The evidence showed that the defendant called at the rooms of Cora, on Canal street; that Cora lay on the bed, and defendant asked what time it was; that she then went to sleep, and when she woke up the watch was gone. Cora was closely questioned as to her occupation and mode of earning her living, during which she became quite indignant. It is claimed on the part of the defense that she is a woman of the town, had borrowed money from the defendant, and on several occasions had entertained him at her room; that the defendant had loaned her $20, and took the watch as security. The case will be taken up again this afternoon.

Testimony in the perjury case against H. S. Jordan, of Grand Ledge, was taken, and the case adjourned until August 25.

"BUSTED AGIN"

The Four-Club League a Bad Venture for Grand Rapids.

The Northwestern Base Ball league is dead again as is the Grand Rapids club. The death blow was struck yesterday morning at a meeting of the local directors who resolved to withdraw and throw up the sponge. From the beginning, the home games have been poorly attended, especially on week days, at which time the receipts failed to pay the guarantee. The action yesterday by the board was the result of the disgraceful rowdyism displayed at the game Wednesday afternoon, the board concluding that if the people would not patronize a good game of base ball free from such schoolboy features, they surely would not patronize witness disgraceful and disgusting exhibitions. The chances were that future games would be even more meagerly attended, and it was concluded that the best thing to do under the circumstances was to quit at once and disband the club. Accordingly the members of the home team were paid off and released.

When the four club league was organized the home club was $200 or $300 ahead of the game, with all expenses paid. The club quits between $1,500 and $2 000 in the hole.

Of the members of the local team, Hofford will go to New Haven, Conn, and Brettenstein to Lynn, Mass. It is safe to say that the best players of the league will be picked up within the next few days No game was played yesterday.

The standing of the clubs at the time of disbandonment was as follows:

	Won.	Lost.	Percent
Evansville.....	26	17	604
Grand Rapids.....	21	23	477
Fort Wayne.....	19	24	442
Terre Haute.....	16	28	400

ANOTHER CRUEL HUSBAND.

Neglected His Wife and "Fooled" with the Hired Girl.

Mary E. Sech, by her attorney, James E. McBride, yesterday filed a bill of complaint in the Circuit court making her husband, John Sech, defendant in a suit for divorce. The bill discloses that the complainant, whose maiden name was Mary E. Macard, was married to the defendant on March 14, 1889, by the Rev. James G. Crozier, of the Ames M. E church; that about three months after the marriage the defendant commenced to abuse the complainant by calling her bad names and accusing her of imaginary wrongs; that about Christmas time, 1890, the complainant was taken sick, and that the defendant employed Lena Engle to stay with the complainant and do the housework; that during the sickness of the complainant the defendant was in the habit of "fooling" and flirting with the said Lena Engle in a disgraceful manner and in the presence of complainant kissed and fondled the said Lena Engle; that the complainant objected to such performances and ordered the said Lena Engle from the house, but the defendant refused to allow her to leave; that the defendant then became violent and abused her in a shameful manner. His abuse became so unbearable that the complainant was finally driven from her home and took refuge with her mother in Wyoming where she has since resided.

Will Have a Monroe Street Entrance

Harvey & Heystek have rented and will occupy after Sept. 1, the store formerly occupied by Corl, Knott & Co. An archway will be cut between their present store and the new one which will give them a handsome entrance to what will be the largest and most complete of its kind in Western Michigan.

TO ENLARGE THE PARK

ALDERMEN OUT ON A GINGER ALE JUNKET.

How They Climbed the Hills to "View the Landscape O'er"—The Would-be Seller Foots the Bill.

At 3:30 yesterday afternoon a majority of the aldermen together with the marshal, comptroller, city clerk, members of the board of review and five newspaper men left the city hall in carriages for a visit to John Ball park. The drive was taken for the purpose of inspecting the proposed addition on the south, consisting of 17 3-10 acres owned by Mr. De-Forest of Schenectady, N. Y. Mr. DeForest accompanied the party.

The drive over did not in the least resemble a funeral procession as the party acted like a merry lot of school boys taking an outing. On arriving at the park, Alderman Turner acted the part of guide and piloted the party "over hill and vale." The rustic summer houses were visited and proved to be large, unique and handsome. The driveways are elegant and the park five years later may rival Central park, New York, in beauty. The rugged naturalness of the place, the cool, inviting woods, the aroma of the wild flowers, would create a fancy picture, of the home where wood nymphs dwell.

The park was viewed from its west and south lines, and with the proposed addition which is practically part of the natural park, would make a place of retreat second to none in the country. Very few people in the city comparatively speaking are aware that such a magnificent place exists, and few realize that within ten years Grand Rapids will be noted as much for its magnificent park as for its furniture industries.

The trip through the under-brush down hill and up hill was just the kind of a jaunt the fat alderman needed. Alderman Doyle puffed like a porpoise and would frequently ejaculate, "By jingo, this bates the divil." Alderman Mills is known from "away back" and made fun of Alderman Doyle's stamina qualities. Alderman Saunders was as full of fun as a kitten and the long tresome tramp did not cause him to sweat a hair. Fred Adams was would to create a disturbance and succeeded in filling Alderman Doyle's coat pocket with skunk root and Alderman Mills' with old bones and then made them believe they had been joking each other.

Mr. DeForest was given a quiet "tip" that there was a ginger beer joint down on Butterworth avenue and he invited everyone to join him in a ginger ale. Everyone accepted the invitation except the Herald reporter, who was "busted," and laying down his coat beneath the spreading branches of an oak, he fell into a troubled dream. The concoct that flashed athwart his magnificent intellect must have raised his salary to the living point, but he awoke to find that it was but a vision.

The ginger ale stand was reached after many hardships, and the amber fluid almost gave Alderman Saunders a fit. Alderman O'Donnell was satisfied with a sack of peanuts and Alderman Doyle cut a watermelon. Alderman Stokes sampled a little of everything in the shop, and the probabilities are that he suffered a slight attack of "snakes" last night.

Mr. Miller, of the Telegram-Herald, sniff'd the ginger ale suspiciously, and by his actions it is supposed that he is a prohibitionist. Alderman Mills of the Eagle acted the part of a chaperon to the party and wanted them to behave like Sunday school scholars, as he would be blackballed if he had to write up any riotous actions on the part of the city fathers.

Mr. DeForest really did himself proud in the lavish manner in which he "wet 'em up" and when the "boys" had demolished $7 or $8 worth of ginger ale, water melon, cigars, peanuts and nutcrackers, Alderman Alderman Doyle said to him in sotto voice, "Give her $3; she'll be satisfied." It had not been mistrusted heretofore that the alderman from the Seventh would try to bilk a lone widow.

"Jim" Vandenburg, the comptroller, is a "dandy" on a tramp, and by the way he slid down hill it is supposed that he has been there before.

From the candy stand to Byers' trout pond was another "corker" of hill climbing and many of the party gave him up as a bad job and returned to the carriages. Marshal Bragg would not stand any dictation from the aldermen and ruled the trout like a monarch. He was in fact marshal of the day.

The return home was made without any incident except that a pretty girl was trying to flirt with some members of the reporters carriage and as Alderman O'Donnell was one of the party and the lost looking, it is supposed she meant him when the occupants of the carriage ahead of the occupants that it was Fred Adams who attracted her attention.

The effect of the visit upon the aldermen may be divulged in the council next Monday night.

Personal Notes from the "Resorter."

G. E. Smith and R. Vanness are at Park Place hotel, Traverse City.

W L. Barnes and wife, and Mrs. T. H McDonough, are at the Arlington, Chicago.

Mrs. W. B. Ledyard and niece, Miss Lulu V. Cheney, are at the Grand hotel, Mackinac Island.

At Harbor Point—E. F. Herrington and family, G R. Mowbray, G. W. Peck and family, Mrs. Wilder, D. Stevens and family.

At Bay View—F. W. Ball, Mrs. E. D. Harry, Julius Berkey, Mrs. J. P. Creque, E. G. Studley, Mrs. W. B. Stimson and family.

Did "Nate" Square Himself

Among saloon men there is more or less inquiry as to what became of the case against "Nate" Meeker, arrested just after his place was taken into the city. Superintendent Eastman, just after the addition was made, sent out men to spot the new saloons. Among those complained of and notified to be present at roll call in police court was "Nate" Meeker but for some reason Nate was never in court which fact is the cause of the inquiry among those who know of the facts in the case.

THE MORNING PRESS.

PUBLISHED DAILY BY THE PRESS PUBLISHING COMPANY AT GRAND RAPIDS, MICH.

OFFICES 63 PEARL STREET,
TELEPHONE NUMBER 400

ENTERED FOR TRANSMISSION BY MAIL AS SECOND-CLASS MATTER.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

By Mail, payable in advance, one year.....$5.00
Six Months.....1.50
Four Months.....1.00
Delivered by carrier in the city and suburbs,
TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER MONTH.

John Vander Stelp has charge of circulation on the east side of the river, north of Pearl, Monroe and Fulton streets, and T. M. Sproul, all south of Pearl, Monroe and Fulton streets. Geo. H. Judd has charge of the circulation on the west side of the river.

A. K. Moore has charge of the circulation outside of the city and suburbs.

ADVERTISING RATES:

Display advertisements 5 cents per inch for each 1,000 papers circulated. Locals 10 cents per line.

For advertisements occupying less than three inches space, taken for a single edition and those requiring special or preferred position 25 to 50 per cent will be added to above rates.

S. A. Sheldon is manager of the advertising department.

CIRCULATION YESTERDAY.

Number of papers printed	6,200
Delivered by Carriers to City Subscribers	4,118
Mailed to Subscribers, (not including exchanges)	1,526
Sold to Newsboys, news stands, etc	538
Total Paid Circulation	6,181
Sample Copies Mailed	
Total circulation	6,181

Subscription and City Circulation Books, Paper Account and Press Work will be open for inspection by patrons or others interested.

FRIDAY, JULY 31, 1891.

ERHARDT'S RESIGNATION

The collectorship of the port of New York is the first office in the nation in importance, responsibility and power, outside of the presidency and chief justiceship. The office is held by Josl E. Erhardt, a Republican appointed by President Harrison.

He has resigned this office within a few days, and gives his reasons for so doing, as follows:

I have resigned because the collector has been reduced to a position where he is no longer an independent officer with authority commensurate with his responsibility. I have given bonds for $200,000. I have received for the government during the twenty months last past $328,697,135.40 and I am all the time personally responsible for enormous values in money and in merchandise. My duties are necessarily performed through about 1000 employes. I am not willing to continue to be responsible for their conduct unless I can have proper authority over them. The recent policy of the treasury department has been to control the details of the customs administration of the port of New York from Washington at the dictation of a private individual having no official responsibility. The collector is practically deprived of power and control, while he is left subject to all responsibility. The office is no longer independent, therefore I have resigned.

Ex-Senator Platt is the political boss in New York on the Republican side and we presume Collector Erhardt has rebelled against Platt's rule. The new collector is to be Senator Fassett who is known to wear Platt's collar.

This change in the collectorship of New York is deeply freighted with trouble for the Republican cause in New York. It is a move that means division, factional bitterness and the withdrawal of confidence by the business community. It is more than probable that the retirement of Collector Erhardt for such a cause makes Republican success in New York this fall impossible, and Republican defeat this year will make uphill work next year. This affair precipitates discord that will reach throughout the state and may give both houses of the legislature to the Democrats as well as the state officers.

BILLIONS OF DEBT

Advance figures from the census returns on mortgages indicate that nearly one quarter of all the homes and farms in the United States are mortgaged, and that the total of all mortgages on farms and homes is over two and a half billion dollars.

These statistics are from official sources, and doubtless are admitted to instantly. Superintendent Porter would do all he could to cover up the poverty of the people. He is a strong exponent of the theory that the nation is prosperous and happy through the policy of protection and a gold basis for which the Republican party is responsible.

This terrible showing of indebtedness secured by mortgages on farms and homes is even beyond the figures given by the Alliance leaders and here is shown the dark secret that is the cause of the unrest that pervades all the industrial ranks. Discouraged and desperate the slaves of debt have determined upon a revolt. No repudiation is proposed, but a reversal of policy is demanded. Under existing policy debt has been appreciated and the resources of the debtor depreciated; now it is proposed to depreciate debt and appreciate the resources of the debtor. Is there anything dishonest in this? If so, is not the present policy dishonest?

This enormous debt cannot be wiped out under existing conditions, and therefore must remain a guarantee that the Alliance movement is firmly founded and will triumph in the next election. Relief must come now before it is eternally too late and nothing but a revolution in one or the other of the old parties can prevent the People's party from sweeping the country next year.

GOV. CAMPBELL has issued his key note. He has opened his campaign, declaring for a tariff that protects but that must lead ultimately to free trade, just as Garfield expressed it. Is this sincerely and protection united? Is it a mixture of Blaineism and McKinleyism? Is it in any sense a distinct, definable policy? He also inveighs bitterly against monopolies. A full report of his speech is not given by telegraph, perhaps he goes into details and tells what he means by monopolies, but unless he does he is weak and trimming, a general denunciation will not do.

LORD SALISBURY states that Great Britain has been asked to arbitrate in Chili's affairs and to adjust the finances of Argentine, but had declined. It is well for Argentine that England declined the adjustment of her finances. What she can do in that line is shown in Egypt. That nation is deeply unfortunate indeed whose finances are adjusted by England. But England dare not arbitrate nor adjust upon any subject with a South American nation. The Monroe doctrine forbids it, and the United States, regardless of party, will bravely interpose that doctrine at all times from Patagonia to Texas and support her interposition with all the power she can muster.

EXIT QUAY.

It is a good sign for the Republican party that Quay and Dudley have resigned from the national committee together.

Besides that there is a significance in the retirement of both these men that can easily be divined.

They are the most notorious boodlers in the nation. They have been a shame and disgrace to their party. Their presence at the head of the party has been so vigorously protested against by the better element that they have been compelled to retire.

The new era of election reform upon which the nation has entered dictates the close of their career. The secret, honest ballot has come to stay and assert itself and its dominance forbids boodle and the boodler, therefore Quay and Dudley "occupation is gone."

The Democrats will now have to do the same and Brice will have to follow Quay. The next election will have to be a straight pull for the right by reason and truth. Good management will consist of organization and proper education of the voter.

We believe in the people and we are confident the right will prevail.

IT is pitiful to see the most vigorous nation of South America committing self destruction, as is Chili. Its successful wars in the past with its neighbors whetted its appetite for blood, which is now satisfying in a most horrible manner.

Latest Michigan Pensions

Original—Warren Barnes, James J. Crofoot, William Curry, Henry Wilbur, Henry H. Hodgson, John E Herrington, John Pickett, Joseph Alway, Henry Redford, Michael Burke, George L. Carey, Haul Barlean, William H. Jones, Joseph M. Keller, Edward Bycraft, Joseph Fitzpatrick, Anthony Willihger, Washington Forester, Joseph Fashon, Martin Everatt, George D. Eddy.

Original—Samuel D. Bradd, father; Isbmar Adams, father; Elsa A. Wrather, lawy; Tacy Foster, Kate F. Pratt, Helen Oliver, Mary M. Head.

Increase—James D. Osterhout.

Widowed Domestics.

The mania for getting married which besets so many domestic servants often results in their finding themselves either widowed or deserted in the course of a few years, with a number of young children to provide for. They are generally both able and willing to return to domestic service, but that way of earning a living is barred to them by the necessity of looking after their incumbrances at intervals. Knowing of many cases, a benevolent gentleman down in Lancashire proposes the establishment of homes which would take care of the children, the mothers contributing toward their support in proportion to their own earnings.

The author of this scheme of relief believes that it would be gratefully accepted by the mothers as a most welcome change from the unceasing cares which now make up their daily lives. At the same time it would benefit society by increasing the supply of women servants, a want which becomes more pressing every year. As a further help toward that object it is proposed that all the girls admitted into the homes should be specially trained for domestic service in its several departments. This would enable them to go out into the world at a comparatively early age, and to help their mothers instead of taxing their scanty resources.

The main difficulty of realizing the scheme, which certainly has a taking look, is in raising the funds. In the nature of things the homes would not be wholly self supporting, even if the expenses were cut down in all possible ways. It would be necessary, therefore, to supplement the income derived from the mothers' contributions by subscriptions collected from the charitable public, and one hesitates to advocate such an appeal to that incessantly solicited quarter.—London Globe.

The Toxic Effect of Bathing.

The tonic effect of bathing is caused by the contraction of the surface blood vessels, which drives the blood back to the larger blood vessels and the heart. These react and send the blood rushing back to the skin, causing the glow which follows the bath, or ought to follow it, the free respiration and the vigorous feeling of the muscular system. The bath should always be followed by friction with the hand, a brush or a towel.

The frequency with which it should be taken depends entirely on circumstances. It should be often enough to keep the pores open and the skin clean, for the skin does one-third of the breathing, and if it is clogged the lungs must do the work and they will be overburdened. As a rule the more rapidly a bath is taken the better will be its effects.—Herald of Health.

A fly-wheel weighing over twenty tons, and twenty feet in diameter, with a 42-inch face, is a casting of no mean measurement. Such a one was recently cast in Massachusetts.

Specimen Cases

S. H. Clifford, New Cassel, Wis, was troubled with neuralgia and rheumatism, his stomach was disordered, his liver was affected to an alarming degree, appetite fell away, and he was terribly reduced in flesh and strength. Three bottles of Electric Bitters cured him.

Edward Shepherd, Harrisburg, Ill, had a running sore on his leg of eight years' standing. Used three bottles of Electric Bitters and seven boxes of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and his leg is sound and well. John Speaker, Catawba, O, had five large fever sores on his leg, doctors said he was incurable. One bottle of Electric Bitters and one box Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured him entirely. Sold by H. & P. Thum's drug store.

BUY the union label shoes at Ed. O'Donnell's, 54 Canal street.

A CHILD IN THE LIONS' CAGE.

Awful Ordeal of a Lion Keeper in the Employ of the Khedive of Egypt.

"When Ismail Pasha, the extravagant khedive of Egypt, reigned over that historical land," said an acquaintance of the notorious ruler, "he had in his garden a large cage of African lions. Noble brutes they were, and until the event of which I speak I never tired of looking at them. One day, while walking with his highness in the garden, the keeper, accompanied by a pretty little girl, entered, carrying a basket of meat for the lions.

"The khedive and I walked toward the cage to watch the beasts eat. They were hungry, and pounced upon their food with a ravenous fury that chilled me. Standing close by the cage, with her hands resting on the bars, was the little child, her long golden hair at times blown by the breeze inside the inclosure.

"'Why do you permit your daughter to go so near the lions?' the khedive asked of the keeper.

"'Oh,' replied the keeper, 'they are so accustomed to her they would not harm her.'

"'Then open the door and put her inside,' said the khedive.

"My blood froze at the command, for command it was. I tried to speak, but could not. I was unable even to move. The keeper, with the submissiveness of those who know their lives will pay forfeit if they disobey their ruler, made with his eyes an appeal for mercy. But, seeing none in the khedive's face, he kissed the little one tenderly, lifted her up, opened the door, placed her inside and, as the door swung to, he turned his face away and groaned. The little one, though she did not stir, seemed not afraid.

"The lions appeared surprised, and as the largest and fiercest rose and walked toward her I thought I should choke. Happily the father did not see the beast.

"The khedive alone was unmoved, and stood gazing at the scene calmly and with the curious smile I had so often seen play upon his features, when watching the dance of a ballet. The lion went up to the child, smelled of her, looked at her for fully half a minute, then lay down at her feet and beat the floor with his tail. Another lion approached. The first one gave an ominous growl and the second lion went back. The others crouched low, and each second I expected them to spring, but they did not. This continued, I think, about five minutes, the big lion never taking his eyes from the girl and ceaselessly lashing the floor.

"The khedive by this time was evidently satisfied, and turned to the keeper and commanded him to thrust a live lamb into the cage through another door. With a celerity I have never seen equaled, the keeper caught a straying lamb and obeyed. As he did so, every lion sprang upon the lamb.

"'Take out the child,' the khedive commanded, and scarce had the words escaped him ere the keeper, who had already run to that end of the cage, jerked open the door, snatched the little one out and clasped her in his arms. The khedive laughed, tossed the keeper a coin, and, taking my arm, walked on."—Chicago Post.

Bakers in London.

There are 14,000 bakers in London, of whom 5,000 are foreigners, mostly Germans. Foreimen bakers get from five dollars to eight dollars a week, second hands from four dollars to five dollars a week, third hands from two dollars to three dollars a week. The hours of labor range from twelve to fifteen hours a day and on Saturdays from twenty to twenty-three hours. Most of the small bakers act as their own foremen.

The majority of the bakehouses are miserable underground cellars, overrun with roaches, mice and other vermin. The cellars are so ill ventilated and so unhealthy that the bakers are subject to a number of special diseases, all of which may be communicated to the consumers of the bread they make, for they are mostly diseases of the skin, and the bakers in these dens, as a rule, work stark naked from their waists up, and there is generally no accommodation of any kind for washing except in the kneading tubs.—New York Recorder.

The Prescience of Fame.

The prescience of fame is very infrequent. The village gazes in wonder at the return of the famous man who was born on the farm under the hill, and whose latent greatness nobody suspected; while the youth who printed verses in the corner of the county paper, and drew the fascinated glances of palpitating maidens in the meeting house, and seemed to the farmers to have associated himself at once with Shakespeare and Tupper and the great literary or "littery folks," never emerges from the poet's department in the paper in which unconsciously and forever he has been compressed. It would be a grim Puritan jest if that department had been named from the corner of the famous dead in Westminster abbey.—George William Curtis in Harper's.

A Soft Answer.

Francois is an excellent servant, and always sits up for his master. One night Viscount de B——, Francois' master, came home from his club at 3 o'clock in the morning. He found his faithful valet in the bedroom, reclining fast asleep on the sofa near the fire. Instead of waking him, he quietly undressed and got into bed. Ten minutes afterward Francois awoke and exclaimed: "Past 3 o'clock and the beast hasn't come in yet!" The viscount raised his head and said, in a very gentle voice: "You may go to bed, Francois; the beast has got back to its lair."—L'Univers.

A professor of Yale has confessed to a superstition. It consists of putting on and taking off his clothes in a regular way. The right shoe, the right leg of his trousers, the right sleeve to shirt or coat, are always put on first, because of a foolish idea that somehow or other mishaps would follow favoring the left shoes, sleeves and legs in such a way.

DIVING FOR LOST GOLD.

SEA DIVERS RECOVER NEARLY HALF A MILLION OF MONEY.

How the Treasure of the Alphonso XII, Sunk Off the Canary Islands, Was Secured by Captain Stevens' Clever Work—Nine Months of Toil Below Water.

Some time ago we gave an interesting account of the diving exhibit at the naval exhibition, and referred briefly to the recovery of a vast quantity of treasure from the Alphonso XII. Mr. A. D. Stevens, a son of Captain Stevens, who had charge of the expedition, now writes as follows:

In February, 1884, the Spanish mail steamer Alphonso XII, belonging to the Lopez line, bound from Cadiz to Havana, sank off Point Gando, Grand Canary, in twenty-five and a half fathoms of water and about a mile from the shore. She had on board £100,000 worth of Spanish dollars, these being the only five dollar pieces bearing the year 1844, which were specially coined for the trip. The insurance was effected on the specie at Lloyds and we paid over to the insurers after the vessel foundered.

More than a year had elapsed before the underwriters organized a salvage expedition, and in May, 1885, Captain L. T. Stevens, a Lloyds surveyor of great experience in salvage operations, was intrusted with the expedition, taking with him three well known divers—namely, Messrs. Lambert, Tester and Davis. Special diving apparatus had to be constructed for the work by Messrs. Siebe & Gorman, the submarine engineers, and in the above month Captain Stevens and his men left Liverpool in the steamship Niger for Las Palmas, and arrived at their destination on the 28th of May.

LOCATING THE WRECK.

On the morning of the 29th Captain Stevens proceeded in the steam launch Alliance in search of the wreck, a strong trade wind from the northeast, with a choppy sea, blowing at the time. On arriving at her supposed position he steamed about, sounding at intervals, endeavoring to strike the wreck, but failed to do so. Captain Stevens then employed a boat's crew of fishermen to assist him in finding her, and after some little time the fishermen gave a signal, and on steaming up he found that they had swept the foretopgallantmast, and on looking down through the water he distinctly saw the shadow of the mast and the foretopgallantsail loose and floating in the water at a depth of six fathoms.

He then had the topgallantmast buoyed, and as soon as the weather moderated he intended laying down moorings, so as to place the vessel in such a position that the diving was to be done from directly over the wreck.

The money was in the mail room, almost at the bottom of the vessel, and to obtain access to that part of the ship it was found necessary to blow up the decks. The dangers and difficulties which were experienced in these operations were of the most extraordinary nature. Not only bravery, but great patience and perseverance, had to be exercised, as testified by the fact that Captain Stevens and his plucky divers were about nine months on the island before they had completed their task.

The wreck lay on a ridge of rocks, and one of the fears entertained before the explosion was effected was that the force might precipitate the vessel to almost fathomless depths. But fortunately, through Captain Stevens' great experience in the use of explosives, the fear was not realized.

ALL BUT $50,000 RECOVERED.

When the explosion took place one of the masts shot right out of the water, and thousands of dead fish came to the surface. Another difficulty, and probably the greatest the divers had to encounter, was the extreme pressure of the water at so great a depth, but the gallant fellows were most enthusiastic in their work, and, although Captain Stevens had been advised to abandon all hope of recovery of the treasure, he was sanguine of success directly fine weather would set in. And his hopes were soon realized, for on Nov. 17, after waiting anxiously and patiently, he had the pleasure of wiring to London as follows: "Lambert has got both scuttles open, and succeeded in sending up first box of gold." This was glorious news to all concerned, and especially to Captain Stevens, who had charge of such a tedious undertaking.

The saving of the remaining boxes of gold was now merely a question of opportunity. Dip after dip was made by Messrs. Lambert and Tester with various success, and by Dec. 12 they had recovered between them six boxes, the lion's share being obtained by Mr. Lambert, thus leaving a balance of four boxes to be raised. In a very short time, considering the unfavorable weather, they succeeded in sending up three more boxes, making in all nine boxes, or £90,000 out of £100,000.

Unfortunately, the last box could not be found, so Captain Stevens and his plucky divers had to come away without it. No praise is too great for the manner in which Messrs. Lambert and Tester worked under such an able commander. I have noted these few facts down from my dead father's log book. As the treasure chest and the gold dollars at the naval exhibition attract so much attention I thought some additional facts.—Pall Mall Budget.

Impatient.

A doctor who was noted for his prefences rather than for his cures was called in to prescribe one day for a man who was ill, and gave him some medicine. The next day but one he called to see the patient.

"How is he today?" he asked a servant at the door.

"He's dead, sir—that's how he is," said the servant.

"He is, eh?" said the doctor indignantly. "Well, that's always the way. People expect our medicine to work wonders, and then they get in a hurry and don't give it time to prove what it can do."—Exchange.

Marriage Licenses.

Number.		Age
4330—	Hosse Haga, Aaltje Wynstru, both city	32—32
4331—	Henry S. Clark, Fresno, Cal., Agnes E. Young, Plainfield	31—30
4332—	Augustin Catanzaro, Rosa Catanzaro, both city	29—17

CHANGE OF LIFE, backache, monthly troubles, hot flashes, sleeplessness, dizziness, nervousness, are cured by Dr Miles' Nervine, recently discovered by the great Indian Specialist. Elegant book and trial bottle free at E R Wilson's and White & White's, or by mail 10c. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

How to Get Fat.

Most everybody knows that I meet
Is getting awful fat;
Such were the words of Mickey Sweet
Whose hair struck through hat.

I'll ask somebody why it is,
The one that I meet,
This 'cause Tom Dixon knows his biz,
They all go there to Eat.

Philip's Loss.

The damage to Pillip Shrman's stock by fire Wednesday night was greater than reported. The store has been closed during the adjustment of the loss, but will be open again tomorrow morning. The blaze was small and the damage was mostly done by smoke and water.

After the Oop.

At Hotel Ottawa each Saturday night during August a special train will leave Ottawa Beach for the city at 10:00, to enable those who wish to return home the same night.

This convenience should materially increase the attendance at these popular hops. GEO DEHAVEN,
Gen. Pass Agt

SMYRNA figs ¼ off at Ten Hope's.

Crescent Roller Flour.

Remember when you order your next sack of flour insist on having "Crescent" and take no other—quality guaranteed. VOIGT MILLING CO.

FRESH pike at B. & A.'s, 63 Pearl st.

LADIES' hats ¼ off at Ten Hope's.

Notice to Moulders.

The molders employed by the Grand Rapids School Furniture Company are locked out of the said company's shop. Molders are requested to stay away from Eagle Rapids at present.
BY ORDER OF COMMITTEE.

FRESH white fish at Bliven & Allyn's.

MEMBERS of Custer post and their families are cordially invited to attend the fourth annual picnic of Custer W. R. C. at Reed's Lake July 30. Supper at 7 o'clock. EVA A. GRAY, Sec

CURTAIN rolls at Ten Hope's.

HAVE your prescriptions prepared at D. C. Scribner's city drug store.

BLIVEN & ALLYN keep constantly on hand a full line of smoked fish.

MEAT is unhealthful to eat in hot weather, fish is the best and Bliven & Allyn's is the place to buy them.

LACE curtains ¼ off at Ten Hope's.

ALL kinds of ocean fish at B & A.'s.

SUNDAY, August 9th, the D., L. & N. will run an excursion from Grand Rapids and Howard City to Petoskey at low rates. Train will leave Grand Rapids 7:30 arrive at Detroit 1:00 p. m., and leaving at 7:00 p m. Fare $3 00 for the round trip.

G. A. R. EXCURSION tickets via D., G. H. & M. railway to Detroit are good going August 1 to 8 inclusive.

PURE drugs at moderate prices at Scribner's city drug store

ONE FOURTH off at Ten Hope's

FRESH fish at Bliven & Allyn's.

WILSON'S rheumatic powder never fails; only 50c a box at Scribner's city drug store

A FINE line of perfumes just received at Scribner's city drug store, Monroe and Ottawa streets.

DRAPERIES ¼ off at Ten Hope's.

FRESH perch at B. & A's, 63 Pearl st.

REMOVED!

J. M. Peterson, the well known shoe dealer of 31 Stocking street, has removed to 119 Stocking street, where he has a nice stock of good shoes which he is selling cheap. Boots and shoes also repaired by an experienced workman.

DR. LOUIS A. ROLLER,
PRACTICE LIMITED TO
EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT.
129 Monroe Street, Over Peck's Drug Store, Grand Rapids, Mich. Telephone 681. Hours 9 to 12 m. 2 to 5 p. m. Evenings, 7 to 8. Sundays, 10:30 to 1:30 p. m.

A. E. BRONSON,
MACHINIST AND MODEL MAKER
BICYCLE REPAIR SHOP.
25 Pearl Street,
GRAND RAPIDS. MICH.

A. BOMERS.
EXPRESS AND DELIVERY.
BAGGAGE A SPECIALTY.
Special Attention and Low Rates Given to Customers who Have a Large Amount of Furniture to Move.
Office at District Telegraph Co., under Board of Trade, 11 Canal street. Telephone No. 68.

DR. B. A. NELLES,
(Successor to Nelles & Peterson),
DENTIST.
Room 12, Hermitage Block.
Office Hours: 8 to 12 a. m. 1 to 6 p. m. Wednesdays, 7 to 9 p. m.
All kinds of work at reasonable prices.
Telephone 891. Grand Rapids, Michigan.

ARNOLD HOUSE,
Hotel and Boarding House,
FRANK SCHUTZ, PROP
Choice Beer, Liquor and Cigars. First-class Livery and Stable in connection.
86 West Bridge Street, Grand Rapids, Mich

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MITTS,
HOSIERY.
No Credits. No Leases. Small Profits.
LADIES'
SHIRT WAISTS.
Silk $2.90. Fancy 75c to $2.25.
Don't Fail to Go to Headquarters for Ladies' Furnishings.
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HIGH CUT
OXFORDS!
Which for style and fit have no equal.

They are the Proper Thing and big Sellers
A large line of
LADIES' CLOTH TOP SHOES
In Button and Lace at all prices.
J. D. McDONALD,
NO. 30 MONROE STREET.

PICNIC AND BALL.

The H. O. H. society will give a picnic and ball at Turner hall, August 6. There will be an excursion of that society from Kalamazoo at that time.
M. GELOCK,
M. STROOYER,
B. Rosback,
Committee.

A NEW RESTAURANT!
L. L. Chapman,
Formerly with White & White, an efficient and gentlemanly Caterer, has opened a New Restaurant and
Lunch Counter
In connection with John B. Hughes' Sample Room, 32 South Ionia Street. He will be pleased to serve his friends with all the delicacies of the season. Order Cooking a specialty. Everything entirely new, Neat and Clean. Give him a call or telephone 91.

OCEAN TICKETS.
For OCEAN Steamship Tickets, Diagrams, Sailing Lists and General Information regarding all lines, apply to
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SHORT LINE TO CHICAGO
Via the Detroit, Grand Haven & Milwaukee Railway and the
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The Magnificent New Fast Steamships,
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Built expressly for this route. Each Steamship is 360 feet long, with sleeping accommodations for 350 guests.
NOTE—These steamships have immense reserve power, which enables them to make their regular schedule in the most unfavorable weather.
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Leave GRAND RAPIDS daily except Sunday, at 5:10 p m via D., G. H. & M. Ry. arrive Grand Haven 6:50 p. m. Leave GRAND HAVEN daily except Sunday, via GOODRICH LINE, arrive in Chicago at 6:00 a. m.
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GRAND RAPIDS
—TO—
CHICAGO, ON Y $3.90
$6 50 FOR THE ROUND TRIP.
Berths in Rooms Berth Included
Through tickets can be had at the city office and depot of the D., G. H. & M. Railway, Grand Rapids. Also at all stations on the D., G. H. & M. Railway, D. L. & N. R. R., G. R. & I. R. R. and T. & A. & M. Railway.
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In effect June 30, 1891. CHICAGO.
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PEOPLE'S SAVINGS BANK.
CASH CAPITAL.....$100,000.
PERSONAL LIABILITY.....$100,000.
DEPOSITORS' GUARANTY, $200,000.
Thomas Heffernan.....President
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Receive deposits of $5 and upwards.
Pay 4 per cent interest on time certificates and savings deposits.
Sell exchange on New York, Chicago and Detroit and all foreign countries.
Loan money on real estate security.
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Why Place Your Claims for
Pensions, Bounties,
ETC.,
In the hands of attorneys at a distance when you can employ an attorney at home whose facilities for serving you are unexcelled.
F. I. DARLING,
(Late Special Examiner U. S. Bureau of Pensions.)
41 Old Houseman Block,
Has had eighteen years experience in the prosecution of all manner of War Claims and would respectfully solicit your business. No fee unless successful. No open Vouchers executed free. For the convenience of those employed during the day he will be in attendance every evening.
CALL AND SEE HIM.

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Nervine!
CURES
NERVOUS
PROSTRATION,
SLEEPLESSNESS,
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Fits, Spasms, Fits.
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at Druggists, or
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SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

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(Organized March, 1885.)
CAPITAL.....$500,000
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Interest at 3 per cent per annum on all time deposits.
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COAL.
"BE WISE TODAY," or tomorrow, we don't care which, but nevertheless
BE WISE
And buy your COAL at once of
A. B. KNOWLSON,
Office 25 Pearl Street.

A. J. SHELLMAN,
65 MONROE STREET,
Scientific Optician, seventeen years' experience in fitting effective eyesight. Artificial human eyes to suit every case. Spectacles made to order without extra cost. Sign of the big spectacles. Eyes tested free to all.

10 Per Cent-DISCOUNT-10 Per Cent.
For a short time only, beginning Wednesday, July 15, we will give 10 per cent discount on all kinds of Boots, Shoes and Slippers.
Our stock is large and must be reduced in time for our new fall stock, therefore we will divide our profit with you.
No goods marked up. Everything sold at same old price less the discount.
CHICAGO BOOT AND SHOE STORE, 28 CANAL STREET.

THE PEOPLE'S COLUMN.

Lost Links for Ex.-B. C. T.

EDITOR MORNING PRESS—"Ex-B. C. T.," alias "G. S. Hackett," in your issue of the 23d, endeavors to meet the facts as to Paplas and Matthews gospel, which I gave in my letter of the 7th inst. He assumes that there was no actual mention of the four gospels until Irenaeus, A. D., 200. It is freely admitted that Irenaeus is one of the earliest writers whose works have come down to us. "Ex-B. C. T." concedes this also. Now what is the testimony of that early writer and what is its value?

1 I quote from "Contra Haeres, l. b. III, ch.: "We have not received the knowledge, etc., which gospel they first preached and afterward by the will of God transmitted us in writing, etc., having all and every one the gospel of God Matthew, among the Hebrews, published a gospel in their own language, etc., and after their departure—death—Mark delivered to us in writing, etc.—and Luke, etc., recorded the gospel preached—three so John, etc., published a gospel, etc." I have omitted lines for brevity, only quoting enough to show that Irenaeus had knowledge of the existence of gospels in the reputed handwriting, or published by the authors, whose names were attached to their productions.

2. I quote from Justin Martyr. I said this writer mentions "Memoirs of the apostles." Now in his Dialogue he says, "In those memoirs which I affirm to have been composed by apostles of Christ and their companions, it is written that sweat, like drops of blood, flowed from him while he was praying." In his apology he alludes to the birth and naming of Jesus etc., and in speaking of the last supper says, "The apostles in the memoirs composed by them, which are called Gospels have delivered us etc." With such clear allusions made by him we don't need make any "desperate efforts" to show that Justin the martyr was acquainted with the Gospels. Now the fact that he does not mention the writers by name, and is not always accurate in his quotations is explained by the fact that he wrote for those who had not heard of the apostles by name; he was a philosopher writing to philosophers, and he was just as inaccurate in his quotations from Plato and others. But the Gospels existed before his time, A. D. 150, or how could he have alluded to them?

Tryphon brings us to within 50 years of the death of John the apostle. Paplas on his own testimony was acquainted with many of the disciples of the apostles. Eusebius has preserved his testimony and says, "He received much information from 'John the Presbyter.'" Paplas mentions Mark's gospel and Matthew's by name. This is the last link in the chain of historical evidence and it is complete and indisputable.

We might clinch the above proofs by citations from Celsus who wrote against Christianity and made copious allusions to the gospels. If Christian writers had failed to preserve them all the main facts could be got out of the "infidel" Celsus' writings and Origins' reply to him. Celsus says: "These things are from your own books," etc. Celsus was not an Ex-B. C. T. but, like the latter, he was distinguished by an incontinent dislike of Christianity and thought by his little pen to write it down. But Celsus is dead and "Ex-B. C. T." will soon be dead, but Christianity may possibly survive them.

Now, about the "Canon," by which we mean, after Prof. Davidson, "the rule of books that contain the rule." What about it? According to "Ex-B. C. T." the different writings must be compiled before some of them were in existence. Doesn's he see that the very discrimination which the early Christian teachers exercised is evidence of their genuineness? They sifted them and distinguished between the originals and mere copies with commints. By what unnatural process would he have had the book compiled? Or would he have had the Almighty communicate his will to beings whose highest function is to "read and write" by some unscientific and unnatural method? Perhaps he wouldn't have had an intelligent communication made? Or, what is more likely, he does not take in the thought of an intelligent communicator Deity? Everything depends upon the basal theory on which a man operates. The genesis of unbelief in the integrity of men whether they are apostles or critic fashoys is that deseased condition of mind known as doubt.

Now about contradictions I could cite passages by the hundred which ex. B. C. T. would each contain a "contradiction." I could give him 326 at least, and "possibly" I could give him one more in his own mind that says he does look like a flat "contradiction." But neither "Kitto" nor "Adam Clark" were mentally tipped by a few apparent "contradictions." They had well balanced brains and sense to see that if variations in a narrative were "contradictions," all history would be in hopeless confusion. But ex B C T says the historical fact concerning Cyrenus Space will not allow the full details Roman history shows that B C 9, Varus was succeeded Titus in the province of Syria for three years, or to B. C 6 Barus succeeded until B. C 4, then disappears and died with the army in Germany B. C. 9. Now, according to Tacitus, was "legatus Syriae" A D 4 or 5 A study of all the provinces excludes Quirinius (Cyrenius), from any other office except Syria Kitto quotes dates. Who wasn't, who was, and where was he? It is as clear as presumptive evidence can make it that his first governorship was B C 4-1, and that he was succeeded by Sollius. To a mind seeking to remove discrepancies this ought to be enough But as though anticipating the unreasonable carping of modern ex B C Teachers, Justin martyr, Mr Hackett's nemesis declares three distinct times that "Christ was born under Quirinus," and appeals to the register then made, and in the archives in his time to confirm the fact. So again I say the gospel of Luke is more accurate Roman history than Roman history itself.

Now I beg to assure "Ex-B ble Class Teacher" of two things—first, no special insight is necessary to understand the above facts; just average, honest sense will see the truths here outlined. Secondly, I do not undertake to speak for the clergy. These gentlemen are able to take care of themselves, but in the name of decency I protest against the slurs and flings of the so-called "infidels" at the honesty and integrity of average Christians. Such terms as "pious bigotry," etc., are not arguments. I have no doubt if "Ex Bible Class Teacher" had lived 1800 years ago he also with the rest of us would have believed the world was flat, etc., and in spoken of "Antipodes" as "barely possible?" Some "orthodox" of the present day have a faint suspicion that the earth is a sphere or has the "duffel" secured a patent on that thing.

MYTH.

Mr. Luten and the Unions.

EDITOR MORNING PRESS—There was a big sized "Nigger in the wood pile" which H. Luten cut and piled before breakfast Wednesday morning. He used lots of space and ink to give his opinion of unions, as a whole, when his main object was to air his (?) Henry George land tax theory. He evidently took so much space to get started that when he arrived at the place where he was to show up his pet, he got tired and hungry, had to go to breakfast, and forgot to come back. I have time to answer only one of his ill-timed arguments. He asserts that "All who join a trade's union are totally enslaved." What he says is the "worst of all union methods, namely, "to diminish the supply of mechanics by closely limiting the numbers that shall be allowed to learn a trade."

Then he goes on to explain how by the adoption of this "tyrannical rule" many men are compelled to "give up without a trade who might have been an honor to any trade of their choice." I have this to say in reply, that all men who join a trades union do not "virtually" give to hewise endorse such methods, for the simple reason that all trades unions do not diminish the supply of mechanics by limiting the number of those who shall be allowed to learn a trade.

Now as regards H. Luten in peculiar, he is in fact almost funny, for while receiving the benefit of unions every day that he works at his trade of laying brick, he wants to work a nine-hour day, and while admitting, or rather claiming, in private conversation that he favors labor organizations, yet he seems to have a distorted vision or imagination and thinks that unions are very tyrannical in regard to their members. Well, time marks wonders. Perhaps even Mr. Luten will come down more practically of the inside working and good of labor unions.

A UNION CARPENTER

The Reward for Parker Powell.

EDITOR MORNING PRESS—In the case of Parker Powell, the escaped convict, for which there was a reward of $25, and who was recaptured by W. R McMurray, while breaking into his store. Who is entitled to the reward, Mr. McMurray or the deputy to whom the prisoner was turned over to? Please answer through your columns and oblige,

A READER

[Members of the sheriff's force claim that from the fact that an officer was called into service and the prisoner turned over to his office officer is clearly entitled to the reward as the officer returned the escaped convict to the prison. Had Mr. McMurray turned the man over to the prison authorities he alone would be entitled to the reward. Mr Walsh, however, wishes to be fair in the matter and says if Mr. McMurray wishes to allow the officer's expenses the balance of the reward will be turned over to Mr. McMurray. The legal status of the matter depends upon how the reward was offered whether for the return of the convict, his arrest, or information that would lead to his arrest.]

Child and Caterpillar.

It is a pretty illustration of the eternal feminine to see little Herzchen, two years old, over a caterpillar. The child when she sees the caterpillar on the walk straightens back her skirts with her two hands, moves backward quickly a couple of steps and screams at the top of her voice. Nobody pays any attention to the scream, as it is recognized as her peculiar way of announcing that she has discovered a "yurm."

Having uttered this scream, Herzchen advances a step, puts her hands on her knees, and looks down earnestly at the caterpillar. Then she screams again. Then she bends over closer to the crawling creature, her eyes have perceived beauty in it. She suddenly reaches forward, picks it up, holds it on the palm of one hand, and studies curiously the row of bright blue spots down each of its sides and the golden yellow streak along its back.

Beyond all doubt these caterpillars, when fully grown, are beautifully roked creatures. Herzchen brings the worm nearer and nearer to her eyes, till it almost touches her face, gloating over it with a sort of curious fascination. Then she lays it carefully down on the ground, looks at it an instant longer, utters another scream, piercing, bloodcurdling, and runs away.—Boston Transcript.

Bachelor Life in Singapore.

Many of the white men in Singapore keep bachelor quarters, and one description of a bachelor's bungalow will suffice for all. Two young Englishmen have a one story rambling house among some cocoanut palms, covering a lot of ground and open on every side. Enter in and sit. Leave your pith helmet at the door, and one of the bachelors says: "Now, wouldn't you take a gin fizz? It's very hot." And before the visitor can answer he calls out, "Boy!" when from some unforeseen screen or crack a China boy appears and gets the order.

In a few moments he returns with a long glass filled with "gin fizz" and powdered ice, and then the host goes on and asks the guest to take champagne and port and sherry and cognac and a julep, and—I can't go on. There were more, but I really forget the names.

This is hospitality in the orient. There are sixteen servants for these two white boys, and such attendance and obsequiousness spoils them, let alone the question of ruining their stomachs by so many liquor concoctions. — Toronto Globe.

Some fancy the charms of the lily-white maid,
Of delicate form and languishing eye,
Who faints in the sunshine and droops in the shade,
And is always "just ready to die."
But give me the girl of the sunshiny face,
The blood in whose veins courses healthy and free,
With the vigor of youth in her movements of grace,
Oh, that is the maiden for me!

She is the girl to "die to" for life The sickly, complaining maiden may be an object of love and pity, but she ceases to be a "thing of beauty" worn down by female weakness and disorders, subject to hysteria and a martyr to bearing-down pains. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a sure cure for these distressing complaints, and will transform the feeble, drooping sufferer into a healthy, happy, blooming woman Guaranteed to give satisfaction in every case, or money paid for it refunded.

Crescent Roller Flour

We guarantee your bread will always be satisfactory if you use "Crescent."

VOIGT MILLING CO.

ONE-FOURTH off at Ten Hope's.

FROM A CONVICT'S VIEW.

An Outcast Tells of Unsuccessful Efforts to Lead an Honorable Life.

Among a number of depraved looking characters who were arraigned in the Tombs police court for sentence on various charges, from burglary to felonious assault, I noticed particularly one refined looking young fellow who, despite his ragged attire, appeared to be out of place in the prisoners' pen.

His features were delicate and clearly defined, with none of the sullen, servile appearance that is usually one of the chief characteristics of a criminal's countenance. His eyes were large and clear, his forehead high, while his chin and mouth denoted high spirit and an abnormally sensitive disposition.

He occupied a seat as far distant from his fellow unfortunates in crime as the burly court officers would permit. His eyes were cast on the floor, and from his dejected appearance it was obvious that he felt keenly his position.

I engaged him in conversation, and years will not remove from memory the fierce bitterness with which he reviewed his unsuccessful attempts to secure honorable employment after the first conviction for some trifling crime.

"My name," said he, in answer to my question, "what do you want with it? To publish it so that those who have sent me here this time will know how well their prejudice did its work?

"Well, Thomas will do—Charles Thomas. That is what I am called now. It is not my real name. I have a few relatives and I respect them. They have moved from where they lived when I was first sent away—gone to a new home to escape my shame—that is why I'm Thomas."

There is no criminal so hardened but what he will cherish somewhere behind his rough exterior a tender thought of a past association—a friend, perhaps, or a loved sister. For that reason when Thomas turned away his head I remained silent. I thought I distinguished a suspicious moisture in his eyes, but I may have been mistaken.

"It is very easy to start," he continued, "but once started you cannot stop. People will not let you.

"With a crowd of companions one day I drank more than I could stand. A quarrel followed and I stabbed one fellow with my penknife. I was arrested, tried and convicted and sentenced to Sing Sing for three years.

"That was enough for me, and when I came back I tried to start over again. I secured employment as a driver. I had been a clerk in a building material dealer's yard on West Thirtieth street. I had no trouble, worked hard and was complimented by my employer. Then I noticed that my associates began to avoid me. Two or three would get together, point at me and talk about me in an undertone.

"Finally, one day the proprietor came to me and said, 'Thomas, I have no fault to find with you; you have worked faithfully and hard, but the other men say you have been a convict and that they will leave if you don't. I will have to discharge you, although I am sorry.' He gave me two weeks' wages and I had to leave.

"I tried again with a like result. Then, in desperation, I robbed a store and was sent away again.

"You wanted to know, mister, how I got here; well, that's how.

"I'm going to Sing Sing for burglary, and when I get out I'll probably go back for the same crime. Nobody cares, and—I don't.

"A man who has not been unfortunate won't work with me. I could not get married even if I tried to settle down and be respectable. No self respecting woman would have me.

"Go where I'm not known? Yes, I could do that, but a man can't succeed when he is acting a lie. It would be found out and I would have to go to another place—where I'm not known."

The prisoner shouted a court officer.

"Here," replied the unfortunate.

"You are charged with burglary," said the justice as he approached the bar. "Guilty or not guilty?"

"Guilty."

"Remanded for sentence."

Thomas was led away to a cell in the prison beneath the floor of the court.—New York Herald.

Doctors Differ About Gray Hair.

Some authorities seem to regard the graying of the hair as a mechanical and incidental phenomena due to defective functions, and others regard it as an organic or chemical process. The location and character of the coloring substance in the hair is also a question about which authorities differ greatly. Watts' Dictionary of Chemistry," also Dr. Bichat and Dr. Draper, have advanced the view that the color is in the central portion of the hair, while no less an authority than Cuvier asserts quite the reverse, that the peripheral portion contains the color. Other authorities, as Drs. Carpenter, Todd and Bowman, state that the pigmentary granules are sometimes in one part and sometimes in another of the hair shaft, while Fuller Gulliver supposes that the dark pigment of the medulla are nothing more than the globules of air in the air cells."—Hyland C. Kirk in New York Times.

A Girl Who Wouldn't Black Boots.

I have known a wedding appointed, and the doors of the chapel open, and every one waiting, but no one arrive, and the parties remain unmarried. In one instance a foolish dispute occurred as the young couple were walking across the fields to the place of worship about who ought to clean the husband's boots. At first it was only a joke, but it was taken in earnest, and the bride elect needed herself in a little to argue the matter out. Neither would give in, the village clock struck twelve and they returned home unmarried.—London Tit-Bits.

Self Regulating.

He—After we are married, darling, I trust your wealth won't incessantly be thrown up to me.

She—No, I rely upon you to keep it down, dear.—New York Epoch.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Thum Bros

Crescent Roller Flour

We guarantee your bread will always be satisfactory if you use "Crescent."

VOIGT MILLING CO.

ONE GRADUATING DAY.

A HOMELY SUBJECT THAT ATTRACTED MOST ATTENTION.

A Bright Girl Told What She Knew About "Raised Bread," and the Applause That Greeted the Reading of Her Essay Eclipsed That Given to All Others.

"Well, I don't care if them other girls are going to write about 'Thought,' and 'The Marble Statue Waitin',' or 'Genius,' and all them other things. Mebbe my M'randy can't say much that's edifyin' on them subjects, tho' it's my opinion she could if she tried. But she can make beautiful rie bread, and she's goin' to tell them how to do it."

With this expression of faith in M'randy's powers, Mrs. McGilliouddy gave an emphatic twist to the garment she was wringing out of the suds.

The subject first under discussion was of no small importance in the village, for it related to the graduating exercises at the village high school.

With but one exception, the boys and girls in the class sought topics that would afford them ample scope for a good show in the daintily printed programmes.

One of the young ladies began to write on "Twilight Thoughts;" another chose as her subject "Destiny;" another wrote at the head of the first page "Every Cloud Has Its Silver Lining."

Of course each one soon learned what subjects had been chosen by the other members of the class, and loud were the complaints when it was known what Miranda McGilliouddy proposed to write about. It was agreed that the class would go down into history forever disgraced.

"But you see," said Miranda, "I don't know anything at all about these high toned subjects that the rest of you have. I couldn't say more than a few words when Thomas turned away his head I remained silent. I thought I distinguished a suspicious moisture in his eyes, but I may have been mistaken.

"It is very easy to start," he continued, "but once started you cannot stop. People will not let you.

"With a crowd of companions one day I drank more than I could stand. A quarrel followed and I stabbed one fellow with my penknife. I was arrested, tried and convicted and sentenced to Sing Sing for three years.

"That was enough for me, and when I came back I tried to start over again. I secured employment as a driver. I had been a clerk in a building material dealer's yard on West Thirtieth street. I had no trouble, worked hard and was complimented by my employer. Then I noticed that my associates began to avoid me. Two or three would get together, point at me and talk about me in an undertone.

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Crescent Roller Flour

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ONE-FOURTH off at Ten Hope's.

INSECTS THAT EAT CURIOS.

How the Officers of the Smithsonian Institution Combat Foes.

Bugs are a source of much anxiety and annoyance to the curators of birds and mammals at the Smithsonian institution and in the National museum. If given a chance they would eat up the dead and stuffed creatures, not even sparing the bones and the beaks. Accordingly, those in charge have to be perpetually on the alert to combat these small but not contemptible foes.

The office "specimen" is thoroughly poisoned with arsenic when it is prepared there is little or no danger that it will ever be attacked, but the collections in charge of Secretary Langley are gathered together from all parts of the world and very many of the contributions are not properly protected in this respect. This is true particularly of those which come from the tropics, where peppers and pungent spices are considered sufficient for purposes of preservation.

Not only are these spices, when used, the most effective for awhile, and then the spices having lost their strength, the enemy begins to get in its work. Not only does this happen with stuffed birds and beasts, but the skeletons that reach the institution with the flesh roughly stripped off them and folded up in the smallest possible compass for transportation are frequently so poorly protected by poisoning that maggots get at them and eat the ligaments which join the bones so as to seriously injure their usefulness.

Three kinds of insects threaten the stuffed collections. One is the familiar moth, which eats the feathers or hair down to the skin and leaves unsightly bald patches. Another is the "dermestes," or common "carpet bug," which attacks and eats holes in the fatty skins. But worse than either of these is the "anthrinus"—a beetle about the size of a No. 8 shot, and so small therefore that it is almost never seen, and which is not readily found when sought for.

It is very fond of anything horny, and, getting a chance at a bird, it will begin by eating off the covering of the bill, denuding the legs afterward and chewing up the shafts of the bigger feathers. If it has an opportunity, it will regularly honeycomb the horns of animals frescoed for museum purposes.

Of course it is understood that these three bugs do all the damage in the large stage of their being—that is, while they are yet worms. Another sort of insect gets into empty eggs and eats up the lining membranes, where careless collectors have left them inside, as they should not do, but it cannot injure the skins and does no harm, except to make a litter.

The best remedy, or preventive, known is bisulphide of carbon; but it has so horrible a smell that Curator Ridgway will not use it for keeping the birds under his charge, but prefers to employ the next best thing, which is naphtholine, a product of coal tar. A handful of crystals of it will kill a case full of insects. It has the disadvantage of irritating the breathing passages, producing a chronic cold and cough. Curator of Mammals True prefers the offensive bisulphide of carbon.

A great many things besides beasts and birds at the National museum have to be protected from insects; for example, the costumes of all nations and other dry goods of every kind, which afford an agreeable diet for devouring bugs. It is no small task to protect these perishable articles from the attacks of many legged scavengers with stomachs for anything short of metal and no respect for the most sacred of curios.—Washington Star.

Headache.

We are often asked for a cure for headache. A certain wise physician classes headaches among the ailments which have baffled his profession. At a medical meeting a member said: "Did any of you ever cure a headache? I never did." Several doctors having mentioned their treatment, he replied: "Oh, you only relieve it. I can do that. But have you ever cured it?"

No one could answer yes. The shops contain nostrums enough, but did any one ever find himself more than temporarily relieved by them?

The causes of headaches, sometimes effects a permanent cure by the changes which the system undergoes in the process of time. Persons who have been subject to headache are often more or less fully relieved after about the age of fifty. This is perhaps a result of the shrinking of the brain and the hardening of the tissues, which begins at about that period. Changes in one's condition or habits, or in climate, may sometimes effect a cure by removing the disturbing cause.—Youth's Companion.

Thumb Rings.

"And do they wear thumb rings, too?"

"Yes, miss, and they are right pretty, too."

A jeweler's clerk was busy displaying his new stock of thumb rings.

"May I try one on?"

"Certainly," he replied, and stooped low over the glass tipped fingers, slipping on a tiny circlet of pearls.

"It doesn't look so bad, after all," said she. "You see the band is so narrow and the pearls so small that the effect is not awkward, as I expected it would be. I'm quite pleased."

The advent of this unique little ornament is greeted with rather more favor than was at first expected by the jewelers.—New York Letter.

A Narrow Escape from the Gallows.

James Johnston, who murdered his wife and four children at Ballarat, and was condemned to death, was respited by telegram ten minutes before the time of execution on the ground of insanity. Two doctors obtained access to him at midnight and gave a certificate of lunacy, which was telegraphed to the governor at 3 o'clock in the morning by the medical board examining.—London Tit-Bits.

Silly Gossip.

Maud—Is it true that you are in love with Mr. Bullion?

Clara—Mercy no. I'm only engaged to him.—New York Weekly.

G. A. R. Excursion

The G. A. R excursion tickets to Detroit via D., G. H. & M. R'y are good going Saturday August 1 to August 8 inclusive and good for return until September 30, '91. Fare for the round trip $4.50 In addition to the regular train specials trains will leave D., G. H. & M. R'y depot 3:15 p. m. Sunday, August 2, and 8:00 a. m Monday and Tuesday. $3 00 tickets will be sold good going and returning on special train of Tuesday, August 4. For further particulars apply to Jas Campbell, city agent, 23 Monroe street.

STEKETEE'S PIN-WORM DESTROYER

MOTHERS, SAVE YOUR CHILDREN!

Steketee's Worm Destroyer for Worms in Human Beings.

READ WHAT PEOPLE SAY OF IT

Mrs. H. Sulder, of Pueblo, Col.: "It is a great remedy for worms and nervousness."

Mrs. M. L. Campbell, Cranbury, New Jersey: "We used your Worm remedy for Seat or Pin Worms with great effect. We were pleased with the result."

The only sure remedy for Seat worms known. Destroys all kinds of worms known.

Ask your druggist for Steketee's Pin Worm Destroyer "Unique." Price, at your drug store, 25 cents, or by mail on receipt of 25 cents.

Address, G. G. STEKETEE, Grand Rapids, Mich.

DID YOU EVER DREAM?

That you could furnish that new house complete or refurnish that old one without any trouble or inconvenience to you, and on such Easy Payments that you would never miss from your purse the price? Such is the case, and if you will call at our store we will

PROVE IT :-: TO YOU.

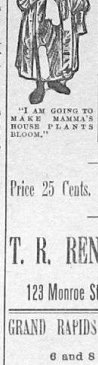
We know no competition. We are the only Complete House Furnishers in this city. We are manufacturers and save one profit to our customers. We mean what we say. Seeing is believing. COME SEE AND BELIEVE.

WE FURNISH A HOME ALL COMPLETE

From Cellar to Garret with Furniture, Carpets, Stoves, and a full line of House Furnishing Goods. We sell on Easy Payments at Cash Prices. If you will but examine our stock, learn our prices and investigate our method of doing business we feel sure that you will find it to your interest to buy of us. Call and see us. We assure you courteous treatment.

HEYMAN & COMPANY, THE HOUSE FURNISHERS, 63 and 65 Canal St.

TO MAKE Plants Bloom!



PROF. S. T. MAYNARD, Professor of Botany in the Massachusetts Agricultural college, has written a little book

'Window Gardening'

Which we send FREE with Each Package of our

FLOWER FOOD!

This little book contains directions for plant ing, potting and repotting bulbs, propagating, slipping and rooting wintering, watering and transplanting. Also a treatise on decorative plants.

If your window box or hanging baskets is not doing well, nothing will put it in good condition quicker than this Food, used according to directions.

Price 25 Cents. Post Paid 40 Cents.

T. R. RENWICK & CO.,

123 Monroe St Telephone 148.

GRAND RAPIDS ELECTROTYPE CO

6 and 8 Erie Street.

ELECTROTYPING, STEROTYPING, ETC

All Work Guaranteed Strictly First-class.

OFFICIAL RAILROAD TIME CARD.

Grand Rapids & Indiana,

Schedule in Effect July 19, 1891.

GOING NORTH.

	Arr From North.	Lve Going South.
For Saginaw and Big Rapids, Lve Traverse City and Mackinaw	6:50 am	7:30 a.m.
Lve Traverse City and Mackinaw	9:50 am	11:20 a.m.
For Saginaw		4:20 p.m.
For Traverse City	3:15 pm	5:35 p.m.
For Saginaw, Lve Traverse City	8:45 pm	10:00 p.m.

Trains marked at 6:50 a.m. daily; others daily except Sunday.

GOING SOUTH.

	Arr From North.	Lve Going South
For Saginaw and Chicago	8:00 a.m.	7:30 a.m.
For Big Rapids and Saginaw	10:30 a.m.	10:32 a.m.
For Fort Wayne and Chicago	11:00 a.m.	
For Fort Wayne		3:00 a.m.
For Ft. Wayne	5:30 p.m.	5:30 p.m.
For Chicago and Chicago	10:00 p.m.	10:00 p.m.
From Saginaw	10:40 p.m.	

Trains leaving for Cincinnati and Chicago at 10:30 p.m. daily; other trains daily except Sunday.

Muskegon, Grand Rapids & Indiana.

For Muskegon, Lv. 7:05 a.m. 12:45 p.m. 5:15 p.m. From Muskegon, Ar. 10:15 a.m. 3:15 p.m. 8:15 p.m.

Sleeping and Parlor Car Service.

Northern: 8:15 p.m. through Wagner parlor chair car Grand Rapids to Mackinaw City; parlor chair car Grand Rapids to Traverse City; 11:35 a.m. train, parlor car Grand Rapids to Mackinaw City; 10:00 p.m. train, sleeping car Grand Rapids to Petoskey; sleeping car Grand Rapids to Mackinaw City.

South—7:00 a.m. train, parlor chair car Grand Rapids to Cincinnati; 10:30 a.m. train, Wagner parlor car Grand Rapids to Chicago; 10:30 p.m. train, sleeping car Grand Rapids to Chicago; sleeping car Grand Rapids to Cincinnati.

Chicago via. G. R. & I.

Lve. Grand Rapids	10:30am	2:00pm		10:25pm	
Ar. Chicago		8:50pm	9:00pm		6:50am
10:30 a.m. train, through Wagner sleeping car.					
9:00 a.m. train, daily, through Wagner sleeping car.					
Lve. Chicago		7:00am	3:10pm	10:10pm	
Ar. Grand Rapids		12:40pm	9:00pm	6:50am	
3:10 p.m. through Wagner parlor car.					
10:10 p.m. train, daily, through Wagner sleeping car.					
Through tickets and information at office on Depot, and at corner Ionia and Pearl streets.					
L. D. CONDON, Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent.					

CHICAGO JUNE 21, 1891.

AND WEST. MICHIGAN R'Y

DEPART FROM	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Chicago	*10:30	*1:15	*11:35		
Indianapolis		*1:15	*11:35	*11:05	
Benton Harbor	*10:00	*1:15	*11:35	*6:20	
St. Joseph	*10:00	*1:15	*11:35	*6:20	
Traverse City	*7:45	*5:00	*11:35		
Muskegon	*9:00	*1:15	*5:10	*6:35	
Manistee	*7:30	*5:00			
Ludington	*7:30	*5:00			
Big Rapids	*9:00	*1:15			
Ottawa Beach	*9:00	*1:15	*5:40	*6:30	

*Week days. †Every day. ‡Except Saturday

10:00 A. M. has through chair car to Chicago. No extra charge for seats.

1:15 P. M. run to Chicago with Wagner buffet car; seats, 50 cents.

3:20 P. M. has through free chair car to Chicago. Via G. R. & I. R. R.

11:35 P. M. is solid train with Wagner parlor chair car, sleeping car, buffet car and sleeper to Indianapolis via Benton Harbor.

11:30 P. M. has Wagner sleeping car to Traverse City.

6:30 P. M. connects at St. Joseph with Graham & Morton steamer for Chicago.

OTTAWA BEACH TRAINS.

WEEK DAYS.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Lve Grand Rapids	....	9:00	1:15	5:40	6:30
Ar Ottawa Beach	....	10:36	2:20	6:40	7:56
Lve Ottawa Beach	6:55	9:50	1:00	3:45	8:27
Ar Grand Rapids	8:40	10:48	3:35	5:30	9:26

SUNDAYS.

Leave Grand Rapids	10:00	a. m.	3:20	p. m.
Leave Ottawa Beach	6:35	p. m.	8:25	p. m.

DETROIT. JUNE 21, 1891.

LANSING & NORTHERN R. R.

DEPART FROM	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Detroit and East	10:50	†1:00	*5:05
Lansing	6:50	†1:00	*8:30
Howell	10:50	†1:00	*5:05
Lowell	10:50	†1:00	†5:20
Alma	6:50	†1:00	
St. Louis	7:55	†4:30	
Saginaw	7:55	†4:35	

*Every day. †Week days.

6:00 A. M. runs through to Detroit with parlor car; seats, 25 cents.

1:00 P. M. has through parlor car to Detroit; seats, 25 cents.

6:25 P. M. runs through to Detroit with parlor car; seats, 25 cents.

7:05 A. M. has parlor car to Saginaw; seats 25c.

For tickets and information apply at Union ticket office, 67 Monroe street, or Union station.

GEO. DEHAVEN, Gen'l Pass'r Agt.

THE GREAT CHICAGO AND MILWAUKEE

TIME TABLE

NOW IN EFFECT.

EASTWARD.

Trains Leave	No. 14.	No. 16.	No. 18.	No. 98.
G. Rapids, Lv	9:50am	10:30am	3:45pm	10:35pm
Grand Haven	11:30am	11:30am	4:30pm	11:27am
St. Johns	9:28am	10:17pm	5:00pm	1:56am
Owosso	10:10am	11:00pm	5:42pm	2:18am
E. Saginaw	11:05am	12:00pm	6:50pm	
Flint	11:50am	1:00pm	7:40pm	
Flint	11:10am	3:40pm	8:30pm	8:40am
Ft. Huron	12:20pm	5:00pm	10:30pm	7:25am
Pontiac	10:55am	4:20pm	10:05pm	6:45am
Detroit	11:05am	4:05pm	9:50pm	7:20am

WESTWARD.

Trains Leave	No. 5.	No. 7.	No. 9.	No. 11.
Det'r Rapids Lv	7:30am	1:00pm	5:10pm	10:00pm
Grand Haven Ar	8:10am	1:40pm	6:10pm	11:30pm
Muskegon Ar			6:50pm	4:45am
Chicago Ar			10:00am	

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.

Trains arrive from the East, 8:48 a.m., 12:50 p.m., 8:30 p.m. and 12:35 p.m.

Trains arrive from the West 6:45 a.m., 12:15 p.m., 5:00 p.m. and 10:00 p.m.

Eastward—No. 14 has Wagner Parlor Buffet car. No. 16 Parlor Car. No. 18 Wagner Sleeper.

Westward—No. 5 Wagner Sleeper; No. 7 Parlor Car; No. 11 Wagner Parlor Buffet car.

A. J. SMITH, G. T. & P. A., Cleveland, O.

GEO. FLETCHER, Trav. Pass. Agent.

JAS. CAMPBELL, City Ticket Agent, 23 Monroe street.

LAKE SHORE & MICHIGAN SOUTHERN

GOING SOUTH—DEPART.		ARRIVE
Mail and Express	7:40 a m	12 45 p m
Mail	3:00 p m	8:00 p m
Mail and Express	11:00 p m	6:35 a m
Freight	6:55 p m	
ARRIVE		
Mail and Express	9:50 a m	
Mail and Express	3:35 p m	
Freight	10:35 a m	
Mail	6:30 p m	

A. J. SMITH, G. T. & P. A., Cleveland, O

MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."

	DEPART.	ARRIVE
New York Express	7 40 a m	12 45 p m
Detroit Express	6 30 a m	10 00 p m
Island	4 30 p m	4 30 p m
Day Express	12 30 p m	10 05 a m
Atlantic and Pacific	*11 35 p m	7 00 a m

*Daily. All other daily except Sunday.

Sleeping cars on Pacific and Atlantic Express to and from Detroit—Parlor cars run on Day Express and Detroit Express to and from Chicago—Direct connections with Detroit with all through trains East—Tickets on sale at Union Ticket Office, 67 Monroe st., and at Union depot.

FRED. E. BETSER, Gen'l Agt, 67 Monroe st.

J. S. HAWLEY, Ticket Agt, Union Depot.

GEO. H. HUNTER, Union Ticket Office, 67 Monroe street.

O. W. RUGGLES, G. P. and T. Agt, Chicago.

Grand Rapids Book Bindery,

29 Canal Street

First Class Blank Books and Fine

DEATH NOTICES.

COLLINS—At the home of its parents Mr. and Mrs. M. K. Collins, of Plainfield avenue, Thursday, July 30, 1891, an infant daughter.

Wind and Weather

WASHINGTON, July 31.—For Lower Michigan: Generally fair weather; warmer Friday night; variable winds.

CITY AND SUBURBS

J. J. McKinney, wife and baby are visiting friends in New Buffalo.

The Plainfield Avenue M E church communicants picniced at North Park yesterday.

Mrs. S A. Baker, of Page street, left Wednesday for Loomisaer, Mass., to visit her daughters, the Misses Lulu and Emily.

The stock of goods of the Grand Rapids Parlor Furniture company has been appraised at $29,630 46 The secured liabilities are about $19,000.

A petition was filed yesterday in the Superior court for the opening of Park avenue, formerly Pleasley street, from the big ditch in Gunnison swamp to John Ball park.

The members of the finance committee on reception of Merritt post met last night at the board of trade rooms and together with the executive committee perfected arrangements for the reception of the Connecticut visitors.

A horse and buggy belonging to Taber & Co. of 66 North Ionia street was stolen at Reed's Lake last night. The rig was loaned to one of the members and while he was playing at Alger park pavilion some miscreant drove it away.

U. V. Sillaway, the barber, who has been in Colorado for the past two years, has returned to the city and goes to work in the shop of E B Gaycott, corner of Sixth street and Broadway, where he will be pleased to meet his former friends and acquaintances

Douwe Jager, a simple minded boy, was picked up last night by the police taken to headquarters and booked as a lodger. The boy it will be remembered wandered away from his home last winter and after a tour of the southern and western part of the state, returned as mysteriously as he went away.

Positively the Last Week.

Our one-fourth off sale will last until Saturday this week now is your time to save money on ladies' trimmed hats, bonnets, lace curtains. An elegant assortment to select from Chenille draperies and rugs. Come before too late

JOHN TEN HOPE,
134 Monroe street.

If you want good shoes cheap go to D Stoll's, 141 West Bridge street. In order to make business lively he is giving some excellent bargains in shoes, boots and slippers.

DOCK LINE WALLS.

Specifications Submitted by City Engineer Collar.

City Engineer Collar, by order of the board of public works, has proposed the following specifications for the dock line walls, which will probably be adopted:

"Trenches are to be excavated along the lines of the proposed walls of such depth as to secure a solid foundation for the masonry. The trenches to be level and kept free from water until the mortar has become set.

"The walls are to be constructed to an elevation 14 50 feet above the city datum in accordance with plans therefor, which plans are to be considered part of these specifications

"The masonry is to be constructed in first-class rubble work, of hard, tough and durable boulders of large size throughout the wall. No stone to be allowed in the face of the work showing a surface of less than two square feet.

"All work to be laid in cement mortar All joints, in beds and builds of face work, for at least 12 inches in depth, etc, be in mortar composed of the best quality of Portland cement All arch stones to be laid in full beds of Portland cement mortar, which shall be thoroughly flushed into all joints.

"Over openings in the wals for the discharge of tail water from wheels on the canals will be built segmental arches, arch stones to be dressed to quarter inch joints. They may be of boulders dressed, or of Bedford limestone. The thickness or depth of arch stones to be governed by the span of the arch, as determined by the formula noted on the plan

"The bottom width of the wall to be equal to 4 10 the height, the face to batter one foot in eight of height and the back to be carried up perpendicular to plumb

"All mortar to be composed of cement, one part by measure, to not more than two parts of clean, sharp sand Except where otherwise noted, the cement to be composed of the best quality of Louisville cement

"Should owners direct, lines of vitrified sewer pipe two inches in diameter will be laid through the walls for weeping holes

"All work to be done in a neat and workmanlike manner, under the direction and to the satisfaction of the board of public works."

THE JUBILEE SINGERS

They Charmed an Audience at the Park Church Last Night

The Park Congregational church contained a large number of ladies and gentlemen last night, drawn thither by the announcement that the Fisk Jubilee singers were to render the vocal music which has given them a name and fame throughout the country.

To say that the audience was pleased would be mildly expressing the individual feeling of each and every one. The people were more than pleased, they were charmed with the music, the human music that came like the chimes of silver bells " The eight colored vocalists constituting the vocal corps were natural born singers, their song "Hard Times, Great Tribulations," was like the swift rush of a midnight wind through an Æolian harp. The low, sad refrain sung alone by Miss Laura Wells was like the pattering of rain against the door of a tomb.

Those who were fortunate enough to hear that most wonderful music coming from those mahogany cases are more than satisfied that colored people will constitute a part of the heavenly choir

Fred Lawson Brought Home

Fred C. Lawson, leader of Powers opera house orchestra, who is suffering from lung trouble, was brought back from Petoskey last night on the last train accompanied by Dr. Barth. He was taken to the home of G C. Shepard at 15 North Union street, where he now lies in a very precarious condition Daisy Lodge of Elks of which he is a member will do all in their power to make him as comfortable as possible.

TO ENFORCE A CONTRACT.

A Case Transferred Here From Lenawee County

A suit in chancery filed in the Lenawee Circuit court May 7, in which John McLellard is complainant and the A P. Cook company, limited, defendants, was brought to the Kent Circuit yesterday by stipulation. The bill of complaint sets up on August 15, 1878, the complainant bargained with Addison P. Cook for the purchase of certain lands in Deerfield, Lenawee county, consisting of 80 acres, for which the complainant was to pay to the said Cook the sum of $2,000 The title to the lands was guaranteed to be perfect, and in making the purchase the said Cook agreed to give a warranty deed; that a written contract was drawn up between the parties, which contract provided for the execution of a warranty deed upon the payment of $1,200 that the complainant has fully complied with the terms of the contract, but that the said Cook refuses to give the warranty deed as provided for in the verbal agreement between the parties. The bill is also accompanied by an affidavit of transfer from the Lenawee to the Kent circuit, the transfering middowing to the fact that the circuit judge of Lenawee is incompetent to hear the case, from the fact that Judge Lane of the Lenawee circuit, had been engaged at one time by the plaintiff as counsel in the matter to be tried in the present suit.

Nat Goodwin's First Stage Experience.

Before I ever went on the stage I used to take part in amateur affairs in my mother's parlors in Boston, and I bothered Charlie Thorne to death to get me a place in some company.

My friends also said they were convinced I had talents. So finally Thorne secured me a position in a company then playing a piece called "A Bottle." Providence was to be the place where I made my debut, and the part assigned me was the old time gentlemanly villain, who comes to the village and captures the heart of the rustic beauty.

I had rehearsed several times and was sure I knew it all.

The heroine was to rush on with a scream and I was to run after her; but she hadn't rehearsed the scream with me, so when she dashed on and gave an unearthly yell it nearly frightened me to death.

I stubbed my toe, fell sprawling and lost one of my sidewhiskers. I couldn't utter a word, and didn't do so during the whole performance. They thought I would gain courage as the piece progressed, but during the third act the orchestra came in with a few thrilling bars of music and I completely lost my head, and I flashed out of the theater to find the depot and take the next train for Boston.

As I entered the cars with makeup on, a black streak on my cheek from a blackened eyebrow and my wig at one side, passengers thought I was staring mad. On reaching home I rushed in to my mother, who thought I was going to be a second Booth, begging her not to send me on the stage again, but to get me a position in some store.—Nat C. Goodwin, Jr., in New York World.

Æsculapius and His Profession.

Æsculapius, whom Homer calls "the blameless physician," was the famous pupil of Chiron. The glory of Æsculapius' name is not dimmed as it has come down to us through the ages. While his treatment of the sick was heroic, as was natural in an heroic age, he did not ignore the virtue of metaphysical treatment. To those who suffers from violent passions he recommended the perusal of works of poetry, the study of hymns and songs and an attendance on light comedy.

It has often been said of physicians that they have two kinds of medicine—one with which to cure the patient, the other to be used when it is desirable that the cure shall not be effected too quickly. Æsculapius had two kinds, which he received from Pallas Athene, the goddess of wisdom. Both were taken from the veins of Medusa. That taken from her left side operated to the destruction of men. That from the right side brought them health and strength.

Æsculapius' medicines even had the power of bringing the dead to life—a fact which so incensed the gods that Æsculapius was immediately put to death by a thunderbolt. The sceptic Montaigne, referring to this injustice, sarcastically expresses his surprise that the patron of the doctors should be sent to Tartary for restoring men to life, when so many of his disciples are pardoned for performing the opposite feat.—Chicago Herald.

A "Queer" Preacher.

Rev. Mr. Hagamore, to whose memory a slab has been placed in the church at Catshoge, Leicestershire, England, was "a little queer." It seems that the reverend gentleman died in January, 1886, leaving all of his property, valued at $3,500, to a railroad porter.

This queer old preacher kept one servant of each sex, whom he locked up every night. His last employment of an evening was to go the rounds of his premises, let loose the dogs and fire off his gun. He lost his life in a curious manner. Starting out to let out his servants the dogs fawned upon him and threw him into a pond of water. The servants heard his cries, but being locked up could not render assistance, so the old man was drowned.

When the inventory of his property was taken he was found to be the owner of 30 cows, 100 pairs of trousers, 100 pairs of boots, 400 pairs of shoes, 80 wigs (although he had plenty of natural hair), 50 dogs, 96 wagons and carts, 30 wheelbarrows, 249 razors, 80 plows, 50 saddles and 222 pickaxes and shovels. He surely was "a little queer."—St. Louis Republic.

GEO. F. LEWIS & CO.

Dealers in Real Estate.

We have some very desirable city property for sale, centrally located. Several improved farms for Sale or Exchange for city property.

FOR SALE—Modern style eleven room house on second avenue. Lot 45x110; price $3,500

FOR SALE—House and lot on Woolfs addition; large lot and 7 room house, good cellar and cistern. Price $1,400, $250 down and balance in monthly payments.

FOR SALE—New modern nine room house on West Fulton street. Lot 40x132; price $1 850, $400 down, balance in monthly payments

FOR SALE—House and lot on Thomas street House finished with kitchen and woodshed in rear; good well and cistern. Price $900.

HOUSES TO RENT IN ALL PARTS OF the city. Store to rent on corner of Shawmut avenue and Winter street

Call and examine our list before purchasing

Office over 37 Monroe Street.

1866. 25TH 1891.

Annual Grand Encampment.

$4.50 G. A. R. $3.00

The Michigan Central Railroad will sell Excursion Tickets, Grand Rapids to Detroit and return August 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th and 8th, good to return up to and including August 18th, with the privilege of extension for return to September 30, 1891.

Also on Monday, August 3d a Special G. A. R. Train will leave Grand Rapids at 7 a. m., arriving at Detroit at 12:30 p. m. Round Trip rate

$4.50!

Tuesday, August 4th, a G. A. R. Special will leave Grand Rapids at 6:45 a. m., arriving at Detroit 11:45 a. m. Returning leave Detroit 8:30 p. m. Fare for Round Trip on this train and date

$3.00!

All trains leave from Union Passenger Station.

The Michigan Central have superior facilities at Detroit for handling the immense throng that will visit that city on this occasion, hence be wise and take that route and save annoying delays.

FRED M. BRIGGS, General Agent.
O. W. RUGGLES, Gen'l P. & T. A.
JAS. S. HALL, Mich. Pass. Agent.

LEONARD'S

Don't fail to call and see those English decorated odds and ends in the Crown Derby patterns. Salad bowls 47c; olive dishes, 17c; oatmeals, $1.98 per dozen; chocolate pitchers, 98c; large pudding dishes, with plate and lining complete, $1.48; fruit plates, $2.68 per dozen. These are prices that will surely make them go. We must have the room for our new fall goods. Don't miss this chance of having something new for your dinner table.

H. LEONARD'S SONS & CO.,
29 and 31 Monroe St.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Notices inserted in this column under classified heads for one cent per word for one day and one half cent per word for each subsequent insertion—payable in advance; no advertisements taken for less than 10 cents.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Apply at once at No. 68 Monroe street. 2

WANTED—Steady, sober and industrious man for light general work; no experience necessary; salary $12 per week. Apply 9 to 61 Wonder building.

WANTED—A girl to do light housework Apply at 58 second street, up stairs. 31

WANTED—An old geography; edition not later than 1860. Call on or address Wilson S. Adams, in stocking street. 1

WANTED—First class pastry cook Apply at once at Livingston hotel Lyon street tf

WANTED—A pastry cook for hotel, wages $25 a month, five living room girl, wages $18 a month; one chamber maid three dishwashers, one for kitchen help, wages $14 a month; one family cook, wages 4 a week. All or address W. L. Dickenson, 58 Monroe street. 31

WANTED—Ten first class machinists, wise hands preferred Call at 95 North Front street. 31

WANTED—Three good, practical, reliable butchers at once. Apply at Western Beef and Provision Co., 7. Canal street. tf

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Grocery store and meat market, very desirable. Enquire Frary & Averill, 99 Ottawa street. 1

FOR RENT—A desirable 8 room modern house on West side; also desirable store on West Bridge street Fitzgerald & Frankford, 50 West Bridge St. tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—Workingmen to look at that accumulation of "to order shirts" from sales not consumated. Will sell them for about one half regular price. Take elevator. Grand Rapids Custom Shirt Co., 19 and 21 south Division street. tf

FIRST ESTATE AND LOANS—To rent, 1 good new houses at $8, 10 and $12 per month For sale, new houses from $800, all the way up, on easy terms. 100 lots for sale on easy terms and low prices—near the center of town. M. C. Ford, 16 Canal street, room 4, and 124 Livingston street tf

TO LOAN—A small amount of eastern money at 7 per cent in sums of $1,000 or less on gilt edge security. John J. Sours, 14 Wonderly block. Phone 989 tf

DO YOU WANT A HOME?—We want you to have one, and have 10 desirable new houses which we will sell cheap either for cash or on easy payments; now is the time to get a home, the time cheap. Fitzgerald & Frankford, 50 West Bridge street, Fifth National bank building. tf

WANTED—Every young man in Grand Rapids to step in and see what we can do with them on a pair of pants or a suit or clothing made to order Voigt, Herpolsheimer & Co. tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A finely furnished confectionery business and in every part, favorably located in this city and doing good business; reason for selling, sickness in family. For prices and terms enquire at this office. 6

FOR SALE—Fixtures and stock of millinery worth from $1,500 to $2,000. Good location for business and dollar a good trade would exchange for a house and lot. John J. Sours, 14 Wonderly block. Phone 989 tf

FOR SALE—or rent cheap. Four small new dwellings on West side. John F. Quigley, agent, 15 wonderly block. tf

FOR SALE—Two story brick block on West Bridge street, or will exchange in part for other property in old within 30 days. Inquire of A. A. Lord, 131 West Bridge street. 1

MARKETS BY WIRE

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, July 31—MONEY—Easy at 2@3½ per cent.

STOCKS—Dull; closed at lowest figures

GOVERNMENT BONDS—Fours, 117¼; sixes, 110

NEW YORK GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

New York, July 31—WHEAT—July, 99¾@1.00; August, 97⅝@98⅛; September, 97⅞@98⅜; October 98⅛@98⅝; December, $1.00⅛@1.00⅝; May, $1.04⅝@1.05⅝

CORN—Weak, dull. No. 2, 75⅛@76.

PORK—Quiet, steady New mess, $12.75@13.50; old mess, $11.25@12.25; extra prime $11.00@11.50.

LARD—Quiet, firm Steam rendered, $6.90.

BUTTER — Fairly active; unchanged; Western dairy, 11@18c.

EGGS—Quiet easy. Western, 17⅝@17½c.

CHICAGO

CHICAGO, July 31.—If commercial civil a legislature business is very quiet and speculation is practically dead, hence there is no inquiry for funds from these sources

Oil Change there was good strength and higher prices early, followed by a decline all around, and this by a strong rally is all markets at the close

WHEAT—Steady Cash, 82@82¼c; July 82¼c; August, 83⅛c bid; September, 83⅛c; December, 85⅛c bid.

CORN—Firm. Cash, 61¾c; July, 62@63¼c; August, 59¾c; September, 57¾c; May, 46c.

OATS—Strong. Cash, 31@31¼c; August, 28¾c; September, 28¼@28¾c.

MESS PORK—Firm. Cash, $11.57½; September, $11.55@11.55½; October, $11.67½@11.60.

DETROIT.

DETROIT, July 31.—Wheat—No. 1 white, cash, 97¾c; No 2 red, cash and July 91¾c; bid; August, 91¾c; December, 94¾c.

CORN—No. 2 cash and July, 66c

OATS—No. 2, cash, 31c; No 2 white, 34c bid.

RECEIPTS—Wheat, 71,500 bu; corn, 3,250 bu; oats, 2,500 bu.

TOLEDO.

TOLEDO, July 31.—Wheat—Higher and steady; cash and July, 97¾c; August, 97¾c; September, 99¼c

CORN—Dull; cash, 65c

OATS—Quiet; cash, 32¼c.

CLOVER SEED—Steady; cash, $4.25; October, $4.35.

LOCAL MARKETS

FINANCIAL.

The bank clearings yesterday were $135,472.37 against $154,294.57 for the day previous and against $118 329 for the corresponding day one year ago.

GRAIN, HAY AND WOOL.

Wheat, o d, 95c; new 85c

Corn, 52@52½c; oats, 42@43c.

Feed, $27.00; meal, $26.50; bran, $17.00.

Hay—In car lots, is quoted as follows: Best timothy, $13.00; No. 1 timothy, $12.00; best clover, $12.00; straw, 60@65 per ton.

Wool—Firm; washed, 30@36c; unwashed, 19@19c.

FARM PRODUCE.

Butter, good demand—Dairy—14c. Creamery, 18@22c

Eggs, 15c; cold, 12@14c.

Potatoes, new, 35@40c bu.; beans, $1.75@2.00 per bu

Peaches, 80@$1.00 per bu.

Honey, 13@16c lb.

Dried apples, 13c for evaporated; common dried, 3@3½c.

JOBBING PRICES—PRODUCE AND FRUITS

The following prices are quoted by the commission houses:

Butter, 14 to 22c.

Peaches, 80@$1.00 per bu.

Potatoes, new 30@35c bu; fresh eggs, 15@16c; beans, hand picked, $2.00 to $2.25; onions, $1.00@1.50 bbl.

Timothy seed, $1.50 to $1.60.

FRESH MEATS AND POULTRY.

Chickens, 10@13c; ducks, 11 to 14 cents; geese, 12½c; Pork, $5.00@5.25; mutton, $7.75@8.25; veal, $5.75@6.25; beef sides, $4.50@4.50; hind quarters, $6 50@6.75.

PROVISIONS, ETC.

Wholesale dealers quote hams at 10½@11c; boneless hams, 9½c; bacon, 9c; dried beef 10½@11c; mess pork, 11.25; shoulders 8½@8½c; standard short cut, $11.50@11.00; clear back, $13.00@14 00; mess beef, $9.50.

Kerosene oil, for water white, 8c; for Michigan test, 7c; gasoline, 8c.

Salt soils, barrel size, at 90c

HIDES AND TALLOW.

Green, 4@5c; part cured, 4½@5c; cured hides 5@5½; calfskins, green, 4½@5c; calfskins, cured, 5@6c; tallow, 4@4½c; pelts. 60c@$1.75; deskin skins, 25@40c.

SUGARS.

Sugars—Cut loaf, 6½c; cubes, 5½c; granulated, 4.56c; standard, 4⅝@4.41c; extra C, 4¼c; yellow C, 3⅝ to 3¾c.

Why Are We Sick?

Call on Dr. S Clay Todd for the particulars

THE NERVINE

—AND—

MECHANICAL TREATMENTS

Are the methods of the family physicians and "so called" surgeons (?)

THEY PLUNGE

A CATHETER, A BOUGIE, OR A SOUND

Into you, unmindful of the fact that your organism is as delicate and as susceptible to pain and injury as their own.

By the use of these instruments a SLIGHT WEAKNESS or a SIMPLE CASE is made a difficult and dangerous disease

Why do they use these instruments in examining you?

They tell you it is to find out where the disease is.

Is it necessary to produce a disease in order to find it?

What is the result of the use of these instruments on you?

Answer: They produce diseases of the prostate gland, neck of the bladder and stricture of the uretha, PROLONGING YOUR SICKNESS AND CAUSING YOU GREAT PAIN AND INCONVENIENCE.

Three-fourths of the strictures are produced by the above instruments. The other fourth are caused by injections.

NERVINES

Nervines shock the brain and nervous centers, thereby preventing you from recovering your health and causing new diseases to set in.

There can be no return to health by these means you will always be sick and always need a doctors services.

Because as soon as you are a little better the instrument is again applied or inserted, or it is time to take another dose of the nervine or some other nervine.

Who ever heard of any one recovering from a disease while his brain was muddled by nervines? Or the system shocked so that the circulation of the blood was checked in vital parts?

On the contrary, how many lose their lives? Or become subject to chronic or established diseases?

The idea that a sick man can take medicines without injury that would kill a well man is false; every way false. The well man you hear from again, the other never, perhaps.

But you will say the druggists strongly recommend you to the doctors who use such treatments.

That is a fact; they sell the instruments and nervines and gain a living thereby.

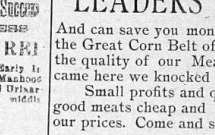
Fully one-half of the physicans would find their occupation gone if they were deprived of the use of these instruments and nervines.

Dr. S. Clay Todd does not use nervines or these instruments in examinations or treatment of diseases as they are of no earthly use, only to prolong the disease you already have or cause you to have one or more new diseases.

Dr. Todd has mild and gentle remedies that you can take without injury or trouble to your stomach, and will cure your complaints quickly and permanently.

Your diseases, when produced by instruments, or from any other cause, are easily cured by Dr. S Clay Todd, the Famous Specialist, 16 North Division street, Rooms 1, 3 and 4, Grand Rapids, Mich.

Make one call if possible.



GENTLEMEN! Here Is Success

GRAND SUCCESS

All Diseases of Men CURED

All Diseases resulting from Early Indiscretions and Excesses of Manhood Overwork of the Brain, etc., all Urinary Diseases of both sexes, young middle aged and old people

CURED

By Dr. S. CLAY TODD, Rooms 1, 3 and 4 Wenham Block, 16 North Division St., Grand Rapids, Mich.

Mich. Consultations free and confidential, from 9 to the morning to 7 at night every day but Sunday

No nervines. They hurt the brain

Keep your head clear.

No Mechanical Treatments

No unnecessary surgical operations

Keep whole, you will live longer and be happier. Make one call if possible.

MILLARD'S OINTMENT

WILL POSITIVELY CURE

Barber's Itch, Eczema, Tetter, Scald Head, Ringworm Pimples, Ulcers, Itch, Erysipelas, Boils and all eruptions of the skin.

Sold by all Druggists. Price 25c or sent postage paid upon receipt of above price.

PREPARED BY
H. E. MILLARD & Co.
Grand Rapids, Mich.

REMEMBER THE

Great Annual Clearance Sale

—OF—

MEN'S PANTS.

250 Men's All Wool Pants, former price $3.50, now go for $2.00 and $2.25. 300 Men's Fine Black and Blue Plain and Fancy Worsted and Cassimere Pants, regular price $5.00, $5.50, $6.00 and $6.50, all go this week, commencing Monday July 13, for only.

$3.50

This is no sham battle, as we never had any but a Genuine Clearance Sale. Come early and secure the best bargain. Remember the place,

84 MONROE STREET 84

Vander Werp, Benjamin Bros. & Co.

A CYCLONE!

Watch For It. Get Ready For It Useless to Go Down Cellar. It Will Find You Anyway.

Originating at our store, sweeping everything before it, spreading smiles, sunshine and happiness in its pathway. Filling the air with every variety of Chairs, Tables, Bedroom Suits, Parlor Suits, Mattresses, Springs, Mirrors, Bookcases, an endless assortment of Carpets, Rugs, Curtains, Stoves, Tinware, Lamps, Crockery and other things too numerous to mention. Be on hand to catch something when it drops and one of our salesmen will give you prices dug from the very bowels of the earth.

Never before have our purchases been one-half so large as for this Fall trade. The outlet from the store is so large and increases so fast, the inlet had to be expanded. So we have whistled "off brakes" and carloads of goods will pour into our store for the next sixty days.

If you wish to see Hustle, Bustle and Rustle by Hustlers, Bustlers and Rustlers, aim your opera glass at our store for the next six months.

WINEGAR FURNITURE CO.,

123, 125, 127 and 129 South Division Street.
160 and 162 Cherry street.

Grand Rapids, Michigan.

We Have Been Doing It, and Are Still Selling

50 Pounds of Good Beef for $1.00

The fact has been demonstrated that we are the

LEADERS OF LOW PRICES

And can save you money. We are direct shippers from the Great Corn Belt of the New and Golden WEST, and the quality of our Meats cannot be beaten. When we came here we knocked HIGH PRICES "galley west."

Small profits and quick sales is our motto. You want good meats cheap and we want your trade. These are our prices. Come and see us and we will please you.

50 lbs Good Beef	$1 00	Good Beef Roast	4@5c
Porterhouse Steak, per pound	10@12½c	Extra Pork Sausage	6@8c
Sirloin " " "	9@10c	Best Frankfort "	8@10c
Round " " "	7@8c	4 lbs Bologna	25c
Good " " "	5@6c	4 lbs Liver	25c
Pork " " "	7½c	4 lbs Pig's Head Cheese	25c
Crystal Leaf Lard " "	7@9c	Pork Roast, per pound	8@9c
Best Rib Roast per pound	8@10c	Pork Steak, "	9@9c

And All Other Meats in Proportion.

We are handling goods in the Smoked Meat Line; a car load just received. The Market is advancing and NOW is the time to buy cheap. We make a specialty of Hotel and Restaurant Orders, and give the same prompt and careful attention. Also fill all desirable Mail Orders with dispatch.

WESTERN BEEF COMPANY, 71 Canal Street.

REMOVAL!

DR. G. F. OWEN, DENTIST, has removed from 68 to 124 Monroe street, Gilbert Block, OVER MORSE'S store. Office telephone 479; residence telephone 540. Take the elevator.