Eight Pages HERALD EXPRESS Eight Pages

FIRST YEAR—NO. 286 GRAND RAPIDS, MICH., SUNDAY, JUNE 21, 1891. PRICE ONE CENT PER COPY. ON TRAINS TWO CENTS.

MURDER AT MANISTEE

JACK KEHOE KILLS HIS MOTHER-IN-LAW

And Fatally Wounds His Wife—A Whisky Soaked Brute's Bloody Work With a Beer Glass.

MANISTEE, June 20—The most brutal murder since the killing of Herbert Fields by Vanderpool, occurred here this morning at 6 o'clock. Jack Kehoe, a noted thug, gambler and crook, has been on a protracted spree for a week, and this morning before opening up his saloon he had some words with his wife, when his mother-in-law, known by the sobriquet of "Mother Duke," interfered. The enraged beast turned on the old woman, and raising a liquor bottle in his hand felled her to the floor, afterwards taking a beer glass and smashing her skull to a jelly. Mrs. Kehoe ran to her mother's assistance, and was struck a horrible blow in the face with the glass, falling insensible. The wretch, intent on making a clean job of the affair, then used the prostrate forms as a target, throwing beer glasses and whisky glasses at the heads of his victims. The mother-in-law never spoke or stirred being found, and the wife is under the care of three physicians, her skull being fractured in three places and her face horribly beaten.

Kehoe was arrested shortly after the tragedy and was satisfied to go to jail after he had one more drink to brace his nerves.

The excitement in the town is intense, and strong talks of lynching are heard.

Kehoe has a most unsavory reputation and has "done time," his last trip being to the Kosciusko jail where he served 90 days for selling liquor without paying the government tax.

CABLE NOTES AND NEWS.

The Triple Alliance to be Renewed—Portugal's Troubles.

LONDON, June 20—The triple alliance is again the chief topic of conversation. One well authenticated rumor is that Rudini has sounded England on its probable attitude toward the question of renewal of the triple alliance that the government officially replied that while it seems prudent for England to remain neutral for the present, it believes it for the best interests of the peace of Europe that a renewal should take place. The English government has further stated, if informally, that Italy can always count on English friendship.

The launching of the new Italian iron clad Sicilia at Venice in July will be a great event, and will have an important political consequence. The British squadron will combine with the German, Italian and Austrian squadrons in a grand naval review. The British squadron will also visit Austria, and for the first time under reign of Francis Joseph that monarch will review a portion of the queen's navy in Austrian waters.

It is stated that Portugal is again ripe for revolution and the next serious attempt will unlike its predecessors of late be successful. The same authority says a large part of the army and navy has been corrupted and as soon as certain arrangements are completed a decisive blow will be struck.

JUMPED FROM A TRAIN.

Great Feat of a Horse While Traveling by Rail.

SARATOGA, N. Y., June 20—Gen. James W. Husted recently bought a blooded, spirited horse of Isaac V. Baker from his stock farm at Comstock's Landing and on Monday the horse was shipped in a special horse car for Pawling, where the Bald Eagle of Westchester county was to receive him. The horse was properly tied to his place in the car and the side doors were fastened on the inside with a pin. All went well for several miles, when the horse was missed by the messenger. On looking out of the car the horse was seen lying on the ground on its back with his four feet high in the air, but fortunately in its jump and fall the horse had rolled over away from the track and escaped the wheels. He had broken the halter, undone the fastening of the side door with his teeth, and as the door gradually slid open had pushed it fully to one side with its head and then jumped from the car while the train was under full motion. Fortunately he suffered no injury and was soon on his feet and over a fence, running the fields with a jubilant sense of freedom. With much effort he was captured and forwarded to his owner by a later train.

ARTIST OR LABORER.

Peculiar Question in the Slavin-Kilrain Fight.

NEW YORK, June 20.—The recent fight between Kilrain and Slavin brings up an important and interesting question and one which the government will be called upon to decide, whether a prize fighter from abroad who comes to this country to engage in a prize fight is an artist or simply a contract laborer. A letter to the barge office called attention to the fact and an official went to interview Slavin, who threatened to throw the official out of the window. Mitchell protested to the Australian, who put both of them out of the room. Mitchell told the official that he and Slavin had made a contract with J. A. Dougherty to come to this country and give sparring exhibitions for $5,000.

DREW A PENSION ILLEGALLY

COLUMBUS, O., June 20—Jacob Longenbaugh, who married a soldier's widow sixteen years ago and failed to report to the pension agency, and who has so far received from his wife and her seven children pension money amounting to $3,600, was arrested today. He is a justice of the peace at Ashland.

The Walla Walla Lynchers Acquitted.

WALLA WALLA, Wash., June 20.—The jury in the case of the six soldiers on trial for the lynching of A. J. Hunt returned a verdict of not guilty today.

Go to Chicago via C. & W. M.

THE COLOR LINE.

Street Cars Will Observe it at Richmond, Virginia

RICHMOND, Va., June 20—The Powhattan club has indeed aroused the people of Richmond by its action yesterday in declaring in favor of separate street cars for white and colored people, and providing for the appointment of a committee to try and bring about this reform. Many prominent people have expressed themselves in favor of separate cars, but most of them regard the move as impracticable. Others, however, insist this can and should be done, and that the reform should extend to all public conveyances and be applicable to all the state. The action of the club has revived the agitation of the question of different railroad coaches for whites and blacks which has been very seriously discussed for several years. Governor McKinney believes that the the two races should be separated on railroads and that provision should be made by the companies to carry out the this object. "I shall," said the governor, "recommend to the next legislature the enactment of a law providing for separate cars for the blacks and whites." A similar law exists in Georgia, Tennessee and probably some other Southern States and the governor believes that it is demanded by the white people of Virginia.

HIGH TARIFF IS DEAD

But He Was a Nice Horse, Not Mean Nor Vicious.

CHICAGO, June 20—Derby day was a great society event here today. Chicago's "400" attended in a body and when the great race started all of the society leaders were present. The day dawned cloudy and with drizzling rain, but toward noon it cleared up and old Sol peeped out from a bank of clouds and cheered everybody. The track was one sea of mud in the morning but the sun's warm rays dried it up somewhat so by o'clock the track was in better shape, but still far from perfect. As early as 1 o'clock Michigan boulevard was lined with fashionable equipages bound for the races and when the race came off 40,000 people witnessed it.

The race was the greatest event in the sporting world. The purse was a rich one, worth $33,000 to the winner. Twelve horses started, but during the race High Tariff dropped dead.

Strathmeath, one of the favorites, won; Post Scriptum second and Kingman third. Time, 2:49¼. Kingman was picked as a winner by many but failed to do better than third. Michael led most of the way around. Strathmeath is owned by Green Morris of Brooklyn, N. Y.

SLAVIN SAILS AWAY

Ready to Fight Sullivan or Any Other Man.

NEW YORK, June 20—An enthusiastic crowd of admirers was at the Cunard pier this afternoon to see Slavin, Mitchell and Pony Moore off on the Aurania. Talking of a possible meeting between himself and John L Sullivan Slavin said he was perfectly willing to fight Sullivan or any other man on the face of the globe, and he held himself in readiness as soon as he landed on the other side to entertain negotiations for a fight. Slavin said: "I am going to England and will spend the summer at Brighton, but will return in October. When Sullivan comes back from Australia I will be pleased to meet him and arrange a fight.

WORKING AN OLD SCHEME.

The Indians Holding Cattle for Ransom.

CHAMBERLAIN, S. D., June 20.—An arrival from the ceded Sioux lands brings information that a band of Sioux Indians have captured one hundred and six head of cattle belonging to white men. It is not known to what man the cattle belongs. The Indians are said to have taken them south of White river, to the Rosebud reservation, where they will probably hold them until the owners pay them $1 per head for taking them up. It is an old scheme of the Indians to replenish their empty pocket books.

A Murder Mystery Cleared Up.

WICHITA, Kan., June 20—For over a year the mystery surrounding the murder of Christopher Helm, a wealthy cattleman, whose body was found on the Cherokee strip riddled with bullets two weeks after he had been killed, has baffled the authorities.

A few days ago a burglar was fatally shot at Cherokee, Tex. Just before dying he confessed that he and a man named Ben Scott killed Helm and robbed his body of a large sum of money. It is said that the authorities have Scott located.

Current News Condensed.

The strike of coal miners at Foster, Iowa, is ended. The men go to work at the old wages.

The shortage in the City National bank of Marshall, Mich., is $100,000. A receiver will be appointed.

Four men were killed and six injured by Friday night's collision on the Illinois Central railroad near Sauve, La.

The leading governments of Europe are considering the advisability of joining interfering and ending the unhappy dissensions in Hayti.

The New York bank statement yesterday was a decided and favorable surprise. The deposits showing an increase of $11,833,200 and the reserve of $5,687,400.

Friday night's storm in Kansas did great damage to the growing crops, and the floods carried away many houses near Fort Scott. One life is known to have been lost.

The British Court of Inquiry has found that the regent of Manipur, who has been accused to death is not guilty of the murder of the English officials killed during the recent massacre.

Sir John E. Gorst, secretary of the English India office, has tendered his resignation. He is thought to be out of sympathy with the cabinet on questions pertaining to the government of India.

STOP in and purchase ten pieces of music for $1 at H. M. & N., No. 23 and 25 South Division street.

BEDROOM suites cheap, Star Furniture Co.

A PLAYFUL COLT.

Caused a Serious Runaway on Monroe Street.

Yesterday afternoon while Walter McNitt, of McNitt Bros., was driving a valuable four-year-old colt for exercise the colt kicked for play, and in some way got the advantage of Mr. McNitt. The colt was hitched with a steadier horse, but for some reason they both became frightened and ran up Monroe street at a furious rate. The colt kicked Wonderly block the come in contact with an iron hitching post and force of the collision was so great that the post snapped like a pine stick. The hind leg of the colt came in contact with the ragged edges of where the broken post and the quarter muscles were badly lacerated. The team, however, kept on until the colt dropped in front of the Immen block. Here the team was brought gently, and after some difficulty in quieting the frightened animal the wound was temporarily cared for and the horse removed to McNitt's stables where two pounds of the quarter muscle flesh was removed. Fortunately Mr. McNitt escaped without being injured.

Church Service Announcements.

The New Church—Rev. George Henry Dole, pastor. Morning subject, "Can we change Our Nature?" Evening subject, "The Uses of Marriage." Sabbath school and adult class at the close of the morning service. Lecture Wednesday evening. Subject, "The State of the Wicked at Death."

Second Street M. E. Episcopal—Rev. W. Henry Thompson pastor. Young Men's Christian band meeting at 9:33. Preaching by the Rev. George Norris of California at 10:30. Sunday school and class meeting at noon. Missions at Lane avenue and Myrtle street at 3 o'clock. Epworth league service at 6:30. The preaching in the evening is taken up for the tent meeting.

Unitarian—Rev. Milo F. Tupper, pastor. Preaching Sunday morning and evening by Rev. T. E. Fordyth of Chicago, western secretary of the American Unitarian association. Morning subject, "The Mystery of Incarnation;" evening subject, "Natural Living."

Fountain Street Baptist—Rev. John L. Jackson, D. D., pastor. Usual services morning and evening. Sunday school at noon. In the evening the pastor will address the graduating class of the West Michigan Business university; subject, "The Education of Moses."

Progressive Spiritualist Society—Meets in Eke's hall, Sunday. Mrs. Moses Hull, speaker. Morning topic, "Reply to the Rev. T. Dewitt Talmage's attack on Spiritualism." Evening, "Jesus and the Medium, or Christ and Mediumship."

Trinity Church—Holy communion at 8 o'clock. Matins at 10:30. Subject, "Innocence." Evening, at 7:30, "The Temper and Disposition of Jehoiakim." Sunday school and Bible class at 3 p. m. Henry H. Johnston, rector.

Ames M. E. Church—Rev. D. E. Paddock, field manager of Revival Band, will preach at 10:30. The pastor, Rev. A. Sivin, will exchange in the evening with Rev. W. A. Frye of the Plainfield Avenue church.

South Congregational—Rev. Dr. Frank Wells, pastor. Preaching service at 10:30 a. m. by Rev. H. A. McIntyre, and at 7:30 p. m. by the pastor. Prayer meeting of the Christian Endeavor society at 6:30.

Plainfield Avenue Congregational—Rev. J. T. Husted, pastor. Services morning and evening. Sunday school at noon. Young People Society of Christian Endeavor at 6:30 p. m.

Universalist (Ladies' Literary club house, Sheldon street)—Rev. Dr. Charles Fluhrer, pastor. Annual Children's Day exercises of the children at 10:30 a. m. No evening service.

Soldiers' Home—Rev. R. C. Crawford, pastor. Prayer meeting at 9:30 by the pastor. Prayer meeting at 7:30 p. m. All are invited to attend these services.

German M. E.—Rev. H. Pfeiffer, pastor. Sunday school at 9 a. m. Services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Young people's meeting at 6:30 p. m.

Lagrave Street Christian Reformed—Rev. J. M. D. Bacon, pastor. Services at the usual hours morning and evening, conducted by the pastor.

Plainfield Avenue M. E. Church—Rev. W. A. Frye, pastor. Preaching morning and evening by pastor. Epworth league at 6:30 p. m.

Church of Christ (Scientist)—Good Templars' hall, Sixth Division street, at 10:30 a. m.; Sunday school following.

Sues the Sheriff

Jay F. Ferris has commenced suit in the Circuit court against John McQueen to recover certain goods taken by Mr. McQueen as sheriff. The goods are alleged to have been the property of one Finn, and that when seized by the sheriff on a writ of attach nent and consisted of a stock of merchandise and store fixtures located a Cedar Springs.

Will Elect a School Commissioner.

Secretary of State Soper has called the attention of County Clerk Harvey to the new law which requires the board of supervisors to meet on the fourth Monday in June of each year to elect a county commissioner of schools and two school examiners. Secretary A. H. Smith is a candidate for school commissioner and will probably be elected.

A Fatal Texas Duel.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., June 20.—A dispatch from Oakville, Texas, says that Nell Rix and Tom Lasater had a dispute about some business matters, which terminated in a duel with men drawing pistols and shooting at each other. When the smoke had cleared away Lasater was found to have been shot and killed, while Rix received a slight wound.

Swindled Knights of Honor

ARKANSAS CITY, KAN., June 20—Eugene S. Stark, organizer of Knights and Ladies of Honor, has swindled the lodges at Guthrie, Oklahoma City, Purcell and other points out of hundreds of dollars. He also victimized several farmers with forged drafts.

No News in This

SAN FRANCISCO, June 20—Jack Barnett, Sullivan's trainer, has reiterated his statements of yesterday that there is positively nothing in the sensational stories published in the papers that Sullivan and Slavin are about to be matched.

Go to Detroit via D., L. & N.

POLICE COURT MATTERS

Another Chapter in the Trial of George Houts for Stoning Cars on Fulton Street.

Peter Haan, an old-time sport, was committed to the county jail yesterday by Justice Westfall, in default of a fine of $2 and costs, for being drunk. Wm. English, for being drunk, was discharged on suspended sentence. Albert Wolk, one of the first arrests made in connection with the strike for placing obstructions on the car tracks, and charged with disorderly conduct, was discharged yesterday on suspended sentence. Michael Conway, also arrested in connection with the street car strike and charged with a breach of the peace, paid $1.50 costs and was discharged on suspended sentence "No great love without some small grace."

The disorderly case for yelling "scab" brought against Charles Wrege, was adjourned until June 27. June 24 was the day set for hearing the disorderly case against Frank Van Zoeren.

E. Sautell, arrested for violating the dog ordinance, satisfied Justice Westfall that the dog had been properly disposed of, and the case was nolle pros'd.

John Bark, arraigned for violating the dog ordinance, pleaded not guilty, and the case was adjourned until June 29. Charles Holman, in whose possession ex-Mayor Winnes' stolen buggy was found, was arraigned on a warrant for grand larceny, and in default of $500 bail, was committed to await an examination set for June 24.

The truancy case against little Henry Smith was adjourned to June 23.

At 3:15 after a private session with Captain Johnson and Fred S. Clark Justice Westfall walked into the Police court room and called the deadly assault case of the people against George E. Houts, one of the union car drivers examined for throwing stones at a "scab" to the Fulton street court while he—Houts—at the time the stones were thrown was two miles from the place. The stenographer who took the evidence last week for the defense testimony said Justice Westfall said he understood Mr. McBride, Houts' attorney, had two more witnesses to examine, but it appeared since the Brief Court Clerk—had found two more witnesses, one John D. Newman, a sidewalk maker living on Grand avenue. He was sworn and testified to knowing of the trouble at the East Fulton street cemetery. He swore he saw Houts the night of the trouble while he was going to a grocery store. He did not know Houts personally, but was strongly impressed that he saw Houts. He had made mistakes in identifying men, but thought he was not mistaken about Houts. A Democrat reporter who was present in court as soon as the examination commenced vacated his seat, held a conversation with Fred S. Clark and withdrew from the room, Mr. Clark following the reporter, soon afterwards returning. The witness swore he saw Houts gripping on the Lyon street line up to four weeks before the strike. It was shown that Mr Houts never gripped on the Lyon street line since the Bridge street line was started. His work was confined as a gripman to the North Ottawa line. In February, when the South line was flooded, he collected four days on the Lyon street line and had never been up on the Lyon street line since February.

Court then took a recess of five minutes to give the complaining witness to get John Maddigan, divisin superintendent of the road. Mr. Maddigan swore Houts never took a train up the hill; that the night man took Houts' train up to the power house. The people's attorney announced that he did not know whether there were any more witnesses in the case, and the examination was confined until July 26. Patrick Finn, jr., was tried by the court for yelling "scab." The evidence showed that Finn with two companions were sitting on a stairway about 50 feet from a passing street car, on which one of Supt. Eastman's fresh "coppers" born and raised in the sand hills of "Egypt," in the northeast corner portion of Kent county, and recently imported to protect "scabs" from insult while taking the place of honest toilers, was riding. The "guy" swore he had known Finn for some time; was familiar with his voice; had talked with him once during the past two years in the Bridge street house. The police claimed to have two men equally as important witnesses as the "guy," but could not find them. Mr Finn's witnesses swore they were a long ways from Commodore's building, and that Mr. Finn did not yell "scab" or anything else. They were talking about going fishing the following day. The complaining witness was going on until the "copper" arrested Finn. After hearing the evidence of three witnesses who testified to substantially the same facts Justice Westfall discharged the defendant.

The dog case brought against John Wassenaar was continued until June 22. The James Dale and T. W. Kelly saloon case was continued until June 27.

BASE BALL

The Hoosiers Took a Great Tumble Yesterday.

The last game of the series between the home team and the Evansville's, was played yesterday before an audience of nearly 500. The home team did not commence to play ball until the sixth inning, when they bunched their hits and made three runs. The next inning, encouraged by four successes, they knocked out seven runs, Bridinstein and Rooks leading the procession to glory by home runs. The score by innings is as follows:

Grand Rapids..... 0 0 0 0 0 3 7 0 0—10
Terre Haute..... 1 0 0 0 0 4 1 1 0—7

The home team left on the 6 o'clock train for Terre Haute, the Evansville's going to Fort Wayne.

Carson and Wilwerth will be the battery for the Westons this afternoon in their game against the Kusterer nine. The game will be called at 3:30.

BEDROOM suites cheap, Star Furniture Co.

THE best strings for banjos in this hot weather is the silk E. You can get them at H., M. & N., 23 and 25 South Division street.

BEDROOM suites cheap, Star Furniture Co.

THE STRIKE SITUATION

A Change Noticed in Police Court Proceedings.

During the past 24 hours there has been but little change in the street car strike except at the Police court room. When the strike was first declared Justice Westfall showed a disposition to use proper judgment in imposing fines for trivial arrests. This spirit continued until the famous gathering of "drop a (Joe) penny in the slot and get a Justice Westfall." Immediately after this famous gathering it was noticed that Justice Westfall changed his tactics and imposed the heaviest fines for trivial offenses. Bailiff Holmes famous packed jury was the next feature of the strike, and until the death of Judge Holmes those arrested in connection with the strike received few courtesies, from Justice Westfall. But as soon as Judge Holmes was laid in his grave, and a successor of a new order was installed, the justice again seemed to soften and joined the popular tide, and for the past two days not a conviction has been recorded in connection with the arrested for yelling "scab," although several have been tried, and yesterday the heretofore smiling countenance of Fred S. Clark assumed a clouded appearance.

Today is formal opening day at Reed's Lake, and excellent service from the Fulton street cemetery to the Lake will be given by the electric road. To accommodate the public who wish to get to the electric road, union carrymen will leave Campau square at 10 o'clock, and return at 6. Donations yesterday to the strikers' fund was from subscription $1 20; machine hands at Odell cabinet works, $26 60; K. of L. No. 3 $29 $3 25.

The Police Denounced

We, the wood carvers of Grand Rapids, wishing to place on record our disapproval of the action of the police officials in their manner of arresting union men of the city in the night, thus leaving their families without protection from thugs with which the city seems to be infested, notwithstanding the opportunity of apprehending them at a more seasonable hour.

Resolved, that we publicly express our disapproval of such action, evidently inspired by a desire to persecute union men, and a copy of this resolution be sent to the MORNING PRESS for publication. By order of

GRAND RAPIDS WOOD CARVERS' ASSOCIATION.

The Company Had Nothing to Arbitrate

Telegram-Herald: One of the little concomitants of the recent "strike" is allowance of $778 on special police account. The end is not yet.

TRAIN DITCHED AT HASTINGS

Narrow Escape for the Engineer and Fireman.

Yesterday morning while the express train on the Michigan Central with conductor J. Kelsey and engineer Charles Bankson was running Hastings, the engineer did not notice that the target at the crossing of the C., K. & S. was turned the wrong way, and the engine and baggage car were thrown down a twelve foot embankment, the engine turning completely over. The fireman and engineer staying on the engine and miraculously escaping with a few slight bruises. The baggage car was turned over on its side, the baggageman also escaping with a shaking up.

Last Night's Fire.

The alarm of fire last evening at 10:03 from box 343 was occasioned by a small blaze in a barn in the rear of 528 South Division street. The barn erected at a cost of $600, and owned by W. R. Park and Mr. Wm. Hoffman, Charles A. Co occupied the barn as a repository for loose baled hay and feed and their loss is greater than that of Mr. Park. They had insured their respective shares but it is stated that Mr. Park was not insured. The entire loss will not exceed $600.

Rechabites Will Entertain.

At the entertainment of the Rechabites to be given on next Wednesday evening at the McMullen block, Deputy High Chief Rulers Lawton and Ward will appear as Rechabites of two thousand years ago. Rulers Hayes and Co will officiate at the ceremonies. The charter members will take part. Address by D. H. C. R. Lawton. Miss Lena Mead will preside at the piano. All are invited to attend and learn of the Rechabites, both ancient and modern.

Judge Adsit's Court.

Judge Adsit of the Circuit court in the replevin case of Henry W. McBryer against John McQueen rendered a judgment for plaintiff of 6 cents and costs with proceedings stayed 20 days and a further stay of 40 days upon filing proper bond. In the chancery case of Charles Scott against Edward H. Masterson et al. the pleading and proof were heard in open court.

Chancery cases on call Monday, 22, 11, 16 and 24.

The Strike at the Jail

The incipient strike at the county jail has been declared off and the five prisoners have returned to work. The turn-out was made by a more experienced hand in manipulating strikes than the street car company and, by Fred S. Clark.

Attention, Veterans!

There will be a meeting of soldiers and sailors of the late war at Shanahan's hall, Plainfield avenue, Thursday evening June 25, 8 o'clock sharp, for the purpose of organizing a G. A. R. post.

By Order of Committee.

A Lively Game at Alger Park.

A match game of base ball will be played at Alger Park between the Westons and the Kusterer nines at 3:30 this afternoon. A fine exhibition of ball playing may be expected.

YOU want a good guitar, banjo, and autoharp to take out on the lake. See what H., M. & N., 23 and 25 South Division street can do for you in that line.

FANCY rockers, large stock and cheap, Star Furniture Co.

You can get genuine, reliable shoes at O'Hara's at reasonable prices, and it will pay you to call.

BEDROOM suites cheap, Star Furniture Co.

LUDDINGTON'S CASE.

The Prisoner to be Brought Out on a Writ of Habeas Corpus.

George Luddington, it will be remembered was convicted in the Superior court last week of assault and battery and sentenced to one year and six months at Ionia. The complainant was a boy by the name of Mann who has figured largely in the case and attained quite an unsavory reputation. Luddington and Mann quarrelled last fall over some chewing tobacco and the quarrel resulted in an attack by Luddington. It was alleged Luddington chased Mann and cut him in the back with a knife and was arrested for deadly assault. Mann, it was alleged, was confined to his bed and the case was continued from time to time awaiting Mann's recovery. The examination was finally taken from day to day and after dragging along until April the people announced that their case was finished and the defense made a motion to quash which was denied and more time was consumed by the defense to get in their evidence. A court stenographer was employed at the expense of the people and many witnesses sworn, who knew absolutely nothing of the case and the people's money paid the entire expense, amounting to hundreds of dollars. The case finally reached the Superior court where another large expense was incurred and and after hearing the evidence the jury returned a verdict of guilty as charged in the indictment, the sentence of the court was pronounced as stated above, which to all intents was well and good, but now the whole matter is to be brought up again by Luddington's friends, who through his attorney, Mr. Earl, have taken out a writ of habeas corpus before Judge Burlingame, alleging in their affidavit that the offence for which Luddington was convicted came under the jurisdiction of the police or justice courts, and that the sentence was out of reason with the verdict of the jury. Luddington will be returned on the habeas corpus, and the matter will again be argued before Judge Burlingame.

Married Last Evening.

William Collister and Miss Jennie Runyon were married last night at the residence of John Gibbs, 157 Shawmut avenue, by Rev. J. W. VanKirk. The occasion was one of much enjoyment as the couple have a great many friends who wish them a happy voyage through life. After a bounitful supper was disposed of the guests departed. The couple will be glad to meet their friends at 77 Jennette street.

Masonic Reception.

The president and board of trustees of the Michigan Masonic Home association will hold an informal reception at the home, Wednesday afternoon (St. John's Day), from 1 to 6 o'clock. A cordial invitation is extended to the Masonic fraternity in particular and the citizens generally to be present at that time.

Painfully Injured.

James Hanlen, giving his residence as Jackson; sustained a painful injury to his left ankle last evening, at the corner of Hall and South Division streets. The patrol wagon was called and Hanlen removed to the U. B. A. home. It is stated the injury was caused from attempting to alight from a street car.

The Boat Carnival at the Beach

A large crowd attended the boat carnival at Ottawa Beach last night. Every thing passed off as smooth as silk, the boats were dressed magnificently and presented a fine appearance and the visitors to the Beach were so impressed with their surroundings that they will no doubt call again.

A Sad Accident.

Tommie Blodgett, the 3-year-old son of Myron A. Blodgett of Fourth street, died yesterday morning from the effects of falling and puncturing his skull on a nail. The accident occurred about a week ago, and the little fellow suffered greatly until relieved by death.

High School Alumni Officers

The annual meeting of the Central High school alumni was held Friday night and elected officers as follows:

President—William Nourse, '91.
Vice President—Frank L. Bowen, '92
Secretary—Anna Turner, '87.
Treasurer—Harry L. Cresswell, '87.

The Gospel Temperance Meeting

The following programme will be rendered at this afternoon's gospel temperance meeting in the McMullen block:

PART ONE.

Song Service led by the I. O. G. T. Choir. "Beautiful Words," 384. "Why not Why not?" 365. "Time Flies," 374. "Sweet By and By" 303.
Gospel Hymns, 1, 2, 3 and 4.

PART SECOND.

Devotions.....Rev. W. A. Frye
Selection.....Otto Quartette
Recitation.....Hazel Lord
Selection.....Otto Quartette
Singing—"I Be My Name Written There," 348.....Everybody
Recitation—"The English Sparrow Must Go".....Daisy Blanchard
Solo—"Lord, at Thy Mercy Seat," (Adsit).....David Forbes
Singing—"Marching to Zion," 390. Everybody
The services will commence at 4 p. m. sharp.

Bishop McInnrey Highly Honored.

ALBANY, N. Y., June 20.—Pope Leo has just conferred the title of count of the Roman empire on McInerney, of Albany. No other American representative of the church ever received that honor.

The date for the High school alumni picnic at Ottawa Beach has been fixed for Wednesday, July 1. A special train will leave the Union depot, and return at 8.35. Tickets may be purchased at the book stores, or from members of the committee. They will not be sold at the ticket office.

If you wish a genuine bargain in shoes you can find it at Thelsen & Brogger's, 62 West Bridge street.

BEFORE going away to the summer resorts supply yourself with strings and music at H., M. & N., 23 and 25 South Division street.

IF don't pay to buy poor shoddy shoes when you can get reliable goods at O'Hara's, at reasonable prices.

FANCY rockers, large stock and cheap, Star Furniture Co.

THE COOK WELL SYSTEM

HOW THE WATER IS FOUND AND GATHERED.

Cities in Which it Has Proved Successful—Location and Result of the Thirteen Test Holes.

The system of water supply which the Cook Well company proposes to put in for this city is called the tube well system. A main is laid in the ground about four feet below the surface. At varying distances on either side of this main eight inch tubes are sunk into the earth for a sufficient distance to strike flowing water, which ranges from 30 to 90 feet, according to locality. These tubes are connected with the main by pipes of the same diameter, which enter the main at right angles. The tubes are made of standard wrought iron with patent iron strainers at the bottom. The tubes are tight and the water which flows into them comes through the strainer from the bottom of the well. The main can be made to extend any distance necessary. When a vein of ground water is found a system of tubes can be sunk along it for half a mile or more until sufficient flow is secured to meet the demand. The accompanying cuts will give some idea in a general way of the method of sinking wells under the Cook Tube system.

The system is now in use in Memphis, Terre Haute, Fort Wayne, Dayton and many other cities. Dayton claims the best water of any city in the world. The Dayton Journal says: "During the months of July and August, 1887, the board of water works constructed in the bed of Mad river a series of tube wells, thirty in number, eight inches in diameter and an average depth of forty feet. The water from these wells flows of its own accord, rising above the tops of the wells and above the level of Mad river, an average of three feet. The temperature of the water in some of these wells is about 36 degrees. These wells are all connected with a 20 inch main pipe leading to the pumping station; the water is not exposed in reservoirs or other receptacles as in other cities, where too often injurious matter is allowed to concentrate. The supply seems inexhaustible; however, should the growing population in the future require more water, additional wells can be added to the plant at a trifling cost. With the machinery now under construction the water works will have a capacity to pump $17,000,000 gallons of water per day.

The Test Wells.

The Cook Well company has put down 13 test wells at various points in this neighborhood. The report of the engineer of the results of each boring is as follows:

Well No. 1—Settling basin; 28 feet to rock; no flow.

Well No. 2—Grand avenue and Bridge street; 50 feet to clay; all sand and gravel from top down; 37 feet of clay; total depth, 87 feet; good flow. This is considered a fine location and will be developed.

Well No. 3—Two hundred feet south of well No. 2; 65 feet to clay; all gravel; water came to the surface as in well No. 2.

Well No. 4—East Bridge street; half mile east of Grand avenue; 14 feet to clay; 43 feet of gravel; total depth, 90 feet; water stands two feet from the surface.

Well No. 5—Madison avenue south of fair grounds; 37 feet of gravel, 60 feet of clay, total depth 97 feet; well not good.

Well No. 6—One mile south of well No. 5, on Plaster creek; 50 feet of clay and gravel mixed; not good.

Well No. 7—Alpine avenue, south of the Grand Rapids & Indiana railroad; 83 feet of rock, all clay; not good.

Well No. 8—Sand pit west of well No. 7; 18 feet of gravel with water, six feet of blue clay, 16 feet of gravel and water, total depth 40 feet; good well.

Well No. 9—Mill creek, one-quarter mile northwest of well No. 8; 10 feet of clay, 38 feet of gravel, total 48 feet; good well.

Well No. 10—At Fuller & Rice's mill, north of well No. 7; 31 feet of clay, then rock; not good.

Well No. 11—One and one-half miles north of well No. 10, on line of the Grand Rapids & Indiana railroad; 10 feet of blue clay; 26 feet of coarse gravel; total depth, 36 feet to rock; water flows 1½ feet above surface; good well.

Well No. 12—North of West Michigan fair grounds, 1¼ miles north of well No. 11, on line of Grand Rapids & Indiana railroad; 53 feet, all gravel; water two feet from surface; good well.

Well No. 13—Opposite North park, on gravel road, about half way between Well Nos. 11 and 12; 5 feet of blue clay; 10 feet of gravel, with plenty of water; 7 feet of clay; 22 feet of gravel, with an abundance of water; flows four feet above surface of the ground; water comes from the bottom gravel.

They Sell the Best

Did you ever drink tiddle de wink soda? If not call at B. Schrouder & Co's, corner of East Bridge and Clancy streets and get some. You do not have to go clear down town to enjoy a nice cool exhilerating drink. If your doctor tells you to go to a certain store and purchase a prescription, take it to him, go to Schrouder & Co's., their registered pharmacists are reliable as any in the world, and while you are waiting for your prescription get a drink of tiddle de wink.

MAY E. BAKER, of Chicago, independent slate-writing medium. Sittings from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m., at the S. P. A. Home, 30 Sinclair street.

THOSE $2 dongola shoes that O'Hara is selling this week cannot be had elsewhere for $3 00.

A FULL line of all kinds and sizes of good shoes cheap at Thelsen & Brogger's, 62 West Bridge street.

FRUIT Cream Soda.
WHITE & WHITE.

GET Burkhardt's prices before you buy any furniture.

BARGAINS, Star Furniture Co.

FOR A NEW DEAL.

The People Demand New Men as Well as New Measures.

ALLURING PROMISES WON'T DO.

Why It Is Easier to March the Reform Army Under Its Own Banner Than to Divide It Under Old Party Leaders. The Old Parties May Be Forced to Change Platforms but Not Leaders.

[Copyright, 1891, by the Reform Press News Association.]

The Vermont Farmers' league held a great meeting at Montpelier the other day at which public grievances and other political questions were vigorously discussed. Some of the demands which were formulated were the same as those made at Ocala and Omaha, and some were different. The sub-treasury plan, for instance, was not favorably received. But what of it? The essential fact is that the farmers of Vermont and of New England, yes, and the laborers of that section, too, are sick and tired of the manner in which the public affairs of this country are administered. They have been robbed and deceived and bulldozed long enough. They believe the time has come for a new deal. And this brings me to a point which is often lost sight of in the great agitation which is arousing the country.

* * * * * *

The impending revolution is as much a revolt against leaders as against measures. Both the old parties have got out of the hands of the people. They no longer represent the will of the majority of their members. They are controlled absolutely by rings of politicians and office holders, who ignore or defy the common people. The Democratic "machine" and the Republican "machine" are twin oligarchies. In slang phrase the people are "not in it." So complete is the control of both machines in the hands of the money power and other corrupt influences, that the only hope of an outraged people seems to lie in a political revolution. It appears to be easier for the people to regain the scepter of power by the creation of a new party than by the capture of either of the old ones.

* * * * * *

What a picture! The people of a great republic struggling to gain control of their own government! What has made such a spectacle possible? The unfaithfulness of public servants, and nothing else. The purpose of the people to punish that unfaithfulness is unanimous. Even those who believe in striving for reform through the old parties agree in that. See it all through the south, where old local Democratic leaders are giving place to new men. This purging of the dominant party is possible in some localities, but how about the whole nation? The army of reform is divided between both parties in its past affiliations. Each party is controlled by a ring. Everybody knows that. Both party rings are controlled by one other outside ring—the goldbugs. Everybody knows that too. Now, how is the army of reform, divided in half, to defeat first, one of the political or party rings, and through it the goldbugs? No matter what promises by the old parties are made—and they will be meant to deceive in any event—the army of reform cannot be marched by anybody's order into either the Republican or Democratic camp. It can be marched under its own banner, many millions strong, into a camp of its own!

* * * * * *

There is the logic of the whole political situation clear as daylight. Does it not make compromise with either of the old parties out of the question? The demand of reform is for new men as well as new measures. That is a demand which neither the Republican nor the Democratic party will ever grant. They would swallow the whole Alliance platform if forced to it; but give up control of the machine? Never! That would mean the destruction of the power behind the throne. That would mean the downfall of plutocracy. That would mean the restoration of the people to power.

* * * * * *

Be not deceived by oily offers of platform concessions. They cost nothing. They mean little. What if one or both parties in final panic next year incorporate all the Alliance demands in its platform. What will it amount to, provided the same men and influences still control the party? It is no unprecedented thing for a party to be false to its platform. Indeed, it has become so common that it excites little surprise, and if the people in disgust turn to the other party, the goldbugs behind the scenes laugh and rub their hands and say to each other, "What fools these mortals be." What cares Wall street which party is in power as long as it controls both?

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When one of the old parties says to the reform army, "Name our candidates," then we can accept their professions of sympathy with some faith in their sincerity. But that day will never come. A sop or two will be thrown to the reform leaders. That's all. Let me give you a sample. One of the old party machines recently made overtures, the substance of which was that the reform party might name their candidate for vice president in 1892! What an insult! And what fools the politicians are to think the exasperated people of this country are to be caught by such chaff. The vice presidency has been the empty honor with which both parties have paid awkward, political debts for years. It goes always either to a bag of money or to a disappointed candidate for the first place on the ticket. The incumbent of the office is merely a waiter for dead men's shoes. If the president dies he becomes somebody—not otherwise.

* * * * * *

It is by promises of all sorts of concessions within the next year that the old party leaders will try to check the third party movement. To the people of the south these assurances will be made more alluring than to all others. Let them not be deceived. Local supremacy, state control of party and officers, ample concessions in national platforms, all will be laid at their feet with the most solemn protestations of loyalty to the interests of the farmer. But southern Democrats no longer control the national Democratic machine. There will be no changes made in the law of the land which Wall street does not approve.

* * * * * *

I believe that all the cunning and manifold devices which will be used to check the reform movement in the next year will fail. I believe the eyes of the people are open at last. I believe that nothing will be allowed to stand in the way of the execution of their will. But the victory will be won only at the price of eternal vigilance and of self sacrificing devotion to a common cause. Now, then, let the farmers of Vermont and the farmers of Kansas, the toilers of New York and the toilers of New Orleans work for the common end—the supremacy of the common people in this broad land of ours. Stop not to quarrel over measures. There are men in the reform ranks who can be trusted to remedy the grievances which oppress the masses. The first thing necessary is to discharge unfaithful servants and employ new ones. The old ones will change their professions twice a day if necessary to hold their places. That won't do. The people of this country demand a new deal, or I misjudge all the signs of the times.

H. R. CHAMBERLAIN

THE ALLIANCE AND THE NEW PARTY

President Polk's Paper Clearly Indicates What the Farmers Will Do.

President Polk's paper, The Progressive Farmer, of Raleigh, is outspoken regarding the attitude of the Alliance toward the People's party. It says:

The question What will the Alliance do with the new party? is on the lips of tens of thousands of anxious people today. Well, it ought not to take much wisdom to answer that question. The new party has adopted the Alliance demands into its platform. Does any one suppose that intelligent Alliance men will vote against a party that adopts those demands and in favor of a party that not only fails to adopt, but resists those demands? The western Alliance states have already gone into the new party. Will not the necessity for Alliance unity force the other Alliance states to go into the new party also?

We see no way to prevent the new party from sweeping the country except the simple one of cheerfully conceding to the people every one of their just demands. If the Alliance men are to be blamed for going into the new party, then a hungry child can be blamed for going to some one who can and will furnish him food. Gentlemen of the old parties, if the time comes when your ranks shall be broken, your leaders overthrown and your heritage taken from you, do not blame the Alliance for your ruin. The people represented by the Farmers' Alliance have petitioned and begged and pleaded and prayed for relief all these years; and the haughty minions of political power have spurned both them and their petitions and prayers. Do not blame them for your overthrow, but blame your own blind and miserable folly.

The action lately taken by the conference at Cincinnati has made the future of our politics so uncertain as to throw the old party leaders into consternation. They do not know, "and no fellow can tell them," into whose hands they are going to fall. It seems to us that no good can come to these leaders and the parties they represent so long as these people stand shivering in their places expecting disaster. If these people really want to save themselves from defeat let them get together and throw their corrupt leaders overboard and address themselves manfully to the work of reforming the final system.

Beginning to See the Signs of the Times.

The farmers of Missouri are so disgusted with the work of the last legislature that the politicians of both the old twins are quaking in their boots. Every day brings fresh proof that they cannot be divided any longer by the schemes of the old party bosses, the "reform within the old parties" racket is played out; they have tried it and it has proved a miserable failure. The farmers are ripe for independent political action. They know that they will never get justice through either of the old parties who are both owned and controlled by the money power; they cannot be fooled any longer. Those who have been boasting that they will be able to control the Alliance vote in 1892, and stand in the way of progress as they did last fall, will find out that they have "reckoned without their host."—Bevier (Mo.) Appeal.

Both Fighting Reform.

Does any member of our order who was formerly a Republican, but is now voting for "Bettie and the babies," think that this reform revolution is a Democrat trick? If so just let him select a dozen of the leading Democrat papers of the south, and observe the vitriolic fusilade of ridicule, misrepresentation and abuse which they are pouring into our order, its officers and principles. If he was a Democrat and thinks it a Republican trick get a few Kansas, Nebraska and Iowa Republican papers, and read them. That will be sufficient if he is possessed of common horse sense.—Butler (Mo.) Union.

The most dreaded class of people at this day are the very rich and the very poor. One is made pompous and overbearing by the possession of wealth, while the other is made vicious by hunger, cold and the pleading of famishing family. Although both are to be dreaded, they cannot be amalgamated, as liberty and slavery are too foreign to each other to allow blending together. Thus we have the very rich to fear by their superior financial advantage, and the extremely poor to fear by inferior financial conditions. More of an equality is what will save the nation.—Winfield (Kan.) Free Press.

He Missed His Chance.

A couple of property owners were inspecting some plots of land near the Luxembourg palace, when one of them remarked, "Look here, I remember the time when I could have had a good slice of this land for the price of a pair of boots."

"Why didn't you buy it then?"

"I wanted the boots worse."—Le Petit Journal.

In localities exposed to the north cerk is better than in those exposed to the south, and it is seldom found in calcareous soil, preferring always that of the felspar, this being found principally in the province of Gerona. It grows and develops in ground of very little depth, and sometimes in very stony ground.

SAM'S PHILOSOPHY.

He and Kate Married Because They Found Themselves so Old and Poor.

Half a dozen men were discussing the problem of marriage in the cafe of the Southern society one evening.

"These young New Yorkers make me very weary," said a Kentucky colonel. "I mean these young fellows who, though in receipt of good incomes, spend all their money in tomfoolery, and then say they can't afford to marry."

"I agree with you, colonel," said a Maryland gentleman from Princess Anne county. "If a man wants to marry he never reckons the cost. I am reminded of a story of our two old house servants. They had both been in our family for years. When the emancipation proclamation was signed we told them that they were free. We sympathized with the north during the war, you know.

"We could scarcely drive them away with a club, however." They had been born and reared on the place. Sam had lost his wife. He was eighty years of age. Old Kate was our 'mammy.' She was sixty or seventy. Her husband was killed duck shooting a dozen years before the war. It was a great blow to the old people when we told them they would have to go. They did not want to leave us and hustle for themselves, but we could ill afford to keep them at that time. It was particularly hard for the old 'mammy.' She thought we children all belonged to her.

"Finally we compromised the matter and let old Kate have the use of one of the cabins and work on the place. Sam went to live in a little shanty in the town a mile or two away. Kate did washing and Sam did washing too, whenever he could get a job—whitewashing I mean.

"We were astonished one day at hearing that these old creatures, each with one foot in the grave, had married. My father sent me to Sam to learn if the report was true. I found him whitewashing the wooden fence around his shanty.

"'Sam,' I said, 'what in the world have you and old Kate been up to, marrying at your age? What did you do it for?'

"'Why, Massa Will,' he replied, 'yo see it war this way. Ole Kate an' I were a talkin' an' I say to ole Kate, "Kate, we po' fool niggers. Is done live 'bout's long's I ker to."

"'An Kate,' she say, "I dunno 'bout dat, Sam, but guess yo' is tellin' de truff."

"'So Kate, she say as how she's ole too, an' can't grow much ol'er, an' how she po' an' can't be no poo'er. An' so we 'clude to get married, kase we can't be no ol'er, no' poo'er when we's married, den when Kate is juss Kate an' Sam's juss Sam.'

"And so those two old darkies were married," said the Princess Anne man, "because they were old and could not live much longer, and because they were poor and could not be any poorer, whether they were single or married."—New York Herald.

You Don't Tire of Them.

There are people of whom one never tires, no matter how often one sees them nor how intimate the associations may be. There is about them that air of perpetual charm and variety that makes them delightful companions. They are sure to be good tempered. There is never any fear of finding them in a pet, nor a prey to some ill humor wholly unreasonable and unexplainable.

They are pleased when you are pleased and interested in what you have to say. They are so sympathetic that your ills and troubles become their own, and your friends become so dear to them that not for the world would they do anything to rob you of them. Sometimes with these bright, sweet natures you find the added charm of originality, and when you come across such a one treasure it and preserve it as one of the pearls of your life, for seldom indeed are talent, originality and good nature found combined in one mortal frame. A nature that is so richly endowed is threefold talented. It has the talent of magnetism, the talent of keeping good natured and the priceless talent of originality, which, as Rudyard Kipling says, is not the discovery of anything new, but is rather a new way of looking at old things. And that makes it all the more delightful.—New York World.

The First Woman.

By the way, speaking of Eve, why is not her name, in its English and Bible form, bestowed upon more little girls? Eva is common enough; it is simply the Latin form of the name. No doubt parents often bestow it in this form without thinking that they are naming a daughter for the naughty mother of all mankind, whose "moral taste" for green fruit brought death into the world and all our woe. But this is an age of rehabilitation, and Eve has been pretty thoroughly rehabilitated in character herself. A great many really good women are not so sure but they would have done just the same as she did under the same circumstances. But whether or not Eve has been vindicated or needs vindication she had a very pretty name. Bestowed upon girl or woman, and without any final s—Just plain Eve—no name could be more charming.—Boston Transcript.

Freedom.

A touching story was told of Tamberlik, the tenor singer. Passing through Madrid one bright spring morning, he visited the bird market and bought every bird in it. He ordered the cages to be carried into the Plaza and opened. The sunny air was filled with a fluttering host, and from hundreds of tiny throats burst songs of delight. Tamberlik looked after them with tears of pleasure in his eyes, crying, "Go, and be free, my brothers!"

A similar story is told of a kindly old Virginian, who used to celebrate the Fourth of July by buying up all the caged squirrels, rabbits and birds in the neighborhood, and then setting them free, that they, too, might rejoice in the day of independence. The creatures to whom he gave happiness are long since dead, but the children who saw his kindly act have carried its influence through their lives.—Youth's Companion.

A Good Starter.

"What are you going to do with your boy?"

"I think of getting him on the police force."

"Has he any special qualifications?"

"Well, he is never around when he is wanted!"—Puck.

Railroad Jack's Recent Travels.

The famous dog, Railroad Jack, was in the city a short time since, and one of the men kept a record of his travels for a week or so after he left which is interesting.

He left Elmira on the Lehigh on Thursday and went to Corning, where he visited Baggageman Palmer. The next day when a photographer came down to get a snap at him he skipped on board the Rochester division train and returned to Elmira. Saturday he went on train No. 17 to Buffalo, and that evening went to Rochester on the Erie. Sunday he went back to Buffalo and took the Central east. Tuesday he appeared at Weehawken and took the West Shore for Buffalo. The next day he took the Central and went to Lewiston. There he picked up a stone (an old trick of his) and carried it with him back to Buffalo and to Albany on the West Shore. There the record was lost, but Jack is still on his travels.—Elmira Advertiser.

On Trial for Resisting the Will of God.

J. J. Dukes, a wealthy planter of this county, is on trial charged with resisting the will of God. Mr. Dukes' plantation adjoins the old Andersonville stockade. He is a member of the Baptist church. Two months ago he began the erection of a $10,000 house, which he finished by the erection of a lightning rod over it. His co-workers in the church viewed with alarm this heretical performance, and besought him to remove the offending rod.

The whole congregation, headed by the pastor, called upon him one night and labored to convince him that he should not resist the will of God by a vain device to keep off such electric bolts as he might send that way. Failing to move Mr. Dukes, charges were preferred against him of having resisted the divine will, and the trial is now in progress.—Americus (Ga.) Cor. Chicago Herald.

Poodle Dogs Made Useful.

R. A. Lassiter, the dog fancier at the court house, declares that any child can be cured of inflammatory rheumatism by sleeping in bed with a French poodle dog. He will give privately, to parties who can be benefited in knowing, an instance in this city when a little girl, twelve years old, suffering from inflammatory rheumatism for two years, was cured by her father buying a French poodle and placing it in bed with her. Within a short time the child got well of the disease and the dog is now stiff with it.—Nashville American.

There are hopes of introducing the magic lantern as a means of signaling at sea. When so used the lantern will be called the "Lucigraph." It will have slides in the shape of stencil plates, each with a letter or figure cut in it. The screen is a flag stretched in a conspicuous part of the ship, on which the letter of the slide is projected. By the help of glasses the distant ship reads the letters.

A wonderful "find" has just been made in the Harvard college library; nothing less than thirty volumes of Goethe's writings, marked "Gift of the Author." They were presented to the library through Dr. Cogswell, who was a warm personal friend of the poet.

GRAND CLEARANCE SALE!

Everything in the Line of Spring and Summer Dry Goods

TO BE CLOSED OUT WITHOUT RESERVE.

BIG BARGAINS IN EVERY DEPARTMENT.

Korah Moires reduced to 25 cents from 35 cents.
Cashmere Ombres reduced to 19 cents from 30c.
Best Imported Scotch Ginghams reduced to 19c.
Wash Goods, 30 inches wide, reduced to 9 cents.
Black Organdies reduced 25 per cent.

All Our Spring and Summer Wool Dress Goods reduced fully One-Fourth from former prices.
Plain, Plaid and Striped Victoria Lawns, Nainsooks and Swiss Mulls reduced to actual cost.
All Our Light Weight Underwear reduced from 15 to 25 per cent.
Surah Silks, Faille Francaise, China Silks and Silk Grenadines marked down to Less than Cost of Importation.

This Sweeping Sale is not only for one or two days, or a week, but will continue until everything in the way of Summer Stock is sold.

F. W. WURZBURG, CANAL STREET AND CRESCENT AVENUE.

43,000 feet of Floor, nearly an acre, the largest Store in Grand Rapids if not in Michigan.

Conducted on the most modern business principles: The most value for the least money.

MORSE'S
DAYLIGHT DEPARTMENT STORE.
Leaders of Low Prices.

SPECIAL IN HOSIERY.

We offer the Marshall Field, "Burlington," Fast Black and the "Royal Stainless" Silk Finish, extra length, high spliced heel at **25c** per pair.

We offer 100 pieces of Fine Dress Goods worth up to 25c per yard at the uniform price of

10c PER YARD { Some splendid bargains are on this table, and we suggest your early attendance.

500 PAIRS OF LADIES' FINE **SHOES,** Hand turned, Goodyear Welt, Machine Sewed, easily worth $3. Our price **$1.98.**

We have the agency in this city for **Curtiss & Wheeler's** FINE **Rochester Made Shoes.** In order to introduce these goods we will place on sale the coming week only 800 pair, all styles widths and sizes { These are all $3 Shoes and worth the money } at **$3.95**

We have received another shipment of those beautiful **CHALLIES** 10 YARDS For 25 CENTS.

TWO CASES OF FINE WHITE **GOODS** At 4c and 6c per yard.

WE HAVE JUST PURCHASED —OF— **Messrs. Foote, Reed & Co.,** The Largest Millinery House in the West, their entire sample line of **Hats, Flowers, Laces and Ribbons** Which we will place on sale in our **MILLINERY DEPARTMENT,** ON MONDAY MORNING AT THE UNIFORM PRICE OF 25c. **The Goods are Worth Up to $2,** And are a Great Value at the regular price. **Our Price 25c, Choice of the Lot.**

100 ROLLS OF **WALL - PAPER** AT At 7 1-2c a Double Roll, worth 15c.

Basement Floor BARGAINS IN Piano Lamps, Hanging Lamps and Hand Lamps. SPECIAL BARGAINS IN China Ware, Granite Ware and Tin-Ware, Bird Cages, Glass Ware and Baskets.

Furniture Dep't. We are still selling Bargains in **Chamber Suits, Book Cases, Side Boards and Chiffoniers,** Bought of John Cole, assignee of the Peninsular Furniture Co.

We purchased **20,000 CIGARS** From a manufacturer in need of cash. We offer these **- CIGARS -** At less than wholesale cost, 50 in box, all colors, from 68c to $1.23, worth up to $2.

James Means' $3.00 Shoe for Men At $2.75.

MORSE'S
Manufacturers, Importers and Dealers in
EVERYTHING.
Cor. Monroe and Spring-Sts.

15 Sets 100 piece, Hand Painted and Decorated Dinner Sets $11.50, worth $20.

LOOKING UP THE LICENSES.

Patrolman Jakeway Pushing the Delinquents

Patrolman Jakeway is juggling the license business this summer, the position filled last year by ex Detective McCulloch. Yesterday Anlos & Welton, Peter Ried and Sebastian Kalber were notified to take out their liquor licenses Henry Uhrbrook, J. E. Wylie and T. T. Porter, meat dealers were also notified to take out licenses. Martin Barnsena, George A. Klampke, Peter Lass, Charles McCool, A. B Ver Plank, August Danbe, John M. Zinzer, John Hondse, E. H Boise, Jas. Broffer, Locks & Son, Thos. Price, Wood & Rowland, John S Bergin and Chas. E Burleigh were found selling meat without a license and at the suggestion of Mr. Jakeway complied with the city ordinance. Thomasma Bros. also took out a meat market peddling license. J. Vander Hook, a huckster, was also hastened by the officer to comply with the ordinance. John Julian and D Brandos street fruit stands walked up and took their license medicine when the officer called them down and Wm. Hanlon deposited the requisite change for a hay scale license.

Contracts Awarded

The board of public works at their meeting yesterday afternoon awarded the following contracts: Improvement of Crescent avenue to A. Vetters for $1,275; Hall and Buchanan street sewer to Muste & Van Overan for $2,430; improvement of Wealthy avenue from East street to east city limits, Wagemaker & Meyer for $12,975.

Notice.

I hereby notify all persons that my wife Mary E Cornish has left my bed and board without cause or provocation. I hereby refuse to pay all bills contracted by her and I forbid all persons to give her goods or money on my credit.

ANDREW CORNISH

DO NOT forget to ask for the Excelsior Song or Dance Folio, the latest 50c folio that is published. Herrick, Morehead & Nelson, 23 and 25 South Division street

BARGAINS, Star Furniture Co.

Notice of Special Election

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF KENT, } ss.
CITY OF GRAND RAPIDS.

SPECIAL ELECTION.

OFFICE OF THE CLERK OF THE CITY OF GRAND RAPIDS, June 20th, A. D., 1891.

To the Electors of the City of Grand Rapids:

Take notice that a special election will be held in said city of Grand Rapids, on Thursday, the 30th day of June, A. D. 1891, said special election being for the purpose of determining whether the sum of Three Hundred Thousand Dollars shall be borrowed by the city of Grand Rapids, through its common council, and that the city be bonded therefor for the purpose of extending the water mains and distributing pipes of the water system of said city, and for other necessary betterments of said water system, and for the purpose of obtaining a pure water supply for said system, of said city. And you will also further take notice that the following places have been duly designated by the common council of the city of Grand Rapids, as the polling places for the respective wards (and precincts thereof) of said city of Grand Rapids, for such special election, viz:

First Ward, First Precinct—No 6 engine house, on Grandville avenue, in said city.

First Ward, Second Precinct—No 117 Grandville avenue, Watson & Frost's feed store.

First Ward, Third Precinct—No 613 South Division street, in said city.

First Ward, Fourth Precinct—At school house on southwest corner of Buchanan and Stevens streets in said city.

Second Ward, First Precinct—Hartman's Lecture room basement, Hartman block, Ionia street, in said city.

Second Ward, Second Precinct—Store of D. J. Doornink, No. 16 North Division street, in said city.

Second Ward, Third Precinct—No. 145 Island street (Davidson's plaster store) in said city.

Third Ward, Second Precinct—No. 801 Cherry street, near corner of Henry street, in said city.

Third Ward, Third Precinct—At office of Boulevard livery barn on Cherry street, near intersection of Cherry street and Lake avenue, in said city.

Fourth Ward, First Precinct—No 9 East Bridge street, (Hermitage block) in said city.

Fourth Ward, Second Precinct—At No 169 North Ionia street, in said city.

Fourth Ward, Third Precinct—At Kinney's store, northeast corner of East Bridge and Clancy streets, in said city.

Fourth Ward, Fourth Precinct—At northeast corner of East Bridge and Union streets, in said city.

Fifth Ward, First Precinct—At south store of Saunders' block (so-called) on west side of Plainfield avenue, north of Quimby street, in said city.

Fifth Ward, Second Precinct—At No 39 Plainfield avenue (Finn's hall) in said city.

Fifth Ward, Third Precinct—At store situated on southeast corner of North Coit avenue and Fourth street, in said city.

Sixth Ward, First Precinct—At No. 281 Alpine avenue, near Bartell Johnker's store, in said city.

Sixth Ward, Second Precinct—At No. 38 West Leonard street, Wilmont block, (so-called) in said city.

Seventh Ward, First Precinct—At Germania Hall (so-called) Front street, in said city.

Seventh Ward, Second Precinct—At 174 Stocking street in said city.

Seventh Ward, Third Precinct—At No 49 Stocking street, in said city.

Eighth Ward, First Precinct—At Turner hall (so-called) on south Jefferson street in said city.

Eighth Ward, Second Precinct—At Polish hall (so-called) on Jackson street, in said city.

Ninth Ward, First Precinct—No. 144 West Fulton street, in said city.

Ninth Ward, Second Precinct—At No. 323 Straight street in said city.

Tenth Ward First Precinct—At Herman J. Grobel's store, at 881 Jefferson avenue, in said city.

Tenth Ward, Second Precinct—At Rieger ette's hall, corner of Fifth avenue and South Division street, in said city.

Tenth Ward, Third Precinct—At northwest corner of Sherman street and Henry street, in said city.

Tenth Ward, Fourth Precinct—At No. 110 Baxter street, in said city.

Tenth Ward, Fifth Precinct—At northeast corner of Madison avenue and Adams street, in said city.

Attest WILLIAM A. SHINKMAN, Clerk of the City of Grand Rapids.

Sealed Proposals for City Lighting.

CITY CLERK'S OFFICE, GRAND RAPIDS Mich., June 19, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that sealed proposals will be received at the city clerk's office up to and including June 22, 1891, at 8 o'clock p m of said day, as follows:

First—For lighting, keeping in order and repair and supplying gasoline, 74 deg deodorized, to the street gasoline lamps owned or that hereafter may be owned by the city.

Second—For furnishing gasoline lamps burners and supplying gasoline, 74 deg. deodorized, to the same, and lighting and keeping all said lamps in order and repair.

Third—For the lighting, keeping in order, furnishing burners and attachments and repairing and supplying gasoline, 74 deg deodorized, to the street lamps owned or that may hereafter be owned by the city. Bids will also be received for furnishing wooden posts and lanterns and placing the same.

In each of the above three propositions proposals will be received for lighting all dark hours to midnight, and also for lighting all city hours

Each bidder will be required to furnish satisfactory references in his experience and capacity to do said work.

Sealed proposals will also be received during the time aforesaid for furnishing gas and lighting and keeping in order and repair the gas lamps now used by the city, and such additional lamps as the council may order, the same to be lighted all dark hours to midnight, also all dark hours Bids will also be received for furnishing iron gas posts and setting same; also for furnishing lanterns.

Sealed proposals will also be received during the time aforesaid for furnishing, lighting and keeping in order the electric lamps now used by the city, and such additional lamps as the council may order the same to be lighted all night and every night; also for the same to be lighted all dark hours: proposals to be made for each lamp for one, two and three years; also for each lamp per night.

Sealed proposals will also be received during the time aforesaid for furnishing lighting and keeping in order such incandescent electric lamps for lighting the street or bridges, as the council may order: also bids will be received for lighting the entire city with electricity by towers or otherwise; all proposals to be for one, two and three years.

In all the above proposals for either gas, gasoline, electrical or incandescent lighting the city reserves the right to discontinue one or more lamps at any time, and to secure a proportionate reduction in the contract price

The council reserves the right to reject any and all proposals.

FRED SAUNDERS, E. D. CONGER, GEO. W. MILLS, Committee on Lamps.

W. A SHINKMAN, City Clerk

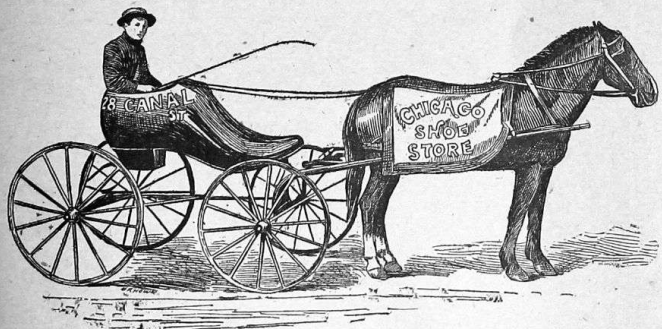
Hosiery, Gloves, Underwear, Embroideries, Laces, Ribbons, Corsets, Umbrellas, Belts, Bags And Ties. Nightgowns, China Silks, Yarns.

No Credits. No Losses. Small Profits. Plain Figures. Good Treatment.

NO CREDITS. Largest Line. Lowest Prices. NO LOSSES.

—AT—

STAUFFER'S.



EXTRAORDINARY.

ATTEND THE GREAT SALE OF

Low and High Shoes!

FOR MEN, WOMEN, BOYS AND MISSES.

We Have a Large Assortment of RUSSET SHOES Which Will Be Closed Out At Half Their Value.

The Chicago Shoe Store, 28 Canal Street

Our Store will be open every evening until after the 4th of July.

Wind and Weather.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—For Lower Michigan: Fair weather; warmer; variable winds.

CITY AND SUBURBS

Children's Day will be observed in the Universalist church today.

Dr. Campbell Fair will exchange pulpits with Rev. Brewster Hubbs today.

The Michigan Central pay car scattered the lucre about town yesterday.

About 300 school ma'ams enjoyed the excursion to Ottawa Beach yesterday.

The Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen give an excursion to Benton Harbor today.

Mrs. Geo F. Donaven of Chicago is visiting Mr. and Mrs. D. E. Padden of 282 South Union street.

A rattling game of ball will be that between the Westons and the Kusterers this afternoon at Ryger park.

Constable Trafton H Pond is again on the street, after being confined for three weeks to his bed with the grippe.

Lilly lodge, Knights of Pythias, gave a most enjoyable social in Skinner's grove, Plainfield avenue, last night.

The Salvation army special choir rendered some excellent music last evening in Campau square and attracted a large crowd.

New crossing frogs were placed in position yesterday at the Shawmut avenue junction of the L S. & M S. and G R & I. railways.

Rev. J. H Webber and Rev. J. W Reid speak at Hartman's hall this evening on "Seeing the Elephant and Bucking the Tiger."

The ladies of the A. B. Watson Relief corps will give an ice cream social in the Simmons' block, Division street, next Wednesday evening.

Prof. Irving W Barnhards, late principal of the Union school, has received an offer from Des Moines, Iowa, to occupy a similar position.

Norm. C. Johnson, of Swees's hotel will auction off his hotel furniture valued at $15,000 at Swees's hotel commencing Wednesday morning.

C L Frost will speak at the young men's meeting this afternoon at 4 o'clock All young men are invited. There will be special musical attractions.

Harmony Castle No. 8, Knights of the Golden Eagle, will give an inaugural ball at A O U. W. hall, West Fulton street, next Wednesday evening.

Mrs. Pewr, of Toledo, who has been visiting Mrs. Frank Bunnell of State street, returned to her home yesterday, accompanied by Miss Lillian B. Swartz

The hill residents of East Bridge street met last night at Christ church in a mass meeting and adopted resolutions against the granting of saloon licenses on the hill.

H. M. Oakes, the man wanted for jumping a board bill at A. L Livingston's hotel, was arrested last night, and in default of bail was locked up to await trial.

Miss Ada Mills, daughter of E. P Mills of the Workman, left Saturday morning for Cincinnati to make a two months visit with her cousin, Miss Sadie Munro.

Albert Bailey, charged with stealing carpenter tools at North Park, was partially examined before Justice Brown yesterday, his case being adjourned until June 23.

Doric lodge F. and A. M. of this city will play Capitol lodge, of Lansing, a game of old fashioned round ball at Ottawa Beach on St. John's day—Wednesday next.

Samuel M. Turner has commenced suit in the Circuit court against Selden E. Turner, filing a declaration to renew a judgment of $858 26 rendered by the Circuit court in 1880.

Cornelius Vander Welden, 184 Thomas street, diabetes, and Tanneije Smit, corner of Mason and Ionia streets, congestion of the lungs, were the burial permits issued yesterday.

The H. B. Feather company of this city received a telegram yesterday announced that their bid for making mattresses for the G A R encampment at Detroit had been accepted.

The bicycle boys will meet at the residence of Will Gear, 220 Butterworth avenue between 1 and 2 o'clock this afternoon for a run to the John Ball park. All wheelmen in the city are invited to join.

John G. Lee of the West Side News owns a big dog, and while Will Griffin was passing the house on his bicycle Friday night, the dog tore his pants John will be requested to "pi" the dog's frame.

J. P. Fallon, chief of the Muskegon fire department, dined at the Morton yesterday. He came over to inspect an aerial ladder which the Michigan Fire Ladder and Truck company is making for that city.

Rev. Carl Patton, son of the late Rev. Dr Patton of Greenville, has been engaged to supply the pulpit of the First Congregational church of this city for the next few months, and will commence his labors today.

Mrs. T. H. Pond, of North Coit avenue, has a Jersey cow that has produced sufficient of the lacteal fluid in three months to supply not only the wants of the family but to replenish the exchequer to the extent of $50.

The peach growers to the number of 75, assembled in the dining room of the Bridge street house yesterday afternoon, and held a meeting so secretive that the public was not aware that they had formed a peach trust for the coming season.

A. L. Livingston, proprietor of the Lyon street hotel and restaurant, yesterday swore out a warrant before Justice Westfall for the arrest of H M Oakes, formerly a boarder at the hotel, who is charged with jumping his board bill.

William C. Chinnick took out two $500 liquor licenses yesterday as agent for W H. Tradewell, in Powers' block on the West Side canal embankment, and Frank H. Latta, 41 Pearl street, P. Scally, 181 Butterworth avenue, took out a $300 license.

John F. McCarthy, one of the striking gripmen, was appointed as a special deputy sheriff for the North Park Street Railway company yesterday. Mr. McCarthy was formerly in the police service of the city, and one of the best policemen on the force

Will Lowe, 21 years old and living at Caledonia, fell in a fit at 32 Monroe street yesterday forenoon and was removed to police headquarters in the ambulance. He was attended by Dr. Welch and cared for by friends who removed him to his home.

Mr and Mrs. W. D. Bryant of Muskegon, formerly of this city, left last night for Poughkeepsie, N. Y., where they will make it their future home, he having accepted a high salary as a photographer. They made a parting visit with Mrs B's mother, Mrs. M Lumkere, 38 Maple street.

SMYRNA Rug Sale at prices never before heard of, for one day only, Monday, June 22. John Tenhope, 134 Monroe street.

BARGAINS, Star Furniture Co.

Grand Opening at Reed's Lake.

The Reed's Lake Electric Railway company has made arrangements for ten minute carrryall service between Campau place and the cars today There will be a grand opening of the pavilion and thousands will want to visit the popular resort Take the carryalls at Campau place.

Special clearance sale on Untrimmed Straw Hats this week. Come in and get prices

CORL, KNOTT & CO.
20-22 North Division St

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

WANTED—Monday forenoon, first class man cook to send north; wages $50 per month Also three dining room girls, wages $16 per month; and $5 girls for private families in the city, wages $3 $3 and $4 per week. Call or address W. L. Dickenson, Licensed Intelligence Office, 58 Monroe street. 23

WANTED—Five first class dining room girls, wages $15 per month. Hotel proprietor will be at my office Monday, 10 a. m. W. L. Dickinson, Licensed Intelligence Office, 58 Monroe street. 22

LEONARD'S

SILVERWARE.

Nowhere in Michigan will you see the large and wonderful display of Silverware that we are now showing. Among the seasonable goods are found

Ice Cream Spoons, $1.87 per set.
Ice Water Pitchers, $5.57.
Orange Spoons, $2.47 per set.
Berry Spoons, $1.35 each.
Fruit Knives, $1,37 per set.
Cake Baskets, $3.15.
Souvenir Spoons, $1.75; Solid Silver.
Sugar Sifters for Berries, $1.25.
Berry Baskets, $3.29.
Rogers' Best Knives $1.63 per set.
Cottage Tea Spoons, 59 cts. per set.
Cottage Butter Knives, 10c.
Cottage Sugar Shells, 10c.

And hundreds of novelties that space will not allow us to mention If you care to save money get our prices. The Bohemian glass engraver will be with us a week or so longer; have your name engraved on some tumblers, they will only cost you $1.50 per dozen for the tumblers and your name.

H Leonard's Sons & Co.,

29 and 31 Monroe Street.

THE PRIZE WINNERS OF ESSAY ON

"MILLARD'S OINTMENT, The Great Skin Remedy."

486 Answer Received.

First Prize, $10.00—Master B. Moore, Detroit; age 13, Tilden street school, residence corner Trumbull and Grand River avenue.

Second Prize, $5.00, Tie—Miss Ada Carr, Grand Rapids; age 14, Turner street school, residence 576 West Leonard street. Miss Myra White, Grand Rapids; age 12 North Division street school; residence 824 Broadway.

Essays Will Be Printed Later.

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday.

Great Bargain Days on Dress Goods

—AT—

Hoffmaster's,

78 and 80 West Bridge Street.

We have decided to give our customers and the public in general a grand jubilee on Dress Goods for the next (3) three days. Those contemplating the purchase of any Dress Goods previous to the Fourth of July will find this the best opportunity to save 20 to 30 per cent.

AT 38C — All wool Henriettas in all the latest shades, also a good assortment of Serges and Flannels. We warrant these goods cannot be bought less than 60 cents per yard. Special prices for three days 38 cents.

We place in this lot all our 40 and 50 cent Dress Goods in Henriettas, Cashmeres and Serges, also the well known Gilbert Cheviots in Plain Stripes and Plaids. Any of these goods are cheap and a bargain at 50 cents. Special price 31 cents. — AT 31C

AT 22C — Plain and Plaid Wool Cheviots, also 25 pieces of Plain Wool Henriettas, usually sold at 30 to 35 cents per yard. Special price for three days 22 cents.

This lot contains 50 pieces of Plain and Fancy Flannels, full 36 inches wide, and a bargain at 18 cents per yard. Special prices for three days 11 cents per yard. — AT 11C

AT 9C — Two cases of Plain Check and Plaid Summer Dress Goods 36 inches wide, the latest style this season, sold all over the country at 12 1-2 cents Special price for three days 9 cents.

The prices marked on our Dress Goods will pack our store with buying people from early till late, therefore come early, before the assortment is broken.

H. Hoffmaster.

In a few Weeks We Commence to Alter the Front of Our Buildings.

Our Great Alteration Sale!

In a few Weeks We Commence to Put Down a Stone Walk.

Has started and at the prices we are offering goods for, if you don't buy a Suit, Pantaloons, or Hat, you will miss the chance of Saving some Money. Our Suits are principally Tailor made, trimmed in first-class style and made by the best of Tailors.

We Guarantee to Keep in Repair for a Year any of Our Fine Suits.

Our Show Windows speak for themselves. There you will find Suits for

$18 00, made of Plaid Worsted, regular price	$25
15 00, made of Pin-head Blue-Gray Cassimere, regular price	20
12 00, made of light colored Checked Cassimere, regular price	18
10 00, made of Scotch Cassimere, plain and striped, regular price	15
7 50, made of striped and checked Cassimere, regular price	12
5 00, made of plaid all-wool Cassimere, regular price	10

And many other suitings reduced in price.

OUR BOYS' DEPARTMENT

Also comes in with its share of Bargains.

A Banjo with Wire Strings Given with Any $2.50 Boys Suit!

$5 00 For Fancy Cassimere Suits, worth	$7 50
4 50 For Fancy Cassimere Suits, worth	6 50
3 50 For Blue all-wool Suits, worth	5 00
2 50 For Gray Plaid all-wool Cassimere Suits, worth	3 50
99 For Black Worsted Suits, worth	2 00

Our Ladies' Outing Flannel Blouse Waists will be sold at ½ the Marked Price:

$1.25 Outing Waist	$ .63
2.00 Outing Waist	1.00
3.00 Outing Waist	1.50

HATS.

Our stock of Straw Hats bought at 50c on the dollar are going fast.

$3.50 Manilla Hat,	$1.50.
2.00 Manilla Hat,	1.00
1.00 Straw Hat,	.50.

Furnishing Goods.

25c for Outing Flannel Shirts, worth 50c.
25c for Balbriggan Under Shirts, worth 50.
25c for Neck-Ties, worth 50c.

TRUNKS!
We are going out of the Trunk Business and will offer the Greatest of Bargains.

STAR CLOTHING HOUSE ALTERATION SALE.

GEO. F. LEWIS & CO.

Dealers in Real Estate.

We have some very desirable city property for sale, centrally located. Several improved farms for Sale or Exchange for city property.

FOR SALE—A nine room house, corner lot, on Madison avenue, price $1,750; $500 down. This is a very low figure.

FORTY ACRE FARM SEVEN MILES from city. Will exchange for residence property.

NINE-ROOM HOUSE, lot 47x198 in Clark street. $1,850, $800 down.

NEW MODERN 8-ROOM HOUSE ON Home avenue, one block east of South Division street. House is nicely papered, painted and finished throughout; has good well and cistern in kitchen. Price $2,000; part down.

35 ACRES OF CHOICE GARDEN LANDS in lots to suit purchaser; located on East Bridge street, ¼ mile from city limits. Price from $200 to $300 per acre.

HOUSES TO RENT IN ALL PARTS OF the city. Store to rent on corner of Shawmut avenue and Winter street.

Call and examine our list before purchasing

Office over 37 Monroe Street.

Success Counts Today

Immediate Cures are What "The People" Want!

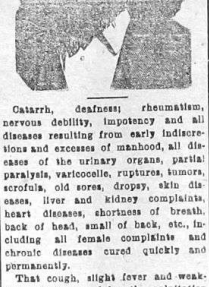
Two first-class physicians, members of the State Medical Society, gave the case up and Dr. S. Clay Todd cured it in a jiffy without ever having seen the patient.

Hearing of DR. S. CLAY TODD, 16 North Division Street, Rooms 1, 3 and 4, Grand Rapids, Mich., I called on him in regard to my brother, Mr. Joel Shick at Vicksburg, Mich. My brother had been sick four weeks with Brain Fever and had two of the best doctors in Vicksburg, and after doctoring him four weeks they said he was a hopeless case, and all of his friends would call to see him for the last time. But to our surprise Dr. Todd's medicines did just as he said they would; they helped my brother at once and he is fast recovering. I have been with my brother three weeks and he could not recognize me in all that time, and after taking Dr. Todd's medicines six hours he spoke my name the first time for three weeks, and he knows everyone now. Saturday night, December 27, I first gave Dr. Todd's medicines to my brother, and Tuesday, the 30th, he was able to sit up in bed and feed himself with a spoon and hold a glass in his hand and drink—something he has not done since he was sick.

JOHN SHICK,
427 South Union Street,
Grand Rapids, Mich

December 29, 1890.

Mr. Joel Shick called on Dr. S. Clay Todd last week.



Catarrh, deafness; rheumatism, nervous debility, impotency and all diseases resulting from early indiscretions and excesses of manhood, all diseases of the urinary organs, partial paralysis, varicocelle, ruptures, tumors, scrofula, old sores, dropsy, skin diseases, liver and kidney complaints, heart diseases, shortness of breath, back of head, small of back, etc., including all female complaints and chronic diseases cured quickly and permanently.

That cough, slight fever and weakness, shortness of breath, palpitation of heart, may mean sure and quick consumption.

If you are nervous, restless, irritable, sleepless or wake after horrid dreams, tired mornings, with a dull headache, bad taste in the mouth, sometimes discharges, and go about your employment without life, energy or ambition, desire to be alone, gloomy forebodings, a disposition to worry and fret about trouble ahead that never comes, spells of feeling afraid or uncertain, sometimes low spirits, you are suffering from nervous debility and exhaustion of nerve power, which may end in utter prostration, insanity and death.

If you have a great sense of weakness and weariness, with tired limbs, numbness, trembling, pricking sensations, cold feet and legs, you are advancing to that most serious disease, paralysis.

If your head aches, feels numb and tired, with strange sensations, loss of memory, and you think with difficulty, or are you sleepless at night, with drowsiness and dullness during the day the nerv and brain fatigue may soon run into insanity or death.

As you value your life do not neglect these warnings. Time and experience have shown, and hundreds of startling and marvellous cures have proved, that these diseases are perfectly and completely cured by DR. S CLAY TODD, Rooms 1, 3 and 4, 16 North Division St, Grand Rapids, Mich

Under the use of DR. S. CLAY TODD'S remarkable remedies all these symptoms yield as if by magic, and strength of nerves, vigor of brain vitality of blood and health of body are soon restored.

These remedies are purely vegetable and harmless, and can only be obtained at his office.

DR. TODD compounds his prescriptions before each patient in his office.

Medicines sent everywhere.

DR. TODD'S office is at 16 North Division street, rooms 1, 3 and 4, Grand Rapids, Mich

His medicines agree with the stomach and you can eat anything you choose.

He is in his office from 9 in the morning until 7 in the evening, every day but Sunday.

Call, everybody. A friendly talk will cost you nothing.

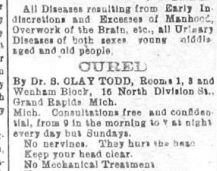
Low charges, Rapid Cures

FOR MANY YEARS DR. TODD HAS CURED CONSUMPTION.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., Sept. 17, 1874.—For the benefit of those who think Consumption incurable, I will make a statement of my cure. On the 19th of last March I was taken with the Lung Fever, or as the doctors called it, Pleuro-Pneumonia. I was attended by one whom I had considered the most eminent physician of this city for three months and a half, during which time he employed five other physicians as counsel. For about three weeks I thought I was getting better, when an abscess began to form in my left lung, and the physicians pronounced it Quick Consumption. From this time I failed rapidly and raised from a pint to a quart of phlegm and matter each day, and had night sweats. By the 20th of June I had got so weak that I could not lift a glass of water to my mouth, and was confining my bed. I was reduced to a skeleton except my legs, and feet which were greatly swelled. At this time my wife seeing Dr. S. Clay Todd's Circular, employed him, and I am free to say I improved steadily from the time I commenced taking his medicines. In three days the swelling had gone out of my limbs and in three weeks I was able to be up and walk out doors a little, and in ten weeks I was able to walk two miles, and felt as well as I ever did. Now I walk from three to four miles each day, neither cough nor spit; I have no pain and think my lung healed perfectly.

JOHN A. MILLER.
229 W. Creighton Ave., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

Mr. Miller now weighs 175 pounds
Mr. Miller lived 70 years old.
Mr. Miller was cured over 18 years ago.
This shows that consumption can be permanently cured by Dr. S. Clay Todd.
People are going between here and Fort Wayne every day. Get some friend to call on Mr. Miller and learn the particulars of his cure. It was the talk of the town for months.



GENTLEMEN! Here Is Success!

GRAND SUCCESS

All Diseases of Men CURED

All Diseases resulting from Early Indiscretions and Excesses of Manhood, Overwork of the Brain, etc., all Urinary Diseases of both sexes young middle aged and old people.

CURED

By Dr. S. CLAY TODD, Rooms 1, 3 and Wenham Block, 16 North Division St., Grand Rapids Mich.

Mich. Consultations free and confidential, from 9 in the morning to 7 at night every day but Sundays.

No nervines. They hurt the head
Keep your head clear.
No Mechanical Treatment
No unnecessary surgical operations
Keep whole, you will live longer and be happier Make one call if possible.

Why Are we Sick?

Call on Dr. S. Clay Todd for the particulars.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

On account of the great rush at our house the past week we will, for the benefit of those who could not attend our great sale, continue at the same prices. Remember

50 Cents in Cash Buys One Dollar's Worth.

The lowest prices ever known in the history of the Shoe Business.

Don't fail to come for Shoes at M. EHRMAN'S new Shoe House, 69 Canal Street.

JUST READ THESE PRICES:

LADIES' DEPARTMENT AND CHILDREN'S DEPARTMENT.

A pair of Ladies' Dongo's Shoes this week in C, D and E. last, 87, 89, 90 and 99c.

A beautiful Ladies' Button or Lace Shoe, tip or plain, in all styles, lasts and shapes, these are beautiful, $1.00, $1 35, $1.47 and $1.61.

A handsome Dress Shoe, your choice of styles, in opera, common sense or tip, button or lace, from AA to EE, the best fitting shoe ever seen, $1 20, $1 57, $1 68, $1.73 and $2 05.

Ladies, we have those beautiful patent leather cloth top Button Boots, any shape or last with tip or plain toe, $1.90, $2 00 and $2 25.

A correct fit, the latest style, a beauty, is our Ladies' Thorn Boot, without nails and seams, at $2 00, $2 20 and $2 40.

Opera toe slippers, 50, 60, 65 and 72c.

Our fine French Kid Shoes, all lasts and sizes, great fitters, and will be easy on corns, $2 25, $2 50 and $3.

The finest line of Oxfords in the city—a lovely pair of Ladies' Oxfords, 46, 57, 62 and 71 c.

The English Tan Oxfords, your choice of styles, all widths and styles, 72, 83, 97c and $1 05.

Children's Shoes, any style heel or spring heel, at 23, 37, 61, 72 and 90c.

Misses Shoes, high or low cut, heel or spring heel, 11 to 2, 80, 95, 99, $1 00 and $1 20

A good house slipper, 38c.

A good house slipper, 48c.

A splendid house slipper, 50c.

Patent leather pumps for ladies, misses and children, in Oxfords or operas, the latest styles.

OUR MEN'S AND BOYS' DEPARTMENT.

Men's Shoes this week lower than ever.

A splendid calf or grain shoe, any style ..... 82, 90c, $1 00 and $1 05
A good serviceable shoe, congress or lace ..... $1 00, $1 20, $1 35 and $1.50
These are solid, and give the best of wear.
A gent's fine calf sewed shoe $1 60, $1 80, $1 95, $2 00
Any style, size or width, lace or congress.
Congola, lace or congress, any style or size you want, $1.65, $1.90, $2 00, $2.25 and $2.35
Kangaroo, the easiest shoe made, your choice of styles, $1.90, $2 20, $2.45, $2 65 and $3.00.
Hand sewed Calf or Kangaroo ..... $2 25, $2 35, $2 75, $3.90 and $3 00
The best line in the city.
Boy's Shoes ..... 85, 90, 99c and $1 10
Youths' Shoes ..... 80, 90, 97c and $1 00
The best Boy's School Shoes ..... 90c, $1.00 and $1 20

Business is what we are after. Profits not in it at the New Shoe House of

M. EHRMAN

69 Canal Street.

SPECIAL BARGAINS

FOR THIS WEEK

IN MILLINERY!

The Choice of Samples Just Bought from a Large Millinery House.

Lace Hats only $3.00. Wreaths, 10, 15, 25 to 50 cents. Children's Trimmed Sailors at 15 to 25 cents. Children's Lace Caps and Hats, 15, 20, 25 to 50 cents. Surah Shirred Hats from $1.25 to $2.00.

COME EARLY AND SECURE THESE CHOICE BARGAINS!

ADAMS & CO.,

Opposite Morton House. 90 Monroe street.

PURE WATER PROBLEM

QUESTIONS FOR CONSIDERATION BY THE VOTERS

Shall the Mains be Extended—Shall We Have a Good Supply of Pure and Wholesome Ground Water?

There are many citizens of Grand Rapids who are not well posted on the question to be decided at the special election to be held next week. Those who wish to investigate the matter should begin by reading the following report of the Board of Public Works on the subject:

To the Honorable Mayor and Common Council of the City of Grand Rapids:

GENTLEMEN—The rapid growth of the city of Grand Rapids, and the recent annexation of a large amount of contiguous territory, some portions of which is densely populated, renders it almost imperative that there should be a corresponding increase of water mains in order that our citizens may have an abundant supply for domestic use, and their property ample protection from fire.

The Board of Public Works has caused an examination to be made of the number and extent of streets in which mains are most needed, and have made a list of such streets and the length of mains in each and the points of commencement and termination. If the necessary means are provided it is the intention of the board to lay mains according to the list herewith submitted and marked "A." The aggregate length of mains in the list is 33 1-3 miles, and the estimated amount required to purchase, lay and equip, with the necessary valves, hydrants and specials, is $148,000.

We also submit a proposition from the Cook Well Company, of St. Louis, Mo., to develop a new source of water supply. The proposition is the result of the recent tests made for the supply of wholesome ground water. The proposition is hereto attached marked "B."

The estimated expense of developing and connecting the new supply, and the necessary buildings, right of way, machinery, etc., is as follows:

Pumping machinery	$40,000 00
Right of way and buildings	15,000 00
Connecting mains	35,000 00
Developing and testing supply	50,000 00
	$140,000 00
Adding cost of mains	148,000 00
Making an aggregate of	$288,000 00

If a supply from a locality in the immediate vicinity of the city should be found, the cost will be considerably lessened. If, however, the remote locality has to be relied on, in all probability the entire amount will prove to be not more than sufficient. The city has the grounds now occupied by the settling basin, which can be disposed of and the proceeds used to cover a deficiency should one exist.

In view of the urgent needs of the city in this matter the Board of Public Works recommend that your honorable body take the legal method to provide $300,000 for the purpose of laying water mains and furnishing a supply of wholesome ground water sufficient in quantity for all uses for the citizens of our city.

By order of the Board,

JAMES N. DAVIS, President.

April 23, 1891.

LIST OF STREETS WHERE WATER MAINS WILL BE LAID.

"A."

Alpine avenue, from Seventh street to North street.

Alabama street, from West Bridge to Second street.

Bowery street, from Straight street to South Pine street.

Broadway street, from present terminus to North street.

B street, from Grandville avenue to Oakland avenue.

East Bridge street, from North Union street to Fuller street.

Benson street, from Crescent avenue to D., G. H. & M. R. R.

Baldwin street, from South Front street to Olive street.

Cherry street, from East street to Carroll street.

Carroll street, from Lake avenue to Fountain street.

North College avenue, from Flat street to Quimby street.

Cedar street, from Clancy street to North College avenue.

Center street, from Hall street to Home.

Cass street, from Fifth avenue to Hall street.

Crawford street, from Madison avenue to cemetery.

North Coit avenue, from Sweet street to Fifth street.

Canal street, from Sweet street to Fifth street.

Carrier street, from North College avenue to North Union street.

Chatham street, from Straight street to South Pine street.

Coit avenue, from Fairbanks street to Bradford street.

Charles street, from Wealthy avenue to Logan street.

Dayton street, from Straight street to Shepard street.

South Division street, from Hall to Otsego street.

Dwight street, from Lake avenue to Orchard street.

Davis street, from Seventh street to Eleventh street.

East street, from Cherry street to Sherman street.

Eighth avenue, from South Ionia street to Agnew avenue.

Fifth street, from McReynolds street to Stocking street.

Frederick street, from West Leonard street to Ariana street.

Fremont street, from West Bridge street to Eleventh street.

First street, from Broadway street to Michigan street.

Fifth street, from Canal street to Plainfield avenue.

North Front street, from Fifth street to Eighth street.

Foster street, from South Division street to South Ionia street.

Fair street, from Jefferson avenue to South Division street.

Fifth avenue, from Madison avenue to South East street.

Fourth street, from Canal street to Wartrous avenue.

East Fulton street, from East street to Fuller street.

West Fulton street, from Gunnison street to West Side ditch.

North Front street, from West Leonard street to Webster street.

Front street, from Grand avenue to North East street.

Green street, from South Division street to Jefferson avenue.

Grandville avenue, from Fifth street to toll house.

Gilbert street, from Madison avenue to cemetery.

Hogadone avenue, from Butterworth avenue to railroad.

Hall street, from Hilton street to cemetery.

Home avenue, from South Division street to Jefferson avenue.

Highland avenue, from Cass street to South College avenue.

Henry street, from Thomas street to Fifth avenue.

Holland street, from East Fulton street to Fountain street.

Hastings street, from Coit avenue to North College avenue.

Henry street, from Straight street to Deloney street.

Howland street, from Canal street to Taylor street.

Innes avenue, from North Union street to Grand avenue.

South Ionia street, from Hall street to Foster street.

Indiana avenue, from West Fulton street to Butterworth avenue.

James street, from Logan street to Sherman street.

Jeanette street, from West Leonard street to Stocking street.

Lyon street, from North College avenue to North Union street.

Logan street, from South College avenue to Barth street.

West Leonard street, from Alpine avenue to cemetery.

North Lafayette street, from Trowbridge street to Bradford street.

East Leonard street, from Holcomb street to North Union street.

South Lafayette street, from Highland avenue to Hall street.

Lake avenue, from South East street to Carrol street.

Madison avenue, from Fifth avenue to Gilbert street.

Miller street, from South Ionia street to Buchanan street.

Muskegon street, from Seventh street to West Leonard street.

McReynolds street, from Seventh street to Eleventh street.

North avenue, from Madison street to Quimby street.

Ninth street, from Alpine avenue to Fremont street.

Nagold street, from Stocking street to Fremont street.

Oak avenue, from North Union street to Grand avenue.

Oakland avenue, from Wealthy avenue to B street.

Park avenue, from Gunnison street to Shepard street.

Paris avenue, from Logan street to Fifth avenue.

Plainfield avenue, from Sweet street to Fifth street.

North Prospect street, from Hastings street to Fairlanks street.

Pleasant street, from South Division street to South Lafayette street.

South Prospect street, from Cherry street to Wealthy avenue.

Quimby street, from North avenue to North College avenue.

River avenue, from Butterworth avenue to Wealthy avenue.

Reed street, from Page street to Madison street.

Seventh avenue, from South Ionia street to Agnew avenue.

Second street, from Stocking street to Lincoln street.

Sherman street, from South Union street to Beech street.

Sixth street, from McReynolds street to Stocking street.

Second street, from Canal street to North Coit avenue.

Springfield avenue, from Stocking street to Fremont street.

Sweet street, from Canal street to North Coit avenue.

Straight street, from Butterworth avenue to Wealthy avenue.

Second street, from Broadway street to Turner street.

Shepard street, from Dayton street to Butterworth avenue.

Third street, from Stocking street to North Pine street.

Third street, from Canal street to Wartrous avenue.

Twelfth avenue, from South Ionia street to Buchanan street.

Terrace avenue, from Logan street to Hall street.

Thomas street, from Henry street to East street.

Tenth street from Alpine avenue to Fremont street.

South Union street, from Thomas street to Fifth avenue.

North Union street, from Lyon street to East Bridge street.

Veto street, from West Division street to South Jefferson street.

West street, from Stocking street to Ariana street.

Wealthy avenue, from East street to Barth street.

Waterloo street, from East Fulton street to Wealthy avenue.

PROPOSITION OF THE COOK WELL CO.

"B."

To the Board of Public Works of the City of Grand Rapids:

GENTLEMEN—From the tests for that purpose recently made, we are satisfied that there is in or near the city of Grand Rapids an inexhaustible supply of water, which will yield not less than ten million (10,000,000) gallons per day of twenty-four (24) hours each. For the purpose of developing said supply, we submit the following proposition for your consideration and action of the common council of the city of Grand Rapids:

The Cook Well Company of St. Louis, Mo., will enter into a contract with the city of Grand Rapids to furnish it with an inexhaustible supply of wholesome ground water of not less than ten million (10,000,000) gallons for each day of twenty-four (24) hours each; the supply to be drawn from not more than two localities; and not to be less than five million (5,000,000) gallons per day of twenty-four hours each from one locality. In order to demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Board of Public Works and the Common Council of the city of Grand Rapids that such a supply does exist in or near the city, the Cook Well Company will, at their own expense, sink a sufficient number of Cook wells in the locality selected by them, which in their judgment will yield the greatest quantity of ground water of the desired quality. Said wells to be eight (8) inches in diameter, to be constructed of standard wrought iron pipe, with Cook's patent brass strainers at the bottom. The wells to be connected and centrifugal pump or pumps to be attached and operated for at least thirty (30) consecutive days and the water produced to be accurately measured by Weir measurement by two competent hydraulic engineers, one selected by the Board of Public Works and the other by the Cook Well Company.

After completion of the thirty (30) day test, as above specified, the entire expense of which, except for ground, is to be borne by the Cook Well Company, the city is to attach permanent pumps and connect said wells to the city water mains and operate them for one year. If after one year's trial the supply of five million (5,000,000) gallons per day of twenty-four (24) hours proves to be inexhaustible, the Cook Well Company is to receive twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000) therefor with interest at five per cent. per annum, beginning at the completion of the thirty (30) day test, if said test is completed in compliance with this agreement. If, in the judgment of the Cook Well Company, the locality first chosen for the work is capable of furnishing a greater quantity than five million (5,000,000) gallons per day of twenty-four (24) hours each, they are to be allowed to make a test for a further period of ninety days, and for the five million (5,000,000) gallon supply; and if an additional supply can be obtained from that locality, they shall be entitled to four thousand and five hundred dollars ($4,500) for each additional one million (1,000,000) gallons of water per day of twenty-four (24) hours each, until the supply shall amount to ten million (10,000,000) gallons per day.

Should the locality first chosen by the Cook Well Company be found unable to furnish the entire amount of ten million (10,000,000) gallons per day of twenty-four (24) hours each, they will furnish not less than five million (5,000,000) per day of twenty-four (24) hours each, then the Cook Well Company shall, at the option of the Board of Public Works, sink wells for the additional supply of at least five million (5,000,000) gallons per day in a second locality, within two (2) miles of the present limits of the city, to be approved by the Board of Public Works, under the same tests and conditions specified for the supply from the first locality. The ground for the supply to be furnished by the city of Grand Rapids.

Should the supply in either locality amount to less than five million (5,000,000) gallons per day, of twenty-four (24) hours each, the said The Cook Well Company shall not be entitled to any compensation for labor and material for the wells in that locality.

THE COOK WELL COMPANY,
H. F. COOK, President.

ACTION BY THE COUNCIL.

Report of the Special Committee on Water Supply.

To the Honorable, the Common Council of the City of Grand Rapids.

Gentlemen—Your special committee on water supply, to whom was referred the communications of the Board of Public Works of the city, relating to water supply, would respectfully report that they have made a careful and thorough investigation of the matters referred to them, and that in the opinion of your committee, after such investigation, it is necessary that steps be taken at once to procure a large extension of the water mains and the development of a new source of water supply.

The recent extension of the limits of the city have brought within the taxable area a large amount of the thickly settled territory which is wholly without sufficient fire protection, or suitable water for domestic purposes as well as for protection against fire and the sprinkling of lawns and streets. When it is considered that the addition to this, large portions of the old city are wholly without water, and no funds are at hand for the extension of mains in any direction, it must be apparent that something should be at once done to relieve the situation.

Upon the question of source of supply, your committee are unanimously of the opinion that the water of Grand river is not fit for domestic use and should be no longer used. From the experiments already made your committee are convinced that an abundant and lasting supply of pure water is close at hand and can be readily obtained by the well system. Whatever will be the ultimate source of supply of the city's water, and whatever may be thought of the ultimate necessity of obtaining the same from Lake Michigan, or from some large stream tributary to Grand river north of the city, your committee are convinced that the wisest step to be taken for the present, and many years in the future, is to obtain a supply of ground water. Your committee are of the opinion, however, that no water from wells should be used without going far enough from the city to be beyond the source of contamination, and that no contract should be made with any company for putting down the wells without plainly being given by the company to secure to the city an adequate supply of pure water for at least ten years after the contract is made, provision also being made in the contract to insure a supply commensurate to the growth of the city during that period.

Your committee would respectfully recommend that in the immediate future a special election by the voters of the city be called, at which to be submitted to them the question of raising the necessary funds to procure the needful extensions of the city's water mains, and to secure to the inhabitants thereof water fit for human consumption of such kind and quantities as will do away with all danger to the public health from the use of impure water, and to abolish forever restrictions upon the amount and quantity they may use.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

ISAAC M. TURNER,
FRED SAUNDERS,
EUGENE D. CONGER,
WM. ALDRICH TATEUM,
L. G. DUNTON.

Adopted.

Yeas—Ald. Anderson, Carpenter, Conger, Doyle, Dregge, Dunton, Frost, Hauser, Kinney, Mahoney, O'Donnell, Saunders, Stein, Stokes, Sproul, Tateum, Turner, Wyrzburg—18.

Nays—Ald. Mills—1.

The Special Election Ordered.

Resolution of the common council declaring the extension of the water mains and obtaining a new water supply a necessary public improvement, and calling an election to vote upon the same:

Resolved, By the common council of the city of Grand Rapids that the extension of iron water mains in the streets and alleys of this city, to the approximate extent of about 50 miles, thereby making an aggregate of about one hundred miles of main and distributing pipes and other necessary betterments to the water system of the city of Grand Rapids, is a necessary public improvement, and for the purpose of securing the same it becomes necessary to raise, on the credit of the city of Grand Rapids the sum of three hundred thousand dollars, and to issue therefor bonds to that amount, which said bonds shall be issued and mature not exceeding twenty years from date of issue, with the lowest rate of interest thereon at which the bonds can be negotiated, not exceeding six per cent. per annum. And be it further

Resolved, That a special election of the qualified electors of said city be, and the same is hereby called to be held on Tuesday, June 30, 1891, from 11 o'clock in the forenoon until 8 o'clock in the afternoon of that day in the several wards of said city, at which said election the question as to whether or not the said sum of three hundred thousand dollars shall be borrowed for the purposes aforesaid and the bonds therefor issued therefor as aforesaid, shall be and is hereby submitted to the qualified electors of said city, voting in their respective wards thereon, and that the clerk of said city be, and is hereby instructed to give notice of said election by publishing a notice thereof each day for at least six days before the time fixed therefor in the daily papers of said city, and prepare ballots as hereinafter specified to be voted by said electors, and that said ballots shall be canvassed and certified as at ordinary charter elections, and that the ballot to be voted by said electors shall be in the following form, viz: "Shall the common council of the city of Grand Rapids borrow three hundred thousand dollars, and bond the city for the same, for the purpose of extending the mains and obtaining a pure water supply and distributing water pipes of said city, and for betterments to the water system of said city?" No. And be it further

Resolved, That the city clerk be and he is hereby directed to prepare a notice of the meeting of the Board of Registration of the city of Grand Rapids, June 27, 1891, from 8 o'clock in the forenoon to 8 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, and cause the same to be published in the daily and weekly papers of the city, and also printed in handbill form and posted in at least 10 conspicuous places in each ward at least two weeks before the meeting of said board.

Adopted.

Yeas—Ald. Anderson, Carpenter, Conger, Doyle, Dregge, Emmer, Frost, Hauser, Kinney, Mahoney, Mills, O'Donnell, Saunders, Stein, Stokes, Sproul, Turner, Wyrzburg—18.

Nays—None.

[On another page will be found an article giving a description of the Cook Company's system, and the results sinking test wells in the city and vicinity.]

Registration Notice

OFFICE OF THE CITY CLERK CITY OF GRAND RAPIDS, COUNTY OF KENT, MICHIGAN, June 11th, A. D. 1891.

To the Electors of the City of Grand Rapids:

Take notice that the following locations in the respective wards and precincts thereof of the said city of Grand Rapids, are respectively designated and appointed as the places for the meeting of the board of registration of the said city of Grand Rapids, for the purpose of the registration of the qualified electors of the said city of Grand Rapids, for the special election to be held in said city on Tuesday, June 30th, A. D. 1891, said special election being for the purpose of submitting to the qualified electors of said city the proposition to bond said city in the sum of three hundred thousand dollars for the purpose of extending the water mains and distributing pipes for the water system of said city, and for other purposes betterments of said water system, and for the purpose of obtaining a pure water supply for said water system of said city, viz:

First Ward, first precinct—Engine house number six, on Grandville avenue in said city.

First Ward, second precinct—Lepplink & Company's store, number 187 Grandville avenue, in said city.

First Ward, third precinct—Number 643 South Division street, in said city.

First Ward, fourth precinct—At school house on southwest corner of Buchanan and Stevens streets, in said city.

Second Ward, first precinct—At Number 100 Monroe street, Cushman's cigar store, in said city.

Second Ward, second precinct—At store of D. J. Doornink, No. 16 North Division street (Wyman block) in said city.

Third Ward, first precinct—Number 145 Ionia street (Dunton's plaster house), in said city.

Third Ward, second precinct—Number 534 Cherry street, near corner of Prospect, in said city.

Third Ward, third precinct—At office of Boulevard livery barn on Cherry st eet, near intersection of Cherry street and Lake avenue, in said city.

Fourth Ward, first precinct—At number 9 East Bridge street (Hermitage block) in said city.

Fourth Ward, second precinct—At number 199 North Ionia street in said city.

Fourth Ward, third precinct—At Kinney's store, northeast corner of Fifth and Bridge street and Clancy street, in said city

Fourth Ward, fourth precinct—At northeast corner of Union street and East Bridge street, in said city.

Fifth Ward, first precinct—At the south store of Saunder's block on the west side of Plainfield avenue, north of Quimby street, in said city.

Fifth Ward, second prec nct—At number 39 Plainfield avenue (Finn's hall, so called), in said city.

Fifth Ward, third precinct—At store situate on the southeast corner of Fifth and Coit avenue in Fourth street, in said city.

Sixth Ward, first precinct—At number 288 Alpine avenue, north of Conker's store, in said city.

Sixth Ward, second precin t—At number 38 West Leonard street, in said city.

Seventh Ward, first precinct—At engine house number 3, Front street in said city.

Seventh Ward, second precinct—At number 73 Stocking street, in said city.

Seventh Ward, third precinct—At number 44 Stocking street, in said city.

Eighth Ward, first precinct—At Turner hall (so called) on South Division street, in said city.

Eighth Ward second precinct—At Polish hall (so called) on Jackson street, in said city.

Ninth Ward, first precinct—Number 144 West Fulton street, in said city.

Ninth Ward, second pr cinct—At number 326 Straight street, in said city.

Tenth Ward, first precinct—At Herman Gre bel's store on Jefferson avenue, in said city.

Tenth Ward, second precinct—At Klingu ele's hall, corner of Fifth avenue and South Division street in said city.

Tenth Ward, third precinct—At northwest corner of Sherman street and Henry street, in said city.

Tenth Ward, fourth precinct—At number 110 Baxter street, in said city.

Eleventh Ward fifth precinct—At northeast corner of Madison avenue and Adams street, in said city.

And that the said board of registration for said city will meet and be in session at the respective places above designated, for the respective precincts of said wards respectively, on Saturday, June 27th, A. D. 1891, and the said board will be so in session at said respective places on the said Saturday, June 27th, A. D. 1891, from 8 o'clock in the forenoon of said day until 8 o'clock in the afternoon of said day for the purpose of the registration of the qualified electors of the said named precincts of said named wards respectively, and for the purpose of making a perfect list (as near as may be) of all persons resident in the said six wards of the said city of Grand Rapids who are qualified electors under the constitution and laws of the state of Michigan, and entitled to vote at said special election.

Ed. H. Stein,	William H. Stokes,
Marcus A. Frost,	Jeremiah H Anderson,
Robert Sproul,	Joseph Emmer,
Eugene D. Conger,	Andrew Doyle,
William A. Tateum,	Charles A. Hauser,
Lewis G. Dunton,	Adolph Wurzburg,
Ed. O'Donnell,	Isaac M. Turner,
Malachi Kinney,	George W. Mills,
Fred Saunders,	Frank P. Carpenter,
James W. Mahoney,	John Dregge.

Board of Registration of the City of Grand Rapids.

WILLIAM A. SHINKMAN,
Clerk of the City of Grand Rapids.
[Attest].

WORKINGMEN ATTENTION!

500 MEN'S FANCY SHIRTS

With two and three separate Collars and one pair of separate Cuffs worth $1. We offer them this week for only

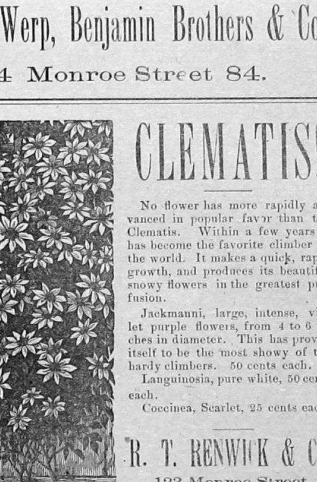
50 CENTS.

This is a GREAT BARGAIN and it will pay you to lay in a large supply.

Vander Werp, Benjamin Brothers & Co,

84 Monroe Street 84.

CLEMATIS.



No flower has more rapidly advanced in popular favor than the Clematis. Within a few years it has become the favorite climber of the world. It makes a quick, rapid growth, and produces its beautiful snowy flowers in the greatest profusion.

Jackmanni, large, intense, violet purple flowers, from 4 to 6 inches in diameter. This has proved itself to be the most showy of the hardy climbers. 50 cents each.

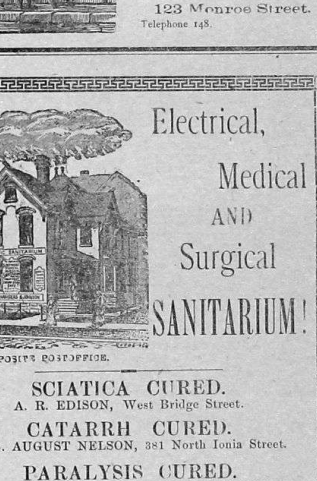
Languinosia, pure white, 50 cents each.

Coccinea, Scarlet, 25 cents each.

R. T. RENWICK & CO.

123 Monroe Street.

Telephone 148.



POSITIVE POSTOFFICE.

Electrical, Medical AND Surgical SANITARIUM!

SCIATICA CURED.
A. R. EDISON, West Bridge Street.

CATARRH CURED.
MRS. AUGUST NELSON, 381 North Ionia Street.

PARALYSIS CURED.
MR. AN ERSON'S CHILD—With Ball & Watters.

DYSPEPSIA CURED.
GEO. STOLER, Folding Chair and Table Co.

IMPORTANT NOTICE: We wish to inform the public that we occupy the whole building 133 North Ionia street; no one else having room there.

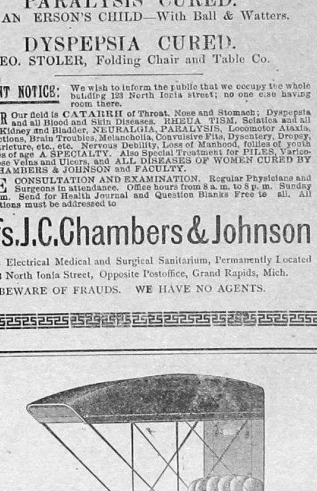
REMEMBER Our field is CATARRH of Throat, Nose and Stomach; Dyspepsia and all Blood and Skin Diseases, RHEUMATISM, Sciatica and all diseases of Kidney and Bladder, NEURALGIA, PARALYSIS, Locomotor Ataxia, Spinal Affections, Brain Troubles, Melancholia, Convulsive Fits, Dysentery, Dropsy, Rupture, Stricture, etc., etc. Nervous Debility, Loss of Manhood, follies of youth and excesses of age A SPECIALTY. Also Special Treatment for PILES, Varicocele, Varicose Veins and Ulcers, and ALL DISEASES OF WOMEN CURED BY PROFS. CHAMBERS & JOHNSON and FACULTY.

FREE CONSULTATION AND EXAMINATION. Regular Physicians and Surgeons in attendance. Office hours from 8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sunday 9 a. m. to 12 m. Send for Health Journal and Question Blanks Free to all. All communications must be addressed to

Profs. J. C. Chambers & Johnson

Proprietors Electrical Medical and Surgical Sanitarium, Permanently Located at 123 North Ionia Street, Opposite Postoffice, Grand Rapids, Mich.

BEWARE OF FRAUDS. WE HAVE NO AGENTS.



WE ARE THE LEADERS IN FINE BUGGIES.

HESTER & FOX,

44 TO 48 SOUTH DIVISION SRTEET.

OFFICIAL RAILROAD TIME CARD.

Grand Rapids & Indiana Railroad.

In Effect February 1, 1891.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

	Arr From South.	Lve Going North.
For Saginaw, solid train		10:55 a m
For Traverse City	6:15 a m	7:35 a m
For Traverse City and Mackinaw	9:30 a m	†11:30 a m
For Saginaw, solid train		4:30 p m
For Cadillac	5:15 p m	5:30 p m
For Mackinaw	7:45 p m	11:30 p m
From Chicago & Kalamazoo	3:25 p m	

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

	Arr From North.	Lve Going South.
For Cincinnati	8:00 a m	7:00 p m
For Kalamazoo and Chicago	†10:15 a m	†10:30 a m
From Saginaw	†11:55 a m	
For Fort Wayne and the East		5:20 p m
For Cincinnati	4:20 p m	5:30 p m
For Kalamazoo and Chicago	†10:00 p m	11:00 p m
From Saginaw	†10:30 p m	

Trains marked † run daily. ‡ Daily except Sunday.

Sleeping and Parlor Car Service.

North—7:35 a m train, parlor chair car for Traverse City; 11:30 a m train, parlor chair car for Mackinaw City; 10:30 p m train, parlor sleeping car for Mackinaw City.

South—7:20 a m train, parlor chair car for Cincinnati; 10:30 a m train, through parlor coach to Chicago; 4:30 p m train, parlor chair car for Cincinnati; 11:30 p m train, Wagner sleeping car to Chicago.

CHICAGO AND WEST MICHIGAN R'Y

JUNE 21, 1891

DEPART FOR	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Chicago	†10:00	†1:15	†11:25		
Indianapolis		†1:15	†11:25		
Benton Harbor	†10:00	†1:15	†11:25	†6:30	
St. Joseph	†10:00	†1:15	†11:25	†6:30	
Traverse City	†7:35	†6:35	†6:35		
Muskegon	†9:00	†1:15	†3:00	†6:30	
Manistee	†7:35	†5:35			
Ludington	†7:35	†5:35			
Big Rapids	†7:35	†5:35			
Ottawa Beach	†9:00	†1:15	†5:00	6:30	

†Week days. ‡Every day. ¶Except Saturday.

10:00 A. M. has through chair car to Chicago. No extra charge for seats.

1:15 P. M. runs to Chicago only with Wagner buffet car; seats, 50 cents.

5:25 P. M. has through free chair car to Ludington via M. & P. R. R.

11:35 P. M. is solid train with Wagner palace sleeping car through to Chicago, and sleeper to Indianapolis via. Benton Harbor.

11:30 P. M. has Wagner sleeping car to Traverse City.

6:30 P. M. connects at St. Joseph with Graham & Morton steamer for Chicago.

DETROIT LANSING & NORTHERN R. R.

JUNE 21, 1891

DEPART FOR	A. M.	P. M.	P. M
Detroit and East	†6:50	†1:00	†6:25
Lansing	†6:50	†1:00	†6:25
Howell	†9:00	†5:00	†8:35
Lowell	†6:50	†1:00	‡7:25
Alma	†7:05	†4:20	.....
St. Louis	†7:05	†4:20	.....
Saginaw	†7:05	†4:20	.....

*Every day. †Week days.

6:40 A. M. runs through to Detroit with parlor car; seats, 25 cents.

1:00 P. M. has through parlor car to Detroit; seats, 25 cents.

6:25 P. M. runs through to Detroit with parlor car; seats, 25 cents.

7:05 A. M. has parlor car to Saginaw; seats 25c.

For tickets and information apply at Union ticket office, 67 Monroe street, or Union station.

GEO. DERBY, GEN'L PASS'R AGT.

Muskegon, Grand Rapids & Indiana.

For Muskegon, Lv. 7:50 a. m., 11:15 a. m., 5:40 p. m. From Muskegon, ar. 10:10 a. m., 2:45 p. m. 8:35 p. m.

Chicago via. G. R. & I.

Lv. Grand Rapids	†10:30am	‡9:00pm	†11:30pm
Ar. Chicago	3:50pm	2:00pm	6:35am

† Daily. ‡ 10:30 a. m. train has through free parlor car, and 11:30 p. m. train Wagner sleeping car.

Lv. Chicago	7:05am	8:10pm	10:10pm
Ar. Grand Rapids	3:10pm	3:50pm	8:15am

† Daily. 8:10 p. m. has Wagner car and through free parlor car, and 10:10 p. m. train Wagner sleeping car.

Through tickets and full information can be had by calling upon A. Alnquist, ticket agent, at Union station or Geo. Stone, agent Union ticket office 67 Monroe street.

C. L. LOCKWOOD, Gen. Pass and Ticket Agent.

DETROIT GRAND HAVEN & MILWAUKEE RAILWAY

TIME TABLE

NOW IN EFFECT.

EASTWARD.

Trains Leave	†No. 14.	†No. 18.	†No. 12.	*No. 56
G. Rapids, Lv	6:50am	10:30am	3:45pm	10:55pm
Ionia Ar	7:45am	11:25am	4:38pm	11:37pm
Ionia Dep	7:50am	11:30am	4:40pm	11:38pm
Owosso	9:11am	1:30pm	6:10pm	1:18am
E. Saginaw	11:45am	3:40pm	8:15pm	.....
Bay City	12:45am	4:40pm	9:30pm	.....
Alma	10:05am	2:20pm	7:00pm	.....
Pt. Huron	3:35pm	6:20pm	10:35pm	7:35am
Detroit	11:05am	3:20pm	7:00pm	4:50am
Detroit	11:55am	4:20pm	9:50pm	7:20am

WESTWARD.

Trains Leave	†No. 11.	†No. 15.	†No. 13.	†No. 55.
Grd Rapids Lv	7:35am	1:50pm	8:15pm	10:30pm
Grand Haven Ar	8:30am	2:45pm	9:15pm	11:45pm
Milwaukee Str			6:40am	6:45am
Chicago Str			9:00am	.....

* Daily. † Daily except Sunday.

Trains arrive from the East, 6:40 a. m., 12:50 p. m., 9:30 p. m. and 10:30 p. m.

Trains arrive from the West 6:45 a. m., 12:10 p. m., 3:35 p. m. and 9:50 p. m.

Parlor Cars: No. 15 Wagner Parlor Buffet car; No. 18 Parlor Car; No. 33 Wagner Sleeper.

Westward—No. 31 Wagner Sleeper; No. 11 Parlor Car; No. 13 Wagner Parlor Buffet car.

JNO. W. LOUD, Traffic Manager.
JAS. CAMPBELL, City Ticket Agent.
33½ Fountain St., Grand Rapids.
JAS. CAMPBELL, City Ticket Agent.
22 Monroe Street.

LAKE SHORE & MICHIGAN SOUTHERN.

SOUTH BOUND—DEPART.	
Mail and Express	7:40 a m
Mail	3:00 p m
Freight	3:20 p m
Freight	6:25 p m

ARRIVE	
Mail and Express	9:20 a m
Mail	12:30 p m
Freight	12:35 a m
Freight	6:20 a m

A. J. SMITH, G. T. & P. A., Cleveland, O.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."

	DEPART.	ARRIVE.
New York Express	8 40 p m	12 45 p m
Atlantic Express	7 00 a m	10 00 a m
Mixed	8 40 a m	4 30 p m
Day Express	1 50 p m	10 00 p m
Atlantic and Pacific	*11 15 p m	7 00 a m

*Daily. All other trains except Sunday.

Sleeping cars run on Pacific and Atlantic Express to and from Detroit—Parlor cars run on Day Express to Grand Rapids. Express to and from Detroit—Direct connections made at Detroit with all Eastern and Western lines. Tickets on sale at Union Ticket Office, 67 Monroe-st., and at Depots.

FRED M. BERGES, Gen'l Agt, 67 Monroe-st
J. H. B. STEBBINS, City Ticket Agent.
Geo. W. SUMNER, Union Ticket Agent, 67 Monroe street.
O. W. RUGGLES, G. P. and T. Agt, Chicago.

PEOPLE'S SAVINGS BANK.

CASH CAPITAL.....$100,000.
PERSONAL LIABILITY....$100,000.
DEPOSITORS' GUARANTY,$200,000.

Thomas Heffernan.....President
Henry F. Hastings.....Vice-President
Charles M. Heald.....Second Vice President
O. H. Kelsey.....Cashier

DIRECTORS.

Thomas Heffernan.
D. D. Cody, Jas. G. MacBride, Jno. Mitchell, Jr., Dudley E. Waters, Jno. Murray, H. H. Gibbs, C. B. Judd, W. A. Gilbert, Alden Smith, S. A. Morman, H. F. Hastings, Chas. M. Heald, Dorus M. Fox, Daniel A. Heald, Don J. Leathers, H. G. Russell.

Receive deposits of 5 cents and upwards.

Pay a per cent interest on time certificates and savings deposits.

Sell exchange on New York, Chicago and Detroit and all foreign countries.

Loan money on real estate security.

Organized under the General Banking Laws of the State of Michigan.

THE MORNING PRESS.

PUBLISHED DAILY BY THE PRESS PUBLISHING COMPANY AT GRAND RAPIDS, MICH.

OFFICES 82 PEARL STREET.

TELEPHONE NUMBER 878.

ENTERED FOR TRANSMISSION BY MAIL AS SECOND-CLASS MATTER.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

By Mail, payable in advance, one year.....$3.00
Six Months.....1.50
Four Months.....1.00
Delivered by carriers in the city and suburbs, TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER MONTH.

John Vander Stelp has charge of circulation on the east side of the river north of Pearl, Monroe and Fulton streets, and A. T. Bickford all south of Pearl, Monroe and Fulton streets. Geo. H. Judd has charge of the circulation on the west side of the river.

A. K. Moore has charge of the circulation outside of the city and suburbs.

ADVERTISING RATES:

Display advertisements 5 cents per inch for each 1,000 papers circulated. Locals 10 cents per line.

For advertisements occupying less than three inches space, taken for a single edition and those requiring special or preferred position 25 to 50 per cent will be added to above rates.

S. A. Sheldon is manager of the advertising department.

CIRCULATION YESTERDAY.

Number of papers printed	6,700
Delivered by Carriers to City Subscribers	3,966
Mailed to Subscribers, (not including exchanges)	1,548
Sold to Newsboys, news stands, etc	1,140
Total Paid Circulation	6,654
Sample Copies Mailed	46
Total circulation	6,654

Subscription and City Circulation Books, Paper Account and Press Work Bills open for inspection by patrons or others interested.

SUNDAY, JUNE 21, 1891.

SAVE THE BOYS.

"Seeing the Elephant and Bucking the Tiger" is sensational enough, but after we have entered our protest against this somewhat loud theme the well-wisher of good society knows that it covers for discussion the most corrupting evil which today curses the human race. Almost all forms of evils above this level come in for a greater or less degree of rebuke from pulpit and press.

The very delicacy of the subject closes the preacher's mouth and silences the press, or clothes the utterance into such guarded phrase as to leave the evil untouched in terms commensurate with its terrible power.

And all men know that this most corrupting evil lies at the very foundation of life, society and the welfare of the state. How can it be reached? The question is a serious one. J. H. Webber speaks in plain terms. Hear him. Not often has the evil so able an opponent.

THE Detroit Journal announces that the "Farmers' movement" has collapsed. The wish is father to this vain thought of the Journal. The farmers' movement has not reached its zenith my many degrees. About the first of November it will be seen beyond all question whether the movement has collapsed or is bounding higher. The officers of the Alliances know better about their conditions than do the editors of old party papers.

SUPPOSE McKinley loses the fight in Ohio after doing his best for protection, and his opponent does his best for tariff reform, won't the defeat of McKinley be sufficient to show the Republicans that McKinleyism is a dead duck and won't do for a gonfalon next year? In that case what will they do for an issue?

IN addition to Commissioner Rozems, Frank Hine, John T. Maloney, and others already mentioned, it is probable that the name of Wm. M. Hathaway will be presented for police justice. He was educated to the law, and is an able and upright man. On the bench he would be fair and fearless

THE only point the People's party will endeavor to make in Ohio this year will be on members of the legislature, that they may get a balance of power between Democrats and Republicans, and thus, at least, secure the defeat of John Sherman.

IT hurts the feelings of the T.-H. for the workingmen to have a dance for the benefit of the strikers. If it is possible to slander such a gathering it will surely do so.

OHIO Republicans are for Blaine in 1892, if we are to judge from the applause given his name. Harrison and Alger received no encouragement.

GO AND hear Webber, the evangelist, at Hartman's hall today. Men only are are invited. Hear him for his cause.

A CAPITALIST is just as good as any other man if he behaves himself

That Platform.

New York Herald: "We don't know who wrote the platform indorsed at Columbus yesterday, but he was a humorist of purest ray serene."

"We favor economy in the administration of national and state affairs." You do, eh? And yet the surplus is gone and a big deficit is staring us in the face.

We favor "prompt and effective restraint of combinations of capitalists" All the same, you passed the laws which made trusts possible, and draw your campaign funds from this source.

We favor "the reservation of the public lands for American citizens" What little there is left of them, you mean. For 20 years you have grabbed these lands by the 10,000 acres, and they are now in possession of men high up in your party.

The devil was sick—just before election—the devil a monk would be. The devil got well—he carried the election—the devil a monk was he.

Latest Michigan Pensions.

Original—Wm. S. Robinson, Enoch F Buckley, Jas. F. Smith, Noah Kingig, Amos S. Hurlio, Montreville E. McNeil, Jos. Nopes, Wm Murray, Julius Koenig, Philip Afton, Michael Moore, Reuben H. McWhitey, Ransom C. Hackett, Oliver J Sawyer, Swelt F. Bergh, Wellington Posal, Homer W King, John B Schoonover, Nathan N Smith, Chas. W. Bears, Newton H. White, Jacob Admuck, Oliver Lapler.

Additional—Thomas Hatch, John Withey, Charles L Carrington, Richard Yielding, Abram Troax, Abram C Voorhies, Mark Upthegrove, Hiram S Wells, Gottlelb Grosmayer, George H. Scoleham, Michael Sheehy, Hendrick S. Vandyke, Lewis Slater, James Kearney, Enos E. Brown, James Campbell, Joseph Bean.

Increase—Jerome Wilhelm, Jedutihan Peckmore, George E. Dodge, George Travy, William H. Ross, Marcus L. McCrum, Isah Libey, Charles M. Nichols, Enoch S. Moulton, Lewis Long, Manford B. Ripley, Henry F. Gilbert, Charles W. Starr, jr.

Reissue—Richard R. Hockwell, Nathaniel Call, John W. Aklus, Joseph Garrison, Crawford V. Austin.

Original—Ann C. Packard, Emily L. Ackley, Martha C Andrews.

Reissue—Chester W. Lynes.

Specimen Cases.

S. H. Clifford, New Cassel, Wis., was troubled with neuralgia and rheumatism, his stomach was disordered, his liver was affected to an alarming degree, appetite fell away, and he was terribly reduced in flesh and strength. Three bottles of Electric Bitters cured him.

Edward Shepherd, Harrisburg, Ill., had a running sore on his leg of eight years' standing. Used three bottles of Electric Bitters and seven boxes of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and his leg is sound and well. John Speaker, Catawba, O., had five large fever sores on his leg, doctors said he was incurable. One bottle of Electric Bitters and one box Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured him entirely. Sold by H. & F. Thum's drug store.

Now Try This

It will cost you nothing and will surely do you good, if you have a Cough, Cold, or any trouble with Throat, Chest or Lungs. Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds is guaranteed to give relief, or money will be paid back. Sufferers from La Grippe found it just the thing and under its use had a speedy and perfect recovery. Try a sample bottle at our expense and learn for yourself just how good a thing it is. Ten cent trial bottles at H. & F. Thum's drug store. Large size 50c and $1 00.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever cores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Thum Bros

SMOKE Hotel Brunswick clear Havana 10 cent cigar. WHITE & WHITE, Druggists

Crescent Roller Flour.

Remember when you order your next sack of flour insist on having "Crescent" and take no other—quality guaranteed. VOIGT MILLING CO.

Good parlor suits, cheaper than you can buy them at "clearance sales," at E. Burkhardt's.

Reed's Lake Electric Cars.

After Monday, 15th, the Reed's Lake Electric railway will run its cars as follows: Leaving East street every 30 minutes until 12 o'clock noon, and every 15 minutes after 12 o'clock, except Sunday when they will run every 15 minutes all day. Half fare will be given to picnic parties of more than fifty persons.

THE best 10 cent smoke, Hotel Brunswick clear Havana cigar. WHITE & WHITE, Druggists.

JOE PAXTON, the popular barber of 62 Ellsworth avenue, has lately refitted his shop and is now prepared to do the best of work. Hair cutting a specialty at 15 cents.

THE best soda water in the city is the general verdict of all who drink soda at White & White's mammoth fountain, 99 Monroe street.

PROF BATHOLOMEW will make another balloon ascension, with Miss Gertie Carmo as contestant, at North Park, Sunday. Go and see the race.

ICE cream soda. White & White.

Summer Schedule Time C & W. M. Railway

A general change of time on Chicago & West Michigan railway will take place after noon on Sunday next, June 21. The morning train to Chicago heretofore leaving at 9 o'clock on week days, will will leave Grand Rapids at 10 a. m., arriving in Chicago at 3:55 p m., allowing liberal time for connection with all lines radiating from Chicago to the west, northwest and southwest. Free chair car is run between Grand Rapids and Chicago on this train.

The 1 p m. flyer for Chicago will leave fifteen minutes later and arrive in Chicago as at present, 6:30 p.m reducing the run to only five hours and fifteen minutes. Wagner buffet parlor car seats fifty cents. The fast express northbound will continue to leave Chicago at 4:45 p.m. and will arrive here at 9:55 p. m., shortening the heretofore very fast run by 20 minutes, or only five hours and ten minutes between the two cities. The night express leaving Chicago at 11:15 p m will reach Grand Rapids at 6:10 a.m. instead of 6:30 Northward, the Traverse City express will commence to run, except on Sunday nights, at 11:30 p.m., the 7:25 a m. and 5:25 trains continuing as at present.

South bound, the trains will leave Traverse City, except on Sundays, at 7:05 a m., 12:35 noon and 6:15 p m. Through sleeping cars will leave Chicago for Traverse City except on Sundays at 4:45 p. m., and from Grand Rapids at 11:30 p. m. A Wagner buffet parlor car will leave Chicago at 9 a. m., except Sundays, and arrive in Grand Rapids at 3:55 p m. Sleeping cars will leave Traverse City every night, except Sunday, at 6:15 and arrive in Chicago next morning at 7:05. A daily (except Sunday) line of boats will commence running on next Monday morning between Traverse City and St. Ignace, Mackinac Island, Harbor Springs, Petoskey, Charlevoix, Northport, etc. These boats will leave Traverse City on arrival of night train, which will carry passengers down to the wharf immediately alongside of the steamboat. Returning boats will arrive at Traverse City and connect with the 6:15 express southbound.

SMOKE Hotel Brunswick clear Havana 10 cent cigar. WHITE & WHITE, Druggists.

THE best bargains in bed room suits in the city at Burkhardt's

Grocery Clerks, Attention!

There will be a special meeting of the Retail Grocer Clerks union at 10 o'clock this Sunday morning. A full attendance is desired. By order of PRESIDENT

THE best 10 cent smoke, Hotel Brunswick clear Havana cigar. WHITE & WHITE Druggists.

GOOD parlor suits, cheaper than you can buy them at "clearance sales," at E. Burkhardt's.

NOTICE is hereby given that Ransom R. Reed has no authority to collect any money nor to contract any debts whatever on this firm's account as he is no longer in our employ. Adams Home Furnishing House, 30 South Division street. F. W. Fox, Manager.

SMOKE The Custom House 5 cent cigar sold by White & White, 99 Monroe street.

NOW is the time to buy furniture, and Burkhardt's is the place to get it at a bargain.

MODERATE prices, best goods, polite attention, prompt delivery, a clean and handsome store bring trade to White & White, druggists. Call and see them.

NOW is the time to buy furniture, and Burkhardt's is the place to get it at a bargain.

CABINETS $1 per doz at Schellhous', 84 Monroe street.

ICE cream soda. White & White.

HEART disease, palpitation, pain in side, short breath, oppression, asthma, swollen ankles, are cured by Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure. A new discovery by the eminent Indiana Specialist. Fine illustrated treatise free at White & White and E. R. Wilson, or address The Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

CABINETS $1 per doz at Schellhous', 84 Monroe street.

THE best 10 cent smoke, Hotel Brunswick clear Havana cigar. WHITE & WHITE, Druggists.

Crescent Roller Flour.

We guarantee your bread will always be satisfactory if you use "Crescent." VOIGT MILLING CO.

SMOKE The Custom House 5 cent cigar sold by White & White, 99 Monroe street.

THE Germania Singing society will give a concert at Germania hall this evening.

ICE cream soda. White & White.

PATIENTS with chronic diseases should call on Dr. Vennber, 48 Bostwick street

FRUIT Cream Soda. WHITE & WHITE

CABINETS $2, Wykes', 35 Monroe.

G. R. & I. Summer Schedule, In Effect June 21.

Trains will leave and arrive at Grand Rapids as follows:

For Traverse City, leave at 7:30 a. m., with chair car; 1:30 a. m and 5:05 p. m. Arrive from Traverse City at 10:20 a. m., 5:25 p. m and 10 p. m

For Petoskey and Mackinaw City, leave at 7:30 a. m., with sleeper and parlor cars; 11:30 a. m, with chair car, and 10:30 p. m. with sleeping cars. Arrive from Mackinaw, 6 a. m, 5:25 p m and 10 p. m.

For Saginaw, via Howard City, leave at 7:05 a. m. and 4:30 p. m. Arrive from Saginaw at 11:50 a. m and 10:40 p. m

For Muskegon, leave at 7 a. m., 12:45 p. m., and 6:25 p. m. Arrive from Muskegon at 10:10 a. m., 5:15 p m, 10:15 p. m.

SOUTH BOUND.

For Cincinnati at 7:00 a. m. with parlor car a d 10-30 p m with sleeping car. Arrive from Cincinnati at 6:50 a. m and 7:45 p. m.

For Fort Wayne at 7:00 a. m., 2:00 p. m. and 10:30 p. m. Arrive from Fort Wayne 6:50 a. m., 2:15 p m and 7:45 p m

For Chicago, via Kalamazoo, at 10:30 a. m., with through parlor car; arrive in Chicago 3:55 p m. At 10:30 p. m. with through sleeping car; arrive Chicago 6:50 a. m. Arrive from Chicago at 2:15 p. m., 8:45 p m and 6:50 a. m

WHITE'S Orchid Cream will keep your skin soft, smooth and white, even when exposed to the hot summer sun and wind. 25c bottle. Sold only by White & White, druggists, 99 Monroe street, corner Ionia.

DO YOU want a baby carriage, E. Burkhardt has a full line for sale cheap.

AN excellent programme has been prepared for the concert to be given by the Germania Singing society at Germania hall this evening.

FRUIT Cream Soda. WHITE & WHITE

THE best bargains in bed room suits in the city at Burkhardt's.

CONCERT by the Germania Singing society at Germania hall this evening.

FRUIT Cream Soda. WHITE & WHITE.

CABINETS $2, Wykes', 35 Monroe

Delaware's New Whipping Post Tried.

The new pillory and whipping post in the jail yard at New Castle, Del., was christened May 16 for the first time since its erection, the old one having become rotten. Sheriff Simmons applied the lash and pillory to those convicted of the various infractions of the law. About 200 spectators in the jail yard watched the flogging. Ropes had to be stretched across the yard to keep back the crowd. Alexander Wortenbury and William H. Bradshaw, both colored, stood in the pillory from 10 to 11 o'clock, and Samuel Swell and Andrew Jackson, also colored, occupied it from 11 until 12 o'clock. Each of these prisoners received twenty lashes from the cat-o'-nine-tails, which were well laid on.

The other victims of the lash were Benjamin Caulk and James Williams, both colored, ten lashes; George Cummins and Frank Groome, colored, and Andrew Reed, white, five lashes; George Harman, colored, four lashes.—Cor. Baltimore American.

The London and Paris Telephones.

The very unsatisfactory state of the London telephone service has resulted in the formation of a subscribers' association for the purpose of securing better service and more satisfactory rates. In this connection there is some possibility of the postoffice running a telephone exchange of its own. The London-Paris telephone line now transmits about fifty conversations per day. Since the rates for a three minute conversation are two dollars, the lowest possible revenue of the company is $100 per day, and it is fair to assume that many customers exceed the three minute limit, and thus raise the average toll per message.—Boston Transcript.

Master and Slave Go to the Poorhouse.

Recently an ox wagon came into town having in it two occupants, an old white man and a negro man, their destination being the county poorhouse. The white man was old Uncle Mack Martin, once a man of much property, now old, decrepit, without friends and home. The old negro was Mr. Martin's former slave and trusted coachman. They have hand in hand together passed life's rugged highway. So long as one could work they both lived, but it came at last that neither was able to make a living, so they go to the poorhouse to die.—Scottsboro (Ala.) Cor. Chattanooga Times.

Figures on the Baby's Eye.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis A. Piers' little baby in Lichfield, Minn., has an eye for figures, or rather has figures on its eye. When the baby was about a month old a figure 1 was discovered just above and at the left of the pupil of the baby's left eye. A short time afterwards a figure 2 appeared just below the figure 1, and a few days ago figure 3 became visible just below figure 2.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

HUNTING THE KANGAROO.

The Grotesque Flight of a Herd Upects the Gravity of a Hunter.

The rest of the herd immediately made off in our direction; but instead of scattering pellmell as other wild animals would have done under like circumstances, these queer denizens of a queer country fell into line and departed in regular Indian file, the big old doe leading the way, and the smallest diminutive pickaninnies bringing up the rear. The doe covered the ground with tremendous leisurely hops, holding her fore paws before her in a mincing way that was very comical.

The smaller animals, each an exact though diminutive counterpart of the leader, followed in gradually diminishing perspective, every little beggar hopping just a little more rapidly than the one before him, until the fast flying legs of the last puny fellow at the end of the line were blurred like the spokes of a wheel in rapid motion.

The effect of this extraordinary procession was to my unaccustomed eyes so altogether ludicrous and absurd that I nearly lost my shot in an uncontrollable burst of laughter. As it was I might just as well have had my laugh out to the end, for although I let the old doe have both barrels full in the flank as she passed me at twenty yards' distance she never even faltered in her course, and had quite disappeared in the scrub, with all her numerous progeny at her heels, before I had time to replace the empty cartridges.

The No. 3 shot in all probability had little more effect upon her tough hide than so many grains of sand. Nevertheless, it might perhaps have brought her down if I had aimed at the head, for one pellet penetrating the brain through the eye would have been sufficient. But the motion was so eccentric and perplexing that this would have been a very risky shot, and I preferred the chance of stunning her by a direct double charge full in the body to the almost absolute certainty of missing her altogether by attempting the more difficult shot.—Birge Harrison in Scribner's.

Why American Women Walk.

"No other women in the world can compare with American women," said a man who has been living abroad for several years, "in walking. The American woman walks by preference. She seems to scorn a carriage. And how she walks! Her head is held up, her shoulders are thrown back and her step is firm and elastic. Is it any wonder that she has a fine color and that her lips are fresh and her eye clear? In other countries women ride because they do not feel safe when they are in the street. Here they know that they have every man at their command if they need him.

You find women in line after line thronging the streets where they go to do their shopping, or in Fifth or Madison avenue, when they are returning home. They may not know what a blessing their independence is to them, but their own beauty and the health and vigor of their children in after years are in a great measure due to this love of walking. Slive in England, perhaps, I have seen nothing like it, and in England the women do not walk as they do here. They are more deliberate and grave. The quickness and strength and fire are missing. They seem more like machines. They walk for the sake of tradition, it seems to an American, but here our women walk because they like to walk."—New York Tribune.

Tea Drinking.

The custom of tea drinking is as old as the Chinese empire, and as early as 780 A. D. a duty was levied on the tea that grew wild on the Chinese mountains. But it is within two centuries that its use was adopted by the English, when the East Tea company imported it and it was sold at $25 a pound. Its use was confined to the royal household. In the reign of Henry VII a refreshment consisting of tea and cakes was called a voide.

On the occasion of the marriage dinner of Katharine of Arragon and Arthur, prince of Wales, the court chronicler wrote: "The evening refreshment called voide was brought in by fourscore earls, barons and knights, walking two and two. Ipocras and comfits were offered. One noble servitor presented the golden spice plate, a second the cups, while a third of lower rank filled the cups from a golden ewer."

Since then what Washington Irving calls the "motherly teapot" has become a power in the world.—Detroit Free Press.

Statement of the Assets and Liabilities OF THE Grand Rapids Mutual Building and Loan Association

For the Three Years Ending May 14, 1891.

ASSETS.	
Mortgages	$73,900 00
Fines due and secured	76 65
Interest	34 44
Premium	6 80
Office furniture	25 85
Books and stationery	169 75
Cash on hand	2,250 47
	$76,463 01

LIABILITIES.	
Due stockholders	$60,136 10
Loans not yet paid	75 00
Profits	10,501 91
	$76,713 01

Shares in Force and Their Value.

No. of Series.	Date of Series.	Shares in Force.	Am't Paid per Share.	Profit per Share.	Value of Each Share.	Shares Loaned Upon.
1	May 14, 1888	1,761	$13 40	4.4671	27.8671	159
2	Oct. 22, 1889	596	10 95	3.4188	23.4188	51
3	Feb. 25, 1889	125	17 25	2.4439	19.6939	37
4	June 3, 1889	162	15 00	1.8479	16.8479	39
5	Sept. 2, 1889	355	13 20	1.4310	14.6310	108
6	Dec. 2, 1889	278	11 25	1.0294	12.2894	133
7	Mar. 3, 1890	171	9 30	.7193	10.0193	110
8	June 2, 1890	75	7 35	.4437	7.7937	8
9	Sept. 1, 1890	79	5 40	.2395	5.6395	31
10	Dec. 1, 1890	201	3 45	.1020	3.5520	37
11	Mar. 2, 1891	203	1 50	.0035	1.5035	12
		3,717				695

We hereby solemnly swear that the above is a true statement to the best of our knowledge and belief of the condition of the Grand Rapids Mutual Building and Loan Association of Grand Rapids, Mich., on the 14th day of May, 1891. WM. WIDDICOMB, President.

EDWARD D. HORTON, Secretary.

Subscribed and sworn to this 18th day of June, 1891. ISAAC VAN BREE, Notary Public, Kent County, Michigan.

STEKETEE'S PIN-WORM DESTROYER

MOTHERS, SAVE YOUR CHILDREN!

Steketee's Worm Destroyer for Worms in Human Beings.

READ WHAT PEOPLE SAY OF IT

Mrs. H. Snider, of Pueblo, Col.: "It is a great remedy for worms and nervousness."

Mrs. M. L. Campbell, Cranbury, New Jersey: "We used your worm remedy for Seat or Pin Worms with great effect. We were pleased with the result."

"The only sure remedy for seat worms known. Destroys all kinds of worms known.

Ask your druggist for Steketee's Pin Worm Destroyer or "Sun ara." Price, at your drug store, 50 cents, or by mail on receipt of 35 cents.

Address, G. G. STEKETEE, Grand Rapids, Mich.

Rug Sale!

Special Sale of Smyrna Rugs on

Monday, June 22

AT

John Ten Hope's.

134 Monroe Street.

FOR ONE DAY ONLY

4 ft by 7 ft,	regular price	$9 00, for $7 41
4 ft by 7 ft,	regular price	8 00, for 6 64
36 inches,	regular price	6 00, for 4 94
36 inches,	regular price	5 00, for 3 97
30 inches,	regular price	4 00, for 3 66
30 inches,	regular price	3 25, for 2 25
26 inches,	regular price	3 00, for 2 49
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And smaller rugs in proportion.

ROSE & SONS,

Fancy . Steam : Dyers.

Cleaning, Coloring, Altering and Refitting done by the very best tailors, at reasonable prices. Shelf-worn goods sent by express will receive prompt attention.

70 South Division street, Grand Rapids, Mich.

WILSON'S RHUMATIC POWDER. GUARANTEED TO CURE CHRONIC RHUMATISM. PRICE 50¢ CORNER MONROE & OTTAWA STS. CITY DRUG STORE.

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JAS. CAMPBELL,

General Steamship Agent,

23 Monroe Street, Grand Rapids, Mich

"I spose oo sink Is a naughty, noisy baby, but Ise aint. Ise gieved betause my papa's poor and tant buy mama nice furniture like Aunty Smith's dot. But mama says she is doin' to do down to Heyman & Company's, 63 and 65 Canal Street, and buy her furniture on easy payments, and then I can have a nice new cab like Tousin Anna's dot. I sink Heyman & Company's dood te poor people, don't oo."

97° IN THE SHADE.

This means warm weather in dead earnest. Nothing deprives the warm weather of its uncomfortableness like our Gasoline Stoves and Refrigerators. Do not fail to look over our line before buying.

Do not forget that we furnish a house complete and sell on long time payments at Cash Prices.

HEYMAN & COMPANY,

THE HOUSE FURNISHERS,

63 and 65 Canal Street.

Did You Ever TRADE WITH Zorn THE HATTER 54 MONROE ST. It Pays To TRADE WITH

You Can Always Do Well With Us

Best Qualities and Most Reasonable Prices to be Found With

$750 Important Notice!

TO CLOTHING BUYERS.

At the close of business Wednesday night we made a special inventory of our stock on hand and found that our business of the last three weeks had left a large quantity of single SUITS on our counters Amongst them, however, are all sizes. Begining tomorrow we shall offer a special sale of Men's, Sack and Frock, SUITS at $7.50. These SUITS, of which there are over 500, were formerly held at $10 and $12, and are made up of Fancy Cassimeres, Worsteds and Cheviots, plain and fancy mixtures, stripes, plaids, checks, etc· The two front tables in our Men's Clothing Department are given up to them, as well as part of our main Show Window, where you can see samples of the Styles, Patterns and Fabrics involved in this Slaughter. No dealer in Grand Rapids can duplicate these SUITS at less than $10. Most of them are held at $12 and $15. If you require a durable and stylish SUIT for Summer Wear don't fail to make selections from this stock before they are all sold out.

GIANT CLOTHING COMPANY.

LEADERS OF MEN'S READY FOR USE FASHIONABLE APPAREL

THE PEOPLE'S COLUMN.

Mr. Lisle Versus the Undersigned

EDITOR MORNING PRESS—In your issue of June 20 is an article signed M. C Lisle criticising Dr. Jackson's attitude upon the labor question and charging myself with "denouncing the strikers," etc. Mr Lisle says I did this on June 7 I have reviewed all that I said upon that date and fail to recall a single word disrespectful of the strikers or that can be fairly construed with an expression of sympathy with the capitalist as against the laborer. On the morning of that date my subject was 'Conscience;" in the evening, "The Wrong Man for the Place." In neither was I discussing the relations of "capital and labor." I have said what no man will deny, that "no man can quit work without loss to himself and to the country, and that like a war measure, a strike is only justifiable as a final resort." Mr. Lisle cannot say that production can be increased by stopping production. I would say the same concerning a "lock out" by capitalists or any other movement by trusts or monopolies which interferes with production.

In the early part of the recent strike I took occasion to discuss the whole subject. Mr. Lisle will find the principles then elaborated in Lev. 17:13. If he can find any ground for his charge against me in that verse he is welcome to do so. But I object most seriously to being misrepresented by Mr. Lisle and suggest that before he voices the attitude of a public man upon any question he qualify himself to give the exact language used. Upon the general onslaught upon preachers I wish to say that there are preachers who are at work when Mr. Lisle is asleep at both ends of the day, and but for convictions which Mr. Lisle cannot understand would go far as hard work and compensation is concerned be infinitely willing to exchange places with Mr. Lisle I am presuming that Mr. Lisle is a 'hard, horny handed son of toil," wriggling like a worm under the iron heel of some tyrannical capitalist There are preachers who could show him a day's work that would open his eyes, and upon whose receipts he would lose more flesh, lean as he already is.

This is the gentleman I presume who has been posing as an "atheist" in your columns, that explains his irrepressible hatred to "the cloth." A decent thing to do would be to deal with such a man on his merits, and with such arguments whether by a preacher or anybody else, as it stands. Mr. Lisle's article is a "hodge-podge" of hatred to a class of men about whom he knows little; and of sentiments concerning workingmen about whom I judge he knows less, of libelous statements for which there is no justification; and of deformed logic it is easy to say "the church has ever been on the side of wealth," perhaps it is true that the church has wealth, certainly the Bible teaches industry, honesty, frugality, forethought and temperance. Why should it not be rich? But has it done nothing for the poor? Some atheists (so called) have been rich, but where are the colleges, hospitals, orphanages, "homes" it has erected or is maintaining I wonder how many poor families appeal to Mr. Lisle in a week for help on the ground of his superior atheistic charity. I will guarantee Mr. Lisle a hard day's work any time, and a fine chance to exhibit the magnificent spirit of his desolate "creed" if he will fill his pockets with atheistic money for the poor. I will take him into a dozen homes of desolate want, and show him scenes of sickness and sorrow on which he can demonstrate the superior sympath of his know-nothing, see-nothing, believe-nothing cipher theory

M. W. THOMPSON

Deplores the strike.

EDITOR MORNING PRESS—In an article written by myself and printed in your issue of the 17th inst., I find that I had been misinformed in regard to the statement that Elmer C. Chisholm was called upon by the Street Railway company to sign an ironclad contract. I received a card to say with his denial, saying he had never been called upon to sign an ironclad contract by the company. With that exception I believe the statement is correct.

I had been requested by one of your correspondents to write an article for your paper, on the all-absorbing topic of the day—the strike of the street railway employes. In stating my views on the subject I had no intention of becoming a correspondent of your paper. In this "land of freedom" mobs go hand in hand with strikes, and death and desolation follow in their track, as a matter of course. They are hardly less to be dreaded than a cyclone, and as it is hurried on by an invisable force, is a more Crime, rampant and active, soon becomes a power that knows no law, and stops at no obstacle. It is wonderful how soon it becomes violent and unmanageable when banded together with a sense of injuries, real or imaginary. Much suffering has already been caused; more must ensue. If the strike goes on, many innocent people must, and will suffer. The reputation of the city is at stake. Must it be ruled by a mob, or will it continue as in time past, to be a place of law and order?

The street car men as a rule are a fine set of men, for their class, when in the performance of their duty. They are then both neatly clad and gentlemanly in deportment. Any labor, however humble, is honorable when performed with a sense of duty and honesty as unto God, for it is written: "Not with eye-service, as man pleasers, but in singleness of heart as unto God"

Shall the scenes enacted in our sister cities of Detroit and Chicago be enacted over again in this smiling Grand River valley? Satan seems to be putting in big work before he is bound. But, let the day will come when "the heavens shall rollo gether like a scroll and the earth will melt with fervent heat," for the Word of God declares it.

MRS. C. E. BLACKMON

Sparta, June 19, 1891.

PICNICS! Annual picnic of Old Residents will be held near terminus of the Reed's Lake line of D., L. & N. R. R., on June 23. Trains will leave union station at 10:00 a. m., 1:00 2:00, 3:00 p. m. Leave lake returning at 4:00, 5:00, 7:00 and 8:00 p. m. Ample accommodations will be provided. Fare 10c for round trip.

GEO. DEHAVEN,
General Passenger Agent.

SMOKE The Custom House 5 cent cigar sold by White & White, 99 Monroe street.

HOW THEY SLIP IN.

Despite Law and Inspectors Contract Laborers Manage to Land.

Something must be done to improve the system now employed in the detection of contract laborers. They are being constantly landed in this country in spite of the utmost vigilance of the inspectors.

It is estimated that at least 50 per cent.—Colonel Weber said this was not very far out of the way—of the immigrants who come here under contract slip through the barge office, while a large percentage of those who are actually detained cannot be held for lack of sufficient proof.

As a matter of fact, the present system has to depend almost entirely on the simplicity of the immigrant, on his confession that he is actually an out and out contract laborer. Some actual detective work is done by inspectors on the "traveling division," as it is called, but the rank and file of the contract laborers who are sent back to Europe convict themselves.

Every steamer coming in from a European port is boarded at Quarantine by one or more inspectors, accompanied by an interpreter, according to the nationality of the passengers on board. Efforts are then made while the vessel is proceeding to her pier to discover if any contract laborers are on the vessel. These efforts are of course mainly confined to the immigrants. The interpreter circulates among them, for without him the inspector would not be able to get their confidence.

So well is this method known that there probably is not an agent in Europe sending people over here under contract who has not a full description of every inspector employed and the interpreters as well. It is even hinted that their photographs are in the possessions of the European labor agents.

As a natural result every immigrant who is under contract is thoroughly posted as to what he is to expect when he reaches New York, and he is thoroughly prepared to answer all questions in the safest manner for himself.

In the landing inclosure in the barge office there are generally two inspectors and several interpreters who sharply watch the immigrants while they are answering the questions of the registry clerks. Occasionally contract laborers are caught, but that is simply because the immigrant convicts himself.

Where a number of immigrants who are suspected of being under contract leave the barge office in a body for some specific point one of the "traveling division" of inspectors is sent to look up the case. There are three of these inspectors now on the road.

This is the only real detective work done by this bureau, and these in brief are the methods employed by the inspectors to detect the violators of the contract law. It allows a year in which to convict a contract laborer and send him back, and upon this time the traveling inspectors bank their hopes. Their operations are confined mostly to inquiries, I am told.

It is certain that the plan does not accomplish the desired result. Cases are constantly cropping up where contract laborers have slipped into this country, gone to work and, afterward becoming dissatisfied with their employers, have asked the barge office authorities to redress their grievances.

There are several remedies, but one which has been suggested, and which is regarded as one of the most potent, is to send detectives to Europe to come over on the steamers as immigrants. They would then have time during the voyage to make an investigation. This would involve actual detective work, and it would mean wearing poor clothes and eating plain food. As one man put it. "A silk tile would not be in it."

When I approached Colonel Weber on this subject he said: "There is no question that contract laborers are slipping into this country, and something ought to be done, but it is a knotty problem. The plan of sending detectives to European ports to come back on the steamers has already been suggested. You must bear in mind that these men would have to be linguists, and that is one difficulty. They would at least have to understand the language of the immigrants on the ship they were on.

"This plan would be 'spotted' in time as well as our present system, but I would go further and keep detectives in Europe who would correspond with manufacturers and agents on this side.

"If these people are being contracted for as a regular business by people here in New York, and a regular commission business, with humanity as a basis, carried on, we want to know it. Sending a few immigrants back from the barge office is like killing a few skirmishers before a great battle. It doesn't affect the great result a particle. We want to strike at the root of the matter. Detective work must be done on this side also."

General O'Beirne gave a similar opinion. "What is the use of inspectors standing in front of a procession of immigrants as they file past the registry desk and asking them questions?" queried the general. "Why, the foreigners actually smile when the usual stereotyped questions are asked. We need men who will take off their coats and go into a shop or factory where contract laborers are suspected of being and work there. Contract laborers are not going to convict themselves with their eyes open."—New York Herald.

Some of Phillips Brooks' Ancestors.

The old Phillips home in North Andover, where the bishop-elect passed much of his boyhood, is a venerable gambrel roofed building, built in 1782 by Dr. Brooks great grandfather, the Hon. Samuel Phillips—Lieutenant Governor Phillips—one of the founders of Andover academy. It was in the day one of the most elegant houses of the town. The old house is now rich in old family treasures; there are fine old family portraits; there is a portrait of Washington, presented by one of his nephews; old silver tankards and porringers, massive sideboard, tapestries, an old carved cabinet, a library of quaint old books.

In the southeast parlor General Washington was once received by Mme. Phebe Foxcroft Phillips, wife of Samuel Phillips. She was a lady graced with social accomplishments, she was extremely beautiful, sweet and graceful in manner and carriage, and a person of extraordinary conversational powers. It was said by one who knew her that her "style of conversation surpassed that of any one, male or female, in the country." She was the chief donor on the occasion of the establishment of Andover Theological seminary.

She was a gifted writer of letters, and possessed great strength of mind and tenacity of purpose. That she was beautiful one could well believe, judging her by the portrait of her son, Colonel John Phillips. His face is remarkably sweet and regular in expression, classic, denoting refinement, high breeding, purity and composure of spirit. The face of Colonel Phillips is remarkably like that of his grandson, Phillips Brooks, and the resemblance is heightened by the eyeglasses worn by each.

Colonel Phillips graduated at Harvard in 1795, studied law, but on account of ill health never practiced, but went into trade in Charlestown, where he married Miss Lydia Gorham, a daughter of Judge Nathaniel Gorham. One of his daughters, Mary Anne Phillips, married Mr. William Gray Brooks and became the mother of Phillips Brooks. William Gray Brooks was for forty years a hardware merchant in Boston. He was a member of St. Paul's church and was a near relative of Peter Chardon Brooks, the wealthy marine underwriter of Boston.—Boston Transcript.

The Price of Wisdom.

There is nothing stranger to youth than the persistency with which age proffers its experience; there is nothing more trying to age than the determination of youth not to accept it. The fathers, mothers and guardians who have learned their hard lessons would be glad to impart their knowledge, without its ruinous price, to those they love. But the youngsters will have none of it. No, they must buy their own wisdom, "dree their own weird," "pay the piper" themselves. No yearning affection can shield them from the trials and temptations they rush so gayly to meet.

But why should the elders continually mourn that such is the case? They have spent their lives in learning how to live. So did their predecessors. Their children will do the same. The law is universal. Knowledge comes only with age and wisdom with the close of life. It must be that it was so intended. The blunders of youth, the struggles of maturity, the regrets of age, are all part of the inevitable training of each soul, a training necessary before it is prepared to enter on a fuller life.—Harper's Bazar

The Interview.

To the newspaper interview we are indebted for a vast amount of enlightenment, learning and wisdom that the interviewer has got from men who, without his suggestion, would never have given it to the world. The principle of interviewing, going right to the source of information, gives us accuracy also And take it all in all, the American newspaper contains the most truthful history that has ever been written.

A fine interviewer is one of the most valuable men on a great journal. He must be a man of education, acquainted with affairs, skilled in the use of words, above all, he must possess an instinctive understanding of human nature. A fine man who is being interviewed is like a fine fish that you have hooked. You will fail if you attempt to "yank him." You must humor him a little; play out and reel in; let him have his own way and then he is lost and you land him.—Philadelphia Ledger.

The New Table.

	5 hours 15 minutes
	5 hours 15 minutes
	5 hours 15 minutes
	5 hours 15 minutes
TO	5 hours 15 minutes
CHICAGO	5 hours 15 minutes
VIA	5 hours 15 minutes
	5 hours 15 minutes
C. & W M	5 hours 15 minutes
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FROM	5 hours 10 minutes
CHICAGO	5 hours 10 minutes
VIA	5 hours 10 minutes
	5 hours 10 minutes
C. & W. M.	5 hours 10 minutes
	5 hours 10 minutes
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	5 hours 10 minutes
	5 hours 10 minutes

P. S.—These trains leave Grand Rapids at 11:15 p. m. and Chicago at 4:45 p. m. Other trains from here at 10 a. m and 11:35 p. m. This new schedule commences at noon, Sunday, June 21st.

GEO. DEHAVEN,
General Passenger Agent

WHEN you are sick you surely want only the best medicines. Take your prescription to White & White, 99 Monroe street.

GET Burkhardt's prices before you buy any furniture.

ICE cream soda. White & White.

OTTAWA TODAY 75 CENTS | Special one hour trains will leave union station today at 10 a. m. and 2:30 p. m.; return leave the beach at 6:30 p. m and 8:30 p. m.

ICE cream soda. White & White.

DO YOU want a baby carriage, E Burkhardt's has a full line for sale cheap.

FRUIT Cream Soda
WHITE & WHITE.

A. E. BRONSON.
MACHINIST AND MODEL MAKER.
BICYCLE REPAIR SHOP.
25 Pearl Street,
GRAND RAPIDS. - - - MICH.

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BARGAINS,
If you wish to buy cheap or will sell cheap for quick sale come and see us. We have some GENUINE BARGAINS in residences and vacant city property A choice Millinery Stock for sale or exchange for real estate, now doing a good business. Good (almost new) Delivery Wagon for sale cheap. If you wish to buy, sell, exchange or rent come and see us. We work for our customers interest Open evenings.
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GENERAL INFORMATION.

Notices inserted in this column under classified heads for one cent per word for one day and one half cent per word for each subsequent insertion—payable in advance; no advertisement taken for less than 10 cents.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Two good men to saw oak timber in woods. Experience required. Dunton & Bates. 21

WANTED — A good wash Woman at 60 Hovey street. 21

WANTED—A chambermaid. Apply at Livingston hotel, 51 and 53 Lyon street 21

WANTED—A girl for general house work at 42 Turner street. 21

EMPLOYMENT WANTED.

WANTED—By a good steady man, employment for myself and horse. Call at 45 Page street. 23

WANTED—Employment by steady young man. Registered pharmacist; good penman understands book-keeping; care or office work preferred. Reference. Address T, Morning Press. tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A good oil stove, four burners; cheap; nearly new. Call at 48 Bostwick street, upper floor. 21

FOR SALE—or rent cheap. Four small new dwellings on West Side. John P. Quigley, agent, 18 Wonderly block. tf

FOR SALE—Good work horse, weight 1,300, cheap. Enquire at 7 South Division street. 21

FOR SALE—Two story brick block on West Bridge street, or will exchange in part for other property if sold within 30 days. Inquire of A. A. Lord, 151 West Bridge street. tf

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A desirable 8 room modern house on West side, for per month Fitzgerald & Frankford, 80 West Bridge St. tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

$400 AND $1,000 TO LOAN—Tuttle Bros. 21

DO YOU WANT A HOME?—We want you to have one, and have 10 desirable new houses which we will sell cheap either for cash or on easy payments; now is the time to get a good nice home cheap. Fitzgerald & Frankford, 80 West Bridge street, Fifth National bank building. tf

WANTED—Every young man in Grand Rapids to step in and see what we can do with them in a suit of pants or a suit of clothes made to order Voigt, Herpolsheimer & Co. tf

CUSTOM TAILORING.
Fine Dressers seeking the Latest Fabrics and styles in Suits and Trousers, as well as the Greatest Skill in Cutting and Best Workmanship, should see the advantages offered by
OUR FRITZ" THE PEOPLE'S TAILOR.
110 CANAL STREET.

IF YOU want to reach Michigan readers place your advertisement in the MORNING PRESS. If you wish to attract the attention of people in New York, Chicago or elsewhere advertise in out of town papers.

COUNTRY EDUCATION

MANUAL TRAINING AND COOKING SCHOOLS NEEDED.

The Village and Country Schools, as Well as those in the City Need More of the Practical.

Practical education is needed in the country as well as in the city. There has been too much brain culture in the past, with too little sense development and mind training. With all opportunities for objective teaching and manual training, but little of it has come to the country, and yet the boys and girls there need this training as much as children in crowded city tenements. Successful experiments in these directions are being made in many country neighborhoods. Groups of ladies are inaugurating cooking, carpentry, and clay modeling classes and sending to the cities for teachers.

In these neighborhoods boys who expected to become clerks, and in consequence to leave their homes for city boarding houses, are becoming impressed with the interest as well as value of tools. Girls are enjoying lessons in hygiene and the chemistry of food, as well as practical demonstrations of cooking. Sewing is also growing more and more interesting, and the young girls appreciate doing with the learning.

Take, for example, two neighborhoods on the Hudson, near New York. In one a library association was started a few years ago by some ladies. There seemed but few people around who could or would utilize a library or reading room, but soon many men and boys gathered nightly. A sewing school was started for Saturdays upon strict business principles, and within a month was overcrowded. It was hard to tell where the hundred or more girls came from, but there they were, eager to learn. A boys' class for modeling and carpentry started, then a cooking class for girls, and all were successful. Monthly entertainments were held, when an admission fee of ten cents was charged, and the rooms were crowded.

In the other neighborhood practical classes have also started and are all crowded. In this small settlement are now being held three weekly cooking classes for different groups of girls, two large sewing classes, a dressmaking course and boys' carpentry classes.

Village bands and choruses are valuable. In one place a large group of boys are kept interested by their weekly band practice. A right feeling of pride is aroused when they are called upon to lead local processions, to play at entertainments, etc. Here, also, the teacher of the village school has started a gymnasium, and is training boys and girls alike in the Swedish movements. Country children need to be physically developed by training, and taught graceful movements as well as city children. Village volunteer companies of boys can be organized and made a power by furnishing practical outlets to energies, physical as well as mental.

Interest in surroundings should be roused. The country, with its woods, rocks, trees and plants, should be studied; intimacy with the beautiful variety of animal and insect life should be encouraged. Through such channels homes will be made brighter. Happiness means contentment, and contentment comes from health, occupation and interest. Country contentment will be the result when young people become stronger, keep brain as well as hand busy, and are interested in others.—Grace Dodge in Lippincott's.

One Suit for Six.

Writing in Century Dr. C. B. Gillespie relates this incident of a Sunday in Coloma, Cal., in '49:

A group of half a dozen Indians especially attracted my attention. They were strutting about in all the glory of newly acquired habiliments, but with this distinction—that one suit of clothes was sufficient to dress the whole crowd. The largest and best looking Indian had appropriated the hat and boots, and without other apparel walked about as proudly as any city clerk. Another was lost in an immense pair of pantaloons. A third sported nothing but a white shirt with ruffled bosom.

A fourth flaunted a blue swallow tailed coat, bespangled with immense brass buttons. A fifth was decked with a flashy vest, while the sixth had nothing but a red bandana, which was carefully wrapped around his neck. Thus what would scarcely serve one white man just as effectually accommodated six Indians.

An Idea for a Country Place.

The points of the compass are always a mooted question at country houses, particularly on the shores of bays or lakes, where each curve and indenture of the land changes the frontage to the water. Really acrimonious discussions have been held by near neighbors on their respective verandas, where, without a reliable compass to guide them, each man held to his own opinion with dogmatic persistence.

"I have lived in four different country houses with you," said the wife of one of the disputants laughingly, "and in every place there has always been this discussion."

"It is always a much argued question," answered their visitor; "some one invariably starts it every summer wherever there is an idle group of people. There is always a decided difference of opinion; and oddly enough no one ever seems to have a compass."

"Well, this is what I mean to do," said the lady, "and I think it will be a very pretty decoration as well as a useful one. I intend to draw on the floor of the veranda a large and clearly marked compass in red outline, verifying it, of course, by the real instrument. It will be the greatest convenience, and will look very well, too, if neatly done."—New York Tribune.

If there is one truth which more than another is brought out by the study of geology, it is that from the most ancient period down to the present day there has been a gradual introduction from time to time of higher and higher forms of life on this planet, thus constituting a kind of drama of existence.

The water of the central basin of the Mediterranean has been found to be warmer, denser and richer in dissolved salts than the western. While a white disk was only visible at forty-three meters photographic plates were affected at 500 meters.

GOULD'S READY MONEY.

He Can Create a Panic Any Time by Withdrawing $12,000,000.

How much is Jay Gould worth?

His contemporaries, associates and critics put him down at about $150,000,000. I suppose it is not much exaggerated. We know, who are brokers and in the banking business here, the influence of his ready money. He has got the best money in the country; it is all liquid money.

What do you mean by liquid money?

Money which flows like a liquid—like quicksilver, according to the inclination, up or down. The Astors, for example, do not have liquid money; their money is in real estate, upon which they could not realize in tight times as well as in easy times. But Gould's money is here in time of panic as readily as in flush times.

Almost any time he can withdraw from the market $12,000,000, or can keep it loaned. Now, the bank surplus is only $10,000,000. So you see the prodigious power that money has in the mere ebb and flow of it. When Mr. Gould withdraws it, as he is said to do, though I have no knowledge on the subject, the times are terribly tight here. Up goes the rate of interest. Men with obligations are ready to pay almost anything. This money comes to him in the nature of his property.

His property is always earning money in cash. If he resolves to purchase some costly piece of property, like the Union Pacific railroad, he may put his money out to let interest accumulate upon it. He is not, however, a money lender in the sense of Russell Sage, who lends money to earn money. Mr. Gould lends money with an object in view, in the nature of a large merchant. Yet he is without the conditions of such a man—a polite person.

A friend of mine not long ago borrowed $1,000,000 from him in the midst of the panic. This man did not consult his temporary necessity, but said to Mr. Gould, or rather wrote to him, that whatever interest he was minded to ask would be satisfactory. He says that Gould said to him, "Go along until you get through, and we will see about the rate then." When they came to settle all that Gould asked him was ordinary interest—6 per cent. Such things he does quietly without further remark, and hence many persons who are not very intimate with him, but have had exchanges of that kind to take place, think of him with as much respect as they speak of him.

It must be remembered, however, that he has not lived this life and encountered long hostility and abuse to become a mere philanthropist. He is a gigantic merchant in transportation.—"Gath" in Cincinnati Enquirer.

Climbing the Alps.

The street between the wall and the hotel was called the club room of Zermatt, and it was there that my feelings of respect for the cliffs and precipices of the Matterhorn perished. For there I heard the story of the fat German who like a log up the peak by four guides, the rope tied around his waist and fastened to his feet with a slip knot, and he swinging from rock to rock, suspended thousands of feet in the air and they never bothering to look at him; and of the Italian count who made the ascent with seven guides in front, seven behind, and one man to keep his legs straight against the rocks; and of the boy of fourteen following in the train of the conqueror; and of the woman reaching the top, and then, as the guides literally ran her down, quietly sleeping all the way back from the lower hut until the bells of the little church in Zermatt awoke her.

And yet even the cynics who laughed at these tales could be stirred into a show of enthusiasm, and more than once were we roused from our first sleep by the ringing cheers with which the men at the Monte Rosa greeted the return of the last hero of the Matterhorn. And, after all, there are certain perils which the exploiters of the Alps cannot wholly counteract.—Century.

Ostentation at Funerals.

It is a sad commentary on a Christian community, which takes that distinctive title from a religion whose founder is called the Consoler because his word plucks the sting from death, that it surrounds death with every circumstance of woe and gloom. The distinctive ministry of the faith seems to fail at the very point to which it is especially addressed. The natural Christian tone at the burial of the dead would seem to be the cheer that springs from the thought of immortality—a sublime hope, a tender resignation.

The Christian thought in that hour should instinctively dwell upon the soul, not upon the body, and the simplest and most unostentatious rite of burial would seem to be the most truly Christian. But the ostentation of Christian funerals has become so great that burial reform associations are formed, both in this country and in England, to relieve the poor of the painful and needless cost which, from mistaken respect for the dead, they will not spare so long as ostentation is the custom.—George William Curtis in Harper's.

The Large National Cemeteries.

The biggest of the eighty-two national cemeteries are at Andersonville, Ga., with 12,461; Arlington, Va., with 16,350; Chalmette, La., with 12,620; Chattanooga, Tenn., with 13,023; Fredericksburg, Va., with 15,273; Jefferson Barracks, Mo., with 11,647; Antietam, Md., with 12,369; Marietta, Ga., with 13,962; Nashville, Tenn., with 16,537; Salisbury, N. C., with 12,132, and Vicksburg, Miss., with 16,620. Of the 327,179 interred, 178,225 are known and 148,954 unidentified. About 9,300 of the entire number are Confederates.—Washington Star.

A Valuable Cat.

S. W. Kimball, of Presque Isle, has a Maltese cat which is valued as much as a horse and buggy. The other day, while Mr. Kimball was away, the cat came in from the barn and went to Mr. Kimball's wife, and after "mewing" started to the barn again. This the feline repeated three times, till at last, to see what the cat wanted, Mrs. Kimball followed it to the barn to where a colt was hitched, and there found the horse tied so securely that it could scarcely move, and where, if it had remained any great length of time, it must have been severely hurt, if not killed.—Lewiston Journal.

Might Have Been Worded Differently.

Young Medicus—Of course it will take me a long time to get started.

Eminent Physician's daughter—Oh, yes; papa says even the cleverest in the profession are years building up a practice.—New York Times.

A Snake Swallowed a Snake.

It was back somewhere in the sixties when the incident I am about to relate occurred. The date has not been put back so as to prevent a critical examination by the incredulous, but because it belongs to that period.

There were three of us hunting prairie chickens. They were plentier then than they are now. It was but a little task to secure a bag of them. But only a few can have such a rare treat now as the breast of a young prairie chicken fried.

As we were tramping cautiously through the thick, clean prairie grass a blue racer moved slowly out of our way. It was not the length of the snake that attracted our attention, but its unusual thickness and its indisposition to get out of the way. Neither did it show any inclination to resist the invasion. Its eyes had not the well known flash of fight. The bulging thickness of the snake excited our curiosity. After killing it one of the boys with his knife ripped it open, and there to our great surprise we coiled a rattlesnake which was nearly as long, and before he had been compressed seemed to have been nearly as thick as the racer. He had, if I remember correctly, a button and two rattles.

If I had the opportunity now, I would be more careful in the examination of such a rare natural wonder. I would measure the length and thickness of both snakes, and would also be sure to find out whether the rattlesnake was swallowed head or tail first, and whether he had been started on his inland journey before or after death.

I had heard that snakes swallowed toads and frogs without dissection, but had doubts of the ability of the snake to so expand his throat; but after this incident I doubt no more, and would not be greatly surprised to hear of a racer swallowing himself.—J. B. Marlin in Central Christian Advocate.

Evolution of the Knife.

"This caseful of implements which we have newly placed on exhibition is designed to show the development of the tool which we call the knife, beginning from the earliest times," said Professor Mason at the National museum. "First, you observe, is the fragment of flint, which the savage split by banging it on top with a stone hammer into a number of flakes. The smaller ones were used for arrow points and the bigger ones for knives, their edges being split off so sharp that you might almost shave with some of them. Next you see the flint inserted into a handle of split wood or bone, and as farther improvements, the fastenings of this primitive knife in the handle by the rosin of trees and by cord of one sort or another bound around to secure it.

"The most beautiful knife in the collection is this exquisitely molded blade of greenish jade, belonging to the stone age, branded with a walrus tusk. You can hardly find a more admirably formed weapon among the products of modern cutlery wares. Most curious of the modern tools here is this sailor's knife, square at the end instead of pointed, to prevent stabbing in a row, or the dangerous falling of the weapon from aloft. Its blade drops out at the end of the handle when a spring is touched, so that Jack can hold a rope with one hand and open the knife for service without the need of ten fingers."—Washington Star.

All on Account of a Hen.

'Twas only a little hen, with a lopped comb and a flushed face, that broke up the pastorals of an able Maine parson. She used to sneak under the fence, you know, just the way hens do always, tiptoe across the grass border with the minutest step and then the elder's garden had to take it. Of course it was aggravating. Did you ever watch a hen at this job?

She trips carelessly into the middle of the garden bed; she cocks her head; a careless look comes into her eye; she balances partners with a flip and a scrape to the right, a flirt and a kick to the left, a double shuffle and a grand skirt dance flourish. Then she looks for grub.

Well, that person saw the whole thing for days; same hen, same gestures, and she came in miraculously, astonishingly, through a new hole every day. Then came at length wrath and a girding of the loins; a gun, bang!—dead hen floating upon the placid breast of a river eddy. The current washed the corpse upon the neighbor's strand and then the neighborhood heard the tale. The atrocity was fanned vigorously and the poor parson found that he was not to be an assassin and the leader of the parish at the same time. Therefore his farewell sermon.—Dexter Gazette.

How Soundings Are Made.

To get correct soundings in deep water is difficult. The best invention for that purpose is a shot weighing about thirty pounds, which carries down a line. Through this shot or sinker a hole is drilled, and through the hole is passed a rod of iron which moves easily back and forth. At the end of the bar a cup is dug out, the inside being coated with lard. The bar is made fast to the line, a sling holding the shot in position. When the bar, which extends below the shot, touches the bottom the sling unhooks, and the shot slides downward and drives the lard coated cup into the sand at the bottom. In that way the character of the ocean's floor is determined.—St. Louis Republic.

Three Ways of Putting It.

Harry came in from his play roaring like a little bull of Bashan. He cries so often and so easily that little anxiety is felt when he is heard screeching his hardest. On this occasion his mother said:

"Well, well, Harry, what now?"

"Oh, I have skint my knee."

"Skint' it, Harry?"

"Oh, yes, yes! I was walking along and I fell down, and when I got up my knee was all skin up! Just see how it is skinded!"—Detroit Free Press.

The great Lick telescope reveals about 100,000,000 stars, some of which are relatively so small that they would need to be magnified by 30,000 diameters to be visible to the naked eye.

IN LOVERS' WALK.

In Lovers' Walk the wind is wild;
To right and left the leaves are piled,
Or writhe amid the branches bare,
Or pad the runways of the hare.
Yet here the sweet June days have smiled.

With wonders then the woods were aisled;
The freshest rose and alra most mild
Were found by those who wandered there
In Lovers' Walk.

For all those hearts unreconciled
That were with whispered words beguiled
When larks were reeling in the air,
And scents were blown, from everywhere,
The wind is sobbing like a child
In Lovers' Walk.

—Hester Middleton Symes.

All He Could Eat for Ten Cents.

A young Bostonian visiting this city, and who thought himself very smart, was easily sold by an old "gag." Pretending to be something of an epicure, he was praising the sea products found near the Hub, when a Philadelphia lawyer remarked: "But you should eat our oysters. They would knock you silly. Why, I can give you all the Philadelphia oysters you can eat for ten cents!"

The Bostonian bet fifty dollars on his reputation as an oyster eater. So one evening, after a period of semi-starvation to fit himself for the contest, he and the lawyer went to a well known oyster saloon not far from Broad and Chestnut streets. The lawyer threw a dime on the counter, and told the oysterman to go ahead. Ten oysters were opened and rapidly consumed by the Bostonian. His mouth watered for more, but the lawyer declined to order them, claiming he had won the fifty dollars. A storm of reproaches greeted him, in the midst of which he calmly remarked: "My dear boy, have you not had all the oysters you can eat for ten cents? Ask the man. He won't give you any more for the money."—Philadelphia Record.

Women and Age.

I just wonder what makes some women so mean to other women about the question of age. I was at a reception the other afternoon—not a man in sight—goodness! wasn't it dull, and one girl said to another:

"How old do you think Miss H——is?"

"She will never see thirty," said the one questioned. "I knew her ten years ago, and she was out in society then."

"She makes herself up cleverly," said the first speaker, and just then Miss H—— walked up. You may never believe it, but she went straight to the one who was inquiring about her age and who poses as a debutante, and asked her if she remembered when the cholera was here. It was positively awful. Then they gave each other the sweet smile of moral hatred, and passed on to new victims.

It is so foolish to try to dispute with time. I would never do it, but all the same it is very ill bred in people always hinting about how old you are—when you are still in your teens.—Detroit Free Press.

Smoke Blossoms.

"Did you ever see a smoke blossom?" asked an old smoker. "Well, the way to make them is this: Blow a ring in a still atmosphere and then watch it. The smoke making the ring revolve toward the center as you look toward it. While it is floating away a part of the ring shoots slowly away from the rest, forming a loop. When the two sides of this loop comes almost together the loop seems to burst at its apex, and a lily shaped blossom appears there. Sometimes this blossom will break up into other smaller loops and they will produce smaller smoke blossoms as did the larger one. I can't account for it, but a smoke ring invariably bears these queer blossoms."—New York Sun.

A Vegetable Bouquet.

While I stood in a Sixth avenue drug store the other evening an old man, poorly clad, entered and bought a bottle of perfumery, which he sprinkled over a bed of what looked like cut flowers in a tray he carried upon his arm.

He asked me to buy a bunch. "Only five cents," he said. The bouquet consisted of three roses. The white rose was a turnip, delicately carved; the yellow rose was made from a carrot and the red one from a beet.

The old man's skill in duplicating flowers in vegetables was certainly admirable and the perfumed spray made the illusion complete.—New York Herald.

Knew What Was Coming.

Mr. Tiptop—As you are a fluent linguist you would probably enjoy the French comedy by the French company at the theater. Will you accept me as an escort?

Miss Westend—Er—I am not feeling very well this afternoon. You understand French, I suppose, Mr. Tiptop?

"Dear me, no. I don't know a word of it."

"Oh! Thank you, Mr. Tiptop, I will accompany you with pleasure."—Good News.

A vessel at sea put on all speed to escape a colossal waterspout, which came roaring along and threatened to engulf it. The waterspout eventually passed close to the vessel, which was lifted some yards on the wave which the waterspout sucked up as it passed.

Seven children—three sons and four daughters—of the abolitionist John Brown are now living. One of the sons, Salmon, is a farmer; John is a fruit grower on Put-in-Bay island, Lake Erie, and Jason is a lecturer.

A careful examination of different samples of any one kind of chalk will generally show from 200 to 300 different species of shells, but by far the largest portion is composed of only some eight to ten species.

Coffee pounded in a mortar and roasted on an iron plate, sugar burned on hot coals, and vinegar boiled with myrrh and sprinkled on the floor and furniture of a sick room, are excellent deodorizers.

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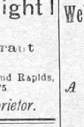

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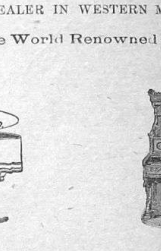

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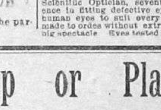

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