THE DAILY TRIBUNE-PRESS.

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PASSED BY PARTY VOTE

REPRESENTATIVE WHITE'S APPORTIONMENT BILL.

Sharp's Free Employment Bill Passed by the Senate in Committee of the Whole After a Weary Debate. St. Joe Harbor

LANSING, April 17.—The consideration of the representative apportionment bill consumed the entire time of the morning session in the house. The bill was passed as it came from the committee of the whole, numerous motions to amend the same failing each and every time. These motions to amend of course came from the Republican side of the house and are long assumed the nature of filibustering, as the yeas and nays were demanded on each vote; they could only delay action on the bill, however, not being "in it" when the grand finale took place. The vote on the bill stood yeas 52, nays 34.

In the afternoon the house passed W. B. Jackson's bill to prevent fraudulent entries in speed contests, Representative White's "Beer" bill and the senate substitute for Representative Barnard's toll road bill, then adjourned until 9:15 Monday night.

The Senate.

The senate upon convening this morning did nothing. A recess was taken until 2 o'clock. Many important bills were reported by the various committees in the afternoon. Several bills were killed by the committee on judiciary. Representative Cook's bill defining the crime of larceny and prescribing the practice in certain cases, was one of those doomed to die. The bill of Representative Shull protecting cemeteries and private burial grounds from willful and malicious trespass, was also "on the list." The railroad committee reported favorably on Senator Doran's sleeping car bill, The bill provides that upper berths, not sold to a bona fide passenger, shall be closed and kept closed upon the request of the occupant of the lower berth. The committee also recommended the passage of Rep. W. R. Jackson's bill providing for the surrender of special railroad charters and the reincorporation of the same under the general law.

In committee of the whole a bill of Senator Wisner appropriating money to pay the attorney-general, clerks and certain expenses in such department was passed. Representative Ferguson's "illuminating oil" bill was amended so as to limit the fees of the deputies to $75 per month and then passed by the committee.

Senator Sharp's free employment bill engaged the attention of the committee the rest of the afternoon. The bill provides for the establishment of free labor employment bureaus in Detroit, Grand Rapids, Saginaw, Kalamazoo, Manistee, Sault Ste. Marie, Ironwood and Ishpeming. General Withington moved that Jackson be substituted for Kalamazoo. Senator Sabin moved as an amendment to the motion of the gentleman from Jackson that all after the enacting clause of the bill be stricken out. Then the weary debate began, nor was it as "many a winding bout of linked sweetness long drawn out." Senator Millnes wanted the bill killed because the Upper Peninsula was to get three of the bureaus. Park, posing as the workingman's friend, hoped that the bill would come to no untimely end. Senator Sharp, the father of the bill, then set forth the merits of the bill at length. The efforts to kill the bill availed naught. Jackson was substituted for Kalamazoo, and the measure as amended passed the committee. After passing a few minor measures, the senate adjourned until 9:15 Monday night.

Doran's Tax Bill.

LANSING, April 17.—Senator Doran's select committee on taxation has reported a perfected tax bill. By this bill the collection of delinquent taxes by the auditor general is discontinued, the collections hereafter being made by the county system.

Last year it cost Kent county $5,644 44 to collect delinquent taxes amounting to $145 41.

The Patrons' Power.

LANSING, April 17.—The Patron senators want the earth. They had their way on the congressional apportionment bill and now wish to dictate how the state senatorial representative districts shall be parceled out. Senators Brown, Benson and Bastone are evolving bills for such apportionments.

"Joe Harbor."

LANSING, April 17.—The members of the house committee on municipal corporations have agreed to recommend the passage of the bill consolidating the villages of Benton Harbor and St. Joseph. The new city will be known as St. Joe Harbor.

SQUEEZED HIS NECK

Peculiar Injury to Allen O. Meyers at Cincinnati

CINCINNATI, April 17.—While Allen O. Meyers was standing in the Grand hotel yesterday J. M. Hill, the well known theatrical manager, came up behind and putting his arm around his neck gave him the "stranger" hold. The strain was so sudden that it ruptured a blood vessel in the bronchial tubes. A doctor was immediately called, and after receiving attention Meyers was taken home. The injury was not thought to be serious, but later Meyers had another violent hemorrhage, and the doctor considered his condition very critical.

Striking Sheep Shearers.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 17.—Advices by the Australian steamer Monowai, which arrived today, say the sheep shearers strike in Queensland has developed into riots, and that railroad and telegraph lines have been destroyed by the strikers. The militia was called out but no fighting was done and no lives lost.

Death at Kalamazoo.

KALAMAZOO, April 17.—Daniel N. Brownell, one of the best known citizens of this section, died this morning. He has a $70,000 suit pending against the Montgomery Palace Stock Car company of Chicago, for infringement of a patent

KILLED BY RIDICULE

The Minnesota Tights Bill is "Out of Sight"

ST. PAUL, April 17.—Tights scored a signal victory today. And to the laughter and ridicule of the whole nation—not to corruption, not to any real change of sentiment among those who compose the legislative body—must the victory be ascribed

Today the judiciary committee of the house reported the McHale bill back without recommendation. The bill must now go to the foot of the general orders and will not be reached at this session of the legislature.

JUST AS PREDICTED

The Commercial Congress Ends in a Row Over the Tariff Question —Two Platforms Adopted

KANSAS CITY, April 17.—The first Western States Commercial congress was continuously occupied this afternoon in consideration of the tariff and silver planks reported by the committee on resolutions. There was hours of wrangling and convention ended in a big row, four Minnesota delegates withdrawing, including E. N. Smalley, chairman of the committee on resolutions.

At 5 o'clock the convention by a vote of 83 to 71 adopted the following as a substitute for the plank of the majority report and protective plank of the minority:

Resolved, That in levying tariff duties they should be so adjusted as to bear with least effect on the necessities of life and rest in a great measure on luxuries, so as to relieve as far as possible the burden on labor and agriculture.

An immediate adjournment was taken to Casino hall. Many of the delegates thought the question settled and left for home, among them the entire Michigan, California, South Dakota and other delegations. The Democrats and alliance men realized their power, reconsidered the resolution and adopted the following by a vote of 76 to 65.

Resolved, That we are unalterably opposed to the protective tariff principle, and we favor tariff for revenue only, and we urge congress to enact laws to place the tariff upon a purely revenue basis at as early a date as practicable.

Mr. Smalley said he would be out of place in a Democratic gathering, and withdrew, and did likewise delegates from the Business Men's union of Cincinnati.

A hard fight was made to leave the tariff and silver question untouched and the result stamps the congress as partisan political gathering.

THE "LILY" IN LUCK.

She Will Float on Abington's Money Next Season.

LONDON, April 17.—Lord Abington, notorious under the name of Mr. Baird, the sporting man, and famous for his complications with the Pelican club, again comes to the front with a new scheme. He undertakes to float Mrs. Langtry for the coming season For this purpose he has subscribed 35,000 pounds. Associated with him are so-called society men who contribute each 100 pound a week to the fund with which the theatrical season is to be boomed for the lady. Everything is to be provided; theaters, company, new scenery, costumes, machinery and decorations. The entire business of the season will be run by the combination, Mrs. Langtry being spared the trouble of affairs and of management if she does not desire to undertake it. Her will, however, still remains law, and it is doubtful whether she can be induced in any way to relinquish the personal management of the companies brought upon the stage to assist her.

Although Mrs. Langtry's last season was not a pecuniary success—in fact, large sums of money were lost on the production of "Cleopatra"—she has ample means and is living in luxury in the West End. She maintains her good looks and fine spirits and has high hopes for the future. Her admirers are more numerous and more devoted than ever. Under the new arrangement that has been made for her the Lily has earned the sobriquet of "Lady of the Syndicate."

THE WAR IS OVER.

Evidence of the Fact From South Carolina.

CHARLESTON, S. C., April 17.—A significant political meeting was held at the state capitol yesterday. It was the first white Republican meeting ever held in the state, and it said to be largely the outgrowth of the Alliance wave which swept over this state last year. The significance of the meeting was the presence for the first time of a number of leading white citizens who have heretofore been associated with the straight-out Democratic party. Fifty one clubs were represented The meeting elected delegates to the Republican league convention which meets a Cincinnati April 21. This movement is regarded still some concern here, taken as it is in consideration of the reputed declaration of the Alliance in favor of a third party.

WASHBURNE WINS

Creiger and His Friends Acknowledge Their Defeat

CHICAGO, April 17.—The official canvass of the city election is complete, with the exception of the Thirty-fourth ward, and Hempstead Washburne's majority over Creiger is 381. This includes all the returns with large majorities for Creiger which are evidently in part fraudulent. There will be no contest, as it would only result in throwing out Creiger votes, increasing Mayor Washburne's majority.

The certificate of election will be issued to Mayor Washburne tomorrow, though he will not take his seat, probably, till after the next meeting of the council, which will listen to Mayor Creiger's valedictory. Creiger and his advisers have given up the contest and admit their defeat.

Schwatka Goes to Alaska.

ST. PAUL, Minn., April 17.—Frederick Schwatka, the well known writer and explorer, left here last night for the Pacific coast, on his way to Alaska, where he expects to explore a large section of country from the Yukon river west.

STRUCK BY AN ENGINE

AN UNKNOWN MAN KILLED NEAR FIFTH AVENUE.

Caught by the Pay Car Engine While Running to the South Yards—The Coroner Unable to Identify the Body.

Considerable excitement was caused at the south yards last night by the circulation of a report that another unknown man had been murdered near Fifth avenue. The report upon investigation proved untrue, although the body of a man horribly mangled was found beside the G. R. & I. track about 500 feet south of Fifth avenue. The police and Coroner Bradish were notified of the discovery and repaired at once to the scene of the supposed murder. There they found a large crowd of people hovering around the dead body, and upon inquiry the coroner learned that death was the result of an accident. It seems that G. R. & I. engine 22 Engineer Briker, Fireman Cull, drawing the pay car was making the run from the Union depot to the round house, and when near Fifth avenue struck the man, who was after careful search found dead. The coroner is of the opinion that the accident was purely accidental.

The appearance of the body indicates that the man was a laborer and not a tramp as at first supposed. No one knew him, and after getting what particulars he could the coroner ordered the body removed to Dolbee's undertaking rooms, where it was prepared for the inquest. The right arm was broken and horribly mangled, the neck broken as well as the right leg. There was nothing on the body to give a clue to his identity except a plain white envelop, upon which was written "J A White, 100 Ellsworth avenue." Inquiry at that number failed to throw any light as to who the man was.

A jury will be impanneled this morning to make further inquiries into the killing. Those who claim to have seen the accident told the coroner that after the fireman and engineer discovered they had struck the man they stopped their engine, took the body from the pilot and laid it beside the track.

THE PRESIDENT'S TRIP.

Hearty Welcome at Memphis and Little Rock.

MEMPHIS, April 17.—The president and party arrived in Memphis at 8:30 this morning and left at noon. A special train with a special committee appointed to meet the party left at 6:30 a m and met the presidential train at the state line and escorted the party into the city. The military companies, both black and white, were drawn up in front of the depot to greet the president. An immense crowd was also present, many being negroes. Along the route to the court house square the president was received with acclamation. At the steps of the Cotton exchange W. L. Clapp delivered an address of welcome. Mr. Harrison took some time in response, relating anecdotes of his childhood and his recollections of Memphis. He was followed by Postmaster General Wanamaker. Secretary Rusk also delivered a short address. After which the president held an informal levee, shaking hands with all comers.

At Little Rock.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., April 17.—A warmer welcome could not have been tendered President Harrison in his own native state, than given him here this afternoon. Twenty thousand people greeted him on his arrival at the state house, where he was presented by Gov. Eagle After acknowledging the generous welcome tendered him in a brief speech, a short reception was given.

RECIPROCITY WITH SPAIN.

The New Treaty Concluded by ex Minister Foster

WASHINGTON, April 17—Advices received at the state department indicate that the new treaty with Spain has been concluded. It comes within the provisions of the reciprocity clause of the McKinley bill, and ex-Minister John W Foster, who negotiated the terms of the treaty, will soon be back in Washington with the full text.

MADRID, April 17.—The draft of the new treaty of commerce between the United States and Spain which provides for partial reciprocity of trade between the former country and Cuba was concluded today. The treaty is understood to fix a very low rate of duties on flour and other articles imported into the Antilles from the United States. General John W. Foster, the special representative of the United States, who negotiated the new treaty, will leave this city for home tomorrow.

State News Condensed.

Traverse Bay was frozen over for 40 days this year.

Grand Ledge is raising stock for a canning factory.

Suel Hudson has resigned as deputy postmaster of Allegan.

The life saving crews on the lakes went into service Wednesday.

The county fair will be held at Allegan commencing September 29, and will last four days.

The Hastings Journal estimates that 3,080 dozens of eggs were bought in that city last Saturday.

The "Allegan Gazetteer" are still boring for oil. The operators of the drill have had a succession of mishaps, but they are now in good shape again and hopeful.

James Selkirk of South Haven, is one of 17 heirs to the Vassar estate at Poughkeepsie, N. Y., who will receive about $50,000, in accordance with a decision in the courts of New York.

Wm Thorne lived beyond his means at Kalamazoo, and suddenly left between two days. He was captured in Chicago and brought back to account for borrowed diamonds and jewels.

Eddie Lipps, 5 years old, disappeared from a sugar bush in the township of Weare in Oceana county, election day, and cannot be found. The theory that he was carried off by a bear is discarded, but who should have carried the child off or for what object is a mystery.

Go to Chicago via C. & W. M.

PEARY AND THE POLE.

The Lieutenant Will Start for the Arctic Regions Next Month.

NEW YORK, April 17. — Lieutenant Robert E. Peary, of the United States navy, is in New York today making arrangements for his exploring trip to the arctic regions. He proposes to start late next month. The party will number six persons and is to be sent out by the Academy of Natural Sciences. The explorers will start from St. John's and land at Whale sound on the west coast of Greenland, between latitude 77 and 78 degrees. During the year the venturesome voyagers will make trips north to the Humboldt glacier, but next spring they will push on for the north pole, and they hope to get nearer this fascinating spot than man has ever been. Lieutenant Peary's plan is to scale the glaciers near the coast in a high latitude and thus find hard, snowy plains, and at the same time be able to take observations of the shore formation.

THE TRADE REVIEW

Better Demand and Other Encouraging Features in Several Lines of Business.

NEW YORK, April 17.—R. G. Dun's report today says: Crop prospects continue excellent, there being less monetary pressure at some points where stringency has existed. The iron trade shows a greater shrinkage than any other, the decrease in the charcoal iron production in March being considerable, though there seems to be a better demand for finished products.

The anthracite coal trade still drags The consumption of copper is slow and ⅛c weaker, with lead dull. Wool is also dull, the old supplies being well nigh exhausted.

There is a remarkably strong demand for dress goods and at Boston the demand for merchandise is generally improving, the retail trade being quite heavy. Boots, shoes and leather are quiet; hides in moderate demand. Lumber is more active. The glass trade is quiet and the demand medium The hardware trade is larger than for two years past. There is a slight decrease in butter and lard and a slight increase in dressed beef and pork.

The business failures for the past week in the United States numbered 217, Canada 24—an increase of eight over last week.

TROUBLE AT BENARES

Excitement Over the Demolition of a Hindoo Temple.

BENARES, April 17.—The excitement in this city, originating from the demolition of the temple in order to provide a site for the new water works, increases every hour. All the shops in Benares are closed, and all the natives in the city and district have stopped work and are gathering in large crowds in and about the principal thoroughfares of the city. The result is that serious riots have already occurred between the disturbed natives and the local authorities of Benares, who are supported by the British troops quartered in that vicinity. In response to several dispatches sent to the marquis of Lansdowne, the governor general of India, who is now in Simla, directing the movements of the troops marching on the Manipur districts in order to avenge the Manipur massacre and the murder of Chief Commissioner Quinton and staff, strong reinforcements composed of European and native troops have been drafted into Benares and further reinforcements are on their way to the same city. British troops are guarding all banks and pub lic buildings, and have taken possession of many points of vantage throughout the city and district. It is consequently presumed that that the troops will be able to suppress promptly any serious outbreak on the part of the natives, but the eventual effect of the spirit of resentment and indignation existing among the Hindoos, already felt far and wide in India, cannot at present be correctly estimated.

BISMARCK LEADS,

But He Did Not Poll a Clear Majority.

BERLIN, April 17.—The latest returns from Geestemunde, where the election was held on Wednesday last for members of the reichstag, are as follows: Prince Bismarck, 7,557; Schmalfeld, 3,928; Plate, 3,343; Adelotte, 2,019. A second ballot will be necessary between Prince Bismarck and Herr Schmalfeld, the Socialist candidate, as a majority of votes is necessary in order to entitle the candidate to the election.

Italian Press Comment.

ROME, April 17.—The Messagero today says that Mr. Blaine's reply to the Marquis de Rudini's last note evinces the great desire of Mr. Blaine to elude the demands of the Italian government,—to escape from indemnifying the families of the men lynched at New Orleans and to refrain from acceding to the Italian government's right to intervene in the New Orleans affair.

The popolo Romo, also discussing Mr. Blaine's reply, says that in view of the tenor of Mr. Blaine's answer to the Marquis de Rudini's note it is difficult to form any idea as to how or where the matter will end.

A Corpse Turned to Stone

GOSHEN, Ind., April 17.—When the body of William Imes, which was buried at Corunna two years ago, was disinterred yesterday for shipment it was found that it was petrified, with every feature preserved perfectly, even to the hair. At the time of burial Imes weighed 180 pounds. The petrified body now weighs 495 pounds. The body resembles hard limestone.

A Prima Donna Sued for Libel.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 17.—Dr. J. Albert Noble has brought a libel suit for $10,000 against Jessie Bartlett Davis, the prima donna of the "Bostonians." When she was lil Dr. Noble was her physician here. Afterward she claimed that the doctor was no gentleman.

THE MINES AND TAXES

DEMAND FOR OFFICIAL INQUIRY AND INVESTIGATION.

The Legislature Should Constitute a Committee to Thoroughly Investigate Upper Peninsula Incomes and Tax Dodging

We should not make immaterial issues in this discussion. The whole state is involved by important financial ends, as well as by party honor and interest; and the general conditions and facts are not popularly understood. From a library before the writer at Belmont—embracing Michigan's entire geological and mineralogical reports—he has drafted these communications; and if such voluminous and authorative documents are right your correspondent cannot be wrong.

As to iron ore having been exceptionably high in 1889 and lower in 1890, I can only submit the mineral commissioner's ipsidixit and figures; and he says—see book and pages before cited—that nearly all the mining output of the Upper Peninsula for the year 1890 was contracted and sold during 1889 for an average advance price of about $1 a ton.

As to who—if anybody—lost by such a grand transaction, what pertinency have the figures in this discussion? Should the mines, therefore—and if so, wherefore?—be exempt from equal taxation? Our secretary of state has just issued an astounding official document, showing that the farming lands of the Lower Peninsula are being run at an enormous loss—millions of dollars annually. But have not the farms been taxed? And who proposes to exempt them?

However, the most authoritive official statistics prove that the Upper Peninsula mines have not been losing, as that they have made more than half a score of millions, and that they have paid, and they are paying, the most princely dividends, while—as before amply demonstrated in these columns—their taxation has been worse than a bagatelle—a gigantic fraud.

And again: It is frankly questioned as to the Chapin mine renting for $2,000,000, as total; while some authority has complicated matters by advising that the rental was 40 cents per ton for 1889, on its 518,900 output, equalling but $207,560 as rent for that year.

This is sweepingly wrong, as can be shown by a dozen different authorities. The "royalties" alone, on most of these mines, are from 25 cents to 50 cents per ton—this to the lease holder. But what does the owner of the land—the mining realty—draw? The commissioner's report falls to show; but generally in mining regions the royalty to the realty is from a third to a tenth of the gross output. Upon Pennsylvania and coal fields it averages a seventh.

Anyhow, there is no question that the lease, itself, of this Chapin mine, was sold during 1889 to Milwaukee parties, of Milwaukee, Wis., at the kingly figure of $3,000,000; and the Dunn, Armenia, Florence, Iron River, Youngstown, Buffalo, South Butte, and the Prince of Wales, all the way from $40,000 up to $850,000—just as was previously quoted.

Now, can anybody deny that in 1889 the Chapin ore averaged in market value $5 per ton, making about $3,000,000 gross income for one that year; and on the commissioners' report and estimate of 1,000,000 tons product in 1890, at an advance on contract of $1 per ton, —making $6—the total increase for 1890 would be $6,000,000—or $4,000,000 gross surplus over rental and royalties, were they, altogether $2,000,000, as alleged.

But for this general exhibit and exposal, this whole topic of rentals and profits is largely immaterial; also, whether iron ore was up or down in 1890—the official report of which has been published—but the pertinent question inquiry would be: What has been the output price of iron ore for years before, when the state has taken up with the petty tax of a cent per ton?

We have the figures as to the copper outputs, and they are enough to cause the Lower Peninsula farmers to cry out loud and long. They unmask the most stupendous swindles ever perpetrated in the West—not excepting the Credit Mobelier scheme; and the copper swindle is by far the most important in this discussion.

In 1889, when the Calumet and Hecla stock sold in the market for $300 a share, the original face value of which was but $25, and the year this mine paid a dividend of $2,000,000, copper averaged in price but 18 cents per pound, but in 1882 its products were worth from 18 to 20¾ cents a pound. In 1876 from 19 to 33⅝ cents. In 1874, from 20 to 24⅝ cents per pound. In 1873 this Upper Peninsula copper brought the royal price of from 29⅝ to 48¾ cents per pound!

Unquestionably iron ore products and taxation should be measured by 1890 or any other single year. Comparisons should—as the robbery has—go backwards. And to that end, let a commission be appointed, and now set to work. Let the ablest and most honored statesmen of Michigan conduct this investigation—shunning professional politicians. Let the state legislature ought to avoid boodle and the devil!

Nor does taxation cover the investigation of the Upper Peninsula, unprecedently demanded. The writer alleges, and the records of the land office will prove, that beyond the Straits of Mackinaw the valuable mining and pine lands have virtually been stolen from the people, for whom the government and state should have held them as a heritage. It can be shown that the whole tarontic condition of affairs on the Upper Peninsula has a basis of gigantic swindling and fraud. Both the government and the state have been the victims of high-handed imposition through the homestead and pre-emption acts, involving aristocratic criminality of the most brazen stamp!

And the public—embracing the tax paying masses of all parties—are already fully aroused. Even these articles of statistical and unaccessable exposure, have already gone to over 1,500 Patrons' lodges in Michigan, representing over 75,000 members. Having investigated the whole subject from the official reports, and from several journeylngs through the mining regions, and being as familiar with the geology and mineralogy of the Upper Peninsula as with the farms of Kent or the streets of Grand Rapids, the writer challenges contradiction or concession as to the general positions and the justice of his exposure. And he will only add that the worst features of this whole affair—sprung upon the people by the high-handed squelching of Senator Doran's bill—remain yet to be published.

For a nobler statesmanship and the truth. FARMER REYNOLDS.

PRISON FURNITURE

Local Manufacturers Have a Short Conference With Senator Beers on the Subject.

Quite a large number of the furniture manufacturers of the city gathered in rhe rotunda of the Morton house last night to meet Senator Beers, chairman of the special committee on the $40,000 appropriation bill for a furniture plant at the Ionia house of correction. The senator was introduced by Senator Doran after which a general discussion followed. Senator Doran suggested that the board of trade extend an invitation to the committee to visit the city at the expense of the board of trade for the purpose of inquiring into the matter. Ex-Judge Burch thought the dock line question should also be placed before the committee. Senator Beers assured those present that no hurried legislation was required for the $40,000 appropriation and he felt that it was the sentiment of the legislature that before any action was taken a most thorough inquiry should be made as to what degree of success the manufacture of furniture could be carried on at Ionia and how much the proposed addition to the plant would conflict with free labor.

Ex-Judge Burch made quite a forcible argument as to the future of the plant in case it was put in. He said: "First, it is the experience of all furniture men that competent men must be employed to look after the men and that as the politics of the state changed so would it be necessary to change the management of the plant."

It was also shown that at the prison there is now from $5,000 to $6,000 worth of lumber wasted; that the furniture committee who went to Lansing were unable to learn from the books of the auditor general or secretary of state the cost of the business carried on, or how much was drawn from the general fund to make up the loss at the prison, if any there was, on the manufacture yf furniture. Andrew Schaller outlined the possibilities of a boycott and its probable effect in case the various labor organizations throughout the country saw fit to take any decided action in the matter.

James A. Coye spoke from a labor standpoint, outlining very clearly the effect the proposed appropriation would have upon free labor and closed by stating that it was infinitely cheaper for laboring men to be taxed for the maintenance of the prisoners in idleness, than to suffer the cut that would follow in case the plant as proposed is purchased by the state. It was also shown that the contractors who take the product of the prison in the furniture line, is a stock company with a capital stock of $5,000; that the state furnishes the company with dry kilns and storage rooms for their furniture until it is removed from the prison, charging nothing for such privileges, which result in a great injury to the furniture trade throughout the state.

Before the meeting broke up Senator Beers again expressed his belief that no hasty legislation in the matter would be allowed by the senate, which assurance greatly pleased those present, and after a hearty hand shake all around the senator left for St. Joe. Mr. Beers will return to the city this morning for the purpose of looking through the factories and Monday will meet the other members of the committee at Ionia.

THE UNITY CLUB.

An Organization for the Dissemination of Knowledge.

The Unity club will hold its first regular meeting in the lecture room of the Emanuel Temple next Monday evening. The subject for discussion will be "Hypnotism" and will be opened by Dr. J. C. Parker and Dr. Henry Holst. Others well informed upon the subject will be present and take part in the discussion. The public is cordially invited to attend.

This club will meet fortnightly and will aim to always have for consideration some topic of general interest and importance. It invites the co-operation of all who desire to aid in disseminating knowledge of the live topics of the day through candid and free discussion from all standpoints.

Says the Eagle Slandered Him.

Thomas Curry of Hudsonville, the man who had John W. Banks arrested Thursday for assault and battery, was very warm under the collar yesterday over the statement given in the Eagle regarding his condition when the trouble occurred. He positively stated that the article as published was slanderous, and unless some reparation was made by the paper a libel suit would follow as soon as the papers could be drawn.

Current News Condensed.

A German emigrant steamer with smallpox on board is quarantined at New York.

Texas and Kansas stockmen have purchased 5,000 acres of land in Missouri, where they will fatten range cattle on corn.

George and Fred Dunaway were hanged at Tahlequah, I. T., yesterday, for the murder last September of Wash Lee, a Cherokee.

In consequence of the emphatic protest of the British minister, President Balmaceda has ordered the Chilian port officials to avoid any complications with officers of foreign vessels.

Rev. Charles W. Bennett, professor of historical theology at the Garrett Theological seminary in Evanston, Illinois, died early yesterday morning. He was one of the foremost Methodist educators n this country.

MOSTLY WORK

THE COUNCIL CONSIDERS THE STREET RAILWAY ORDINANCE.

Only Four Votes Against Giving the Company a Monopoly of the Streets—More of It Next Monday Night.

The special meeting of the council last night, called for the purpose of juggling the Valley City Street and Cable Railway ordinance which was passed March 16 and which the company would not accept, was a long, tiresome rehash of the whole street railway matter over again.

The mayor called the meeting to order and the roll call was answered by all except Alderman Stryker, Yerex and McKee. Business was started promptly on Alderman Turner's motion to place the ordinance on its third reading, such reading to be by sections.

The first hitch came in the first section on Alderman Saunders' motion to strike out all that portion relative to the company using any part of Canal street north of East Bridge street. The motion was ably supported by Alderman O'Donnell.

Alderman Turner wanted to know if the amendment would not cut the company off from access to the barns on upper Canal street, and went at some length to cite the damage it would cause the furniture factories, especially the Berkey & Gay and New England.

Alderman Tateum also spoke at length for the company, followed by Alderman O'Donnell in favor of the amendment. The motion to amend was put and lost.

Alderman Mills bobbed up with an amendment to the section which he said his colleague Turner would not dare vote against. It was relative to their ward. Alderman Turner, however, did not bluff him a cent, and told Mr. Mills in forcible language that he would vote against it. Alderman Mills at that got inflamed and orated in language more forcible than elegant, until called down on a point of order by Alderman Sproul. The amendment of Alderman Mills was lost.

Alderman Saunders came to the front with another amendment which was in favor of granting other companies the right to run on a track a certain distance on the tracks. Alderman O'Donnell was with him again and so was the mayor, who, calling Alderman Stein to the chair, supported the motion of Aldermen Saunders and O'Donnell in a warm speech.

Alderman Creque was not in favor of the amendment as the company was at the end of their rope and could not borrow money to give rapid transit if they were saddled with such an amendment.

Fred S. Clark was granted permission to talk and rehearsed the substance Alderman Creque's sentiments.

Alderman O'Donnell appealed to the council to look upon the matter as a good business transaction. He sympathized with the company, but that's all he intended to do. The motion of Alderman Saunders was put and lost, Aldermen O'Donnell, Saunders, Emmer and Carpenter voting yes.

Alderman Emmer's amendment, that they pave between their tracks under the direction of the board of public works, did not strike a popular chord. Alderman Turner moved as an amendment to the amendment, that it be under direction of the board of public works and the council. Alderman Saunders moved to strike out the board of public works, which was accepted by both Alderman Turner and Emmer, and passed unanimously.

The sections were gone over line by line and every word was examined letter by letter. The transfer question was discussed and cussed, the pole question was harrangued and argued upon.

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The mayor called attention to the fact that no provision had been made in the ordinance relative to the company paving between the tracks.

Alderman Saunders made a motion to postpone further consideration of the ordinance until Monday night. Alderman Tateum said soto voice to Alderman Mills "that's pass tonight." Alderman Saunders heard him, however, and it made him angry. Alderman Tateum amended the motion to lay on the table. The motion was lost and the original motion passed, after which the council adjourned.

TOLEDO IS OUT.

A Surprise for the Managers of the Northwestern League.

The meeting of the schedule committee of the Northwestern Base Ball league at F. W. Hine's office yesterday afternoon was treated to a surprise when notified that President Ketchum, the millionaire of Toledo, had resigned the presidency of the league and had withdrawn the Toledo club. M. S. Walker of Detroit being appointed president and the Terre Haute, Ind., club substituted for Toledo, the schedule committee met last night at the office of F. W. Hine and adopted a schedule which gives Grand Rapids dates at home with clubs as follows:

Bay City, June 3, 4, 5; July 5, 6, 7; August 3, 24, 25.

Detroit, May 22, 23, 24; June 27, 28, 29; August, 7, 8, 9.

Fort Wayne, May 31, June 1-2; July 3, 4, 4; August 17, 18, 19.

Peoria, June 10, 11, 12; July 25, 26, 27; August 27, 28, 29.

Evansville, June 13, 14, 15; July 28, 29, 30; August 30, 31 and September 1.

Terre Haute, June 16, 17, 18; July 31, August 1, 2; September, 2, 3, 4.

Dayton, June 19, 20, 21; August 3, 4, 5; September 5, 6, 7.

Go to Detroit via D., L. & N.

THE MORNING PRESS.

PUBLISHED DAILY BY THE PRESS PUBLISHING COMPANY AT GRAND RAPIDS, MICH.

OFFICES 63 PEARL STREET.
TELEPHONE NUMBER 400.

ENTERED FOR TRANSMISSION BY MAIL AS SECOND-CLASS MATTER.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

By Mail, payable in advance, one year	$3.00
Six Months	1.50
Four Months	1.00

Delivered by carrier in the city and suburbs, TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER MONTH.

John Vander Stolp has charge of circulation on the east side of the river north of Pearl, Monroe and Fulton streets, and A. T. Bickford all south of Pearl, Monroe and Fulton streets. Geo. H. Judd has charge of the circulation on the west side of the river.

A. K. Moulton has charge of the circulation outside of the city and suburbs.

ADVERTISING RATES:

Display advertisements 5 cents per inch for each 1,000 papers circulated. Locals 10 cents per line.

For advertisements occupying less than three inches space, taken for a single edition and those requiring special or preferred position 25 to 50 per cent will be added to above rates.

S. A. Sheldon is manager of the advertising department.

CIRCULATION YESTERDAY.

Number of papers printed	5,175
Delivered by Carriers to City Subscribers	3,216
Mailed to Subscribers, (not including exchanges)	1,544
Sold to Newsboys, news stands, etc.	392
Total Paid Circulation	5,152
Sample Copies Mailed	
Total circulation	5,152

Subscription and City Circulation Books, Paper Account and Press Work Bills open for inspection by patrons or others interested.

SATURDAY, APRIL 18, 1891.

CONVICT WORK CONSIDERED.

The great question that troubles the management of the state house of correction is, what work shall be given the convicts? That management settled upon furniture making as just about the thing, and when that is opposed by free labor the prison officials stand in helpless confusion, pitifully confessing they cannot work the convicts if the furniture scheme is disrupted.

This is ridiculous and absurd. It should not even be confessed that the prison can only be made self-sustaining by employing its convict labor at furniture making. The first consideration should not be to make the convicts support themselves at hard labor. The rights of free labor should have precedence. If the convicts cannot be employed at any branch of commercial manufacturing but what will be injurious to free labor and individual capital, the convicts should be given labor for exercise alone, if it is nothing more than pounding stone. For this purpose an amount of stone can be quarried near the prison

But this is not necessary. We contend that every convict can be usefully employed and not do any extensive manufacturing. All the clothing for the convicts can be made and patched, pressed, washed and cleaned by convicts, and it would require about 40 of them with machines for a population of 500. Another 40 could be used in making by hand and repairing all the shoes worn by the convicts, including discharge shoes. Another squad could be used in running knitting machines making socks for the convicts. Then there is the cooking, baking, table serving and assistance in the various officers, cleaning the cell blocks, work in the tin shop, blacksmith shop, machine shop and tobacco room, all for the convenience and use of the prison. Besides these the convicts can be used for firemen in the boiler rooms. This work is all inside the prison walls and would certainly require full one-half or three-fifths of the convicts, and all the long term men.

Outside there is a farm belonging to the state of about 160 acres well adapted to growing grains, grass, fruits and vegetables. The prison can use 3,000 bushels of potatoes, cabbages in great quantity, both for boiling and saur kraut, onions, beets, turnips, etc., are also needed very largely and we may add ten acres for strawberries. There are many acres that are well adapted to celery growing and cauliflower, and these vegetables find ready consumers in the warden's residence and among the subordinate officers. A herd of cows, a dozen horses and hundreds of hogs are fed on the place; grains and grasses for these can be grown to advantage.

For the purpose of supplying all this prison population, of say 450 persons, the state's acres are insufficient, but adjoining land can be rented and at least 200 short term men could be advantageously employed in the fields, stables, piggery and henery about eight months in the year and for the winter months 25 men could be used outside in needed farm work about the barns and outbuildings, caring for live stock, working over and hauling out manure, putting up ice, etc.

The population of that prison will not again exceed 450 for many years to come.

It was much larger when justices were authorized to send men there for petty crimes, but that cannot be done now and the maximum population has fallen off and will always remain low. We claim that at least 400 men can be usefully and advantageously employed in the manner we have indicated, save, perhaps, four months in the year. During those months of winter, stone can be pounded in sheds within the walls, and Grand Rapids will buy every ton of it.

GOV. WINANS is censured by the Republican papers for going to the house of representatives and openly laboring with the members for the anti-pass bill. He is denounced for descending to the shameful role of a lobbyist. The governor did right; he was serving the people. The lobbyist is very often a bad man, employing corrupt influences to procure villainous legislation. Such a lobbyist whether of high or low degree, should be scorned and spurned. But honorable men, devoted to a worthy cause have a right to buttonhole members of the legislature in the lobby as well as address them in the committee room in behalf of the measure they want forced. The governor has this right as well as any other citizen.

CUT THAT STRING.

The unalloyed justice of the position taken by the furniture makers against concentrating all the convict labor of the house of correction at Ionia on furniture making must defeat the project. It is fair that a part of the convicts should be used in that industry but it is not fair or just that even 200 should be used in it, much less is it right that all of the prison population should be employed in a vast factory for turning out furniture in the "white" for a few designing chaps who take it and finish it and sell it at a profit, the state should realize itself if that business is to be followed. The Detroit prison makes chairs but there is no monkeying with a middleman to suck up the profits.

That questionable feature of this big project at Ionia may have a string tied to it that may lead, "God knows where." That string should be cut off from the business of furniture making at the state house of correction whether the plant is enlarged or not.

THERE has been a jam of slush ice at Port Huron if that dam of ice that backed the water of Huron river, raised the waters of Lakes Huron and Michigan it would be pretty good proof that Hon J. C. Blanchard is right in claiming that the lowering of the water at the flats by dredging was effecting the level of the lakes; if it did not effect the water level but a short distance up Lake Huron it would prove that the dredging at the flats is not the cause of the low water in the lakes.

THE free railroad pass business dies hard. Its mortal agonies are repulsive but will have to be endured until its last kick is made. The corpse will have its limbs straightened out by Connor of Saginaw who will also be the chief mourner. The gentleman need not afflict his little soul too much over this distress in the family of the strumpet Bribery, for he will never again have occasion to feel the want of a legislative pass.

PRESIDENT HARRISON is being received as courteously and patriotically throughout the south as he was in the north. The rebellion now is only a sad memory.

RUDINI made a fool of himself, and Mr. Blaine exposed him very adroitly.

That Brave Connor.

Detroit News: The action in the state house of representatives upon the railroad pass bill yesterday gives one the impression that the average Michigan legislator is a rare coward and a cheap rascal. In committee of the whole where no man's identity was revealed, the house voted by an overwhelming majority to kill the bill. Upon a call of the house, to show just how each man voted, the big majority went exactly the other way, showing that a lot of our representatives would take a pass bribe from a railroad if they could do it in the dark, but when called upon to face their constituents are too cowardly to do it. In the same connection it may not be amiss to call the attention of the Michigan press to a fellow who in this case was not a coward, but who openly leads that wing of the legislature which is willing to accept railroad passes. This singularly brave individual is Rowland Connor of Saginaw, the man who so grossly insulted the Michigan Press association last summer.

It is Not Necessary.

Grand Ledge Independent: The proposition now before the state legislature, to add a furniture manufacturing plant to the Ionia state house of correction, is not looked upon with favor by Grand Rapids, only 26 miles from Ionia. There is already more than enough prison goods in competition with the legitimate manufacturers of the state. If the convicts cannot be employed at something that will not depress special industries upon which honest men depend for a livelihood, it would be more just and equitable to support criminals in idleness by a general state tax; but this is not necessary, as there are many articles that could be manufactured by the convicts that would not work injury to home industries.

The Holy Coat.

A recent cable letter contained the announcement that the holy coat of Joseph would be exhibited under Roman Catholic auspices at Treves shortly. There is considerable of a mistake in the announcement, however, which may possibly have occurred during telegraphic transmission. The coat referred to is that reputed to have been worn by the Saviour at his execution, and for which the soldiers drew lots. Whether or not it is the genuine article the Treves coat is certainly very ancient and has a rather curious history. It was a gift of the famed Empress Helena, mother of Constantine the Great. In her day Treves was the capital of Belgic Gaul and the residence for the later Roman emperors. Helena converted her castle into the cathedral, endowing it with the precious coat.

During the Middle Ages many pilgrimages were made by the devout to worship at the shrine of the great treasure, which was usually exhibited but once in a century. The last occasion was in 1844, when the city became the Mecca of the most remarkable pilgrimage that has taken place since the Fourteenth century. Pilgrims came from all quarters, many in large bands headed by banners and village priests. They came in such numbers that accommodations could not be given them, and they slept out of doors by the thousand.

The coat is a loose garment with wide sleeves, very simple in form, of coarse material, dark brown in color, probably the result of age, and entirely without seam or decoration.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

A Little Girl's Experience in a Lighthouse

Mr. and Mrs. Loren Trescott are keepers of the government lighthouse at Sand Beach, Mich., and are blessed with a daughter, four years old. Last April she was taken down with measles, followed with a dreadful cough and turning into a fever. Doctors at home and at Detroit treated her, but in vain; she grew worse rapidly, until she was a mere "handful of bones." Then she tried Dr. King's New Discovery and after the use of two and a half bottles, was completely cured. They say Dr. King's New Discovery is worth its weight in gold, but you may get a 10 cent trial bottle at H. & F. Thum's drug store.

Whalebone Is Scarce.

There is a remarkable scarcity of whalebone in the market at present, and in consequence the poorest qualities are being disposed of at prices heretofore hardly ever realized for the best that the hardy New Bedford men could procure. Parts of bone usually discarded a few years ago are now a staple article, and find ready purchasers among manufacturers.

What little bone of first quality that is placed upon the market is sold at prices which will astonish persons not familiar with the trade. A well known Pearl street firm disposed of several thousand pounds several days ago at $5.20 a pound, and a similar figure has been realized by dealers in Europe.

"Whalebone is getting scarcer every season," said an old South street whale ship boat steerer, "an' pretty soon there won't be any at all. The blackfish, humpbacks and sperm whales, from which most of the bone is taken, don't breed very fast. They are killed off faster than they breed, and in consequence it is only a question of time when they will be exterminated altogether, and the humpback will be as much a curiosity as the departed mammoth.

"There's no more money in whaling for sailors," he continued, "nor for anybody but the big concerns what controls a number of these newfangled steam whalers. If you don't believe what I say, go to New Bedford. There you will see lots of vessels, brave ships once, but old hulks now, with their bones bleaching on the sands around the bay. They were driven out of the business, and the sailors were driven out with them.

"The whales got scarce, and 3 or 4 per cent. on invested capital didn't pay expenses to the owners of single ships, so they had to give up. Only a few of the old timers are left, and I guess they won't last much longer."—New York Herald.

The Minneapolis Mummy.

There has long been a veil of mystery and romance enshrouding the mummy which Thomas Lowry loaned for exhibition at the public library. Something like a year ago Miss Amelia B. Edwards, who is supposed to be an expert in such matters, was in Minneapolis, and was called on to shed some light upon the individuality of this mummy. With a great flourish the result of her investigations was proclaimed to an anxiously waiting world.

Her observations were limited to the exterior emblems, for the "inside facts" were not then revealed. Miss Edwards was quite positive that the body was that of a woman, Amen-hotep by name. Miss Edwards wrote out the following ing as the correct reading:

A royal offering to Osiris (god of the dead) of beeves, cakes, geese, cakes, —, the priestess of the Lady (goddess) Hathor granato her ka (life principle); sepulchral meals, cakes, barley beer, beeves, geese, —, cakes, pure water, and barley beer to the Osiris, Amen-hotel justified.

The spell has since been broken. Professor Hall, assisted by Janitor Runge, opened up "Mrs. Mummy," placed the remains on a table, and removed the dusty bandages which enveloped it, and found—that there was a sad mistake somewhere. Either Miss Edwards had not read the hieroglyphics correctly or the ancients had misplaced the body. The body unfolded to their gaze was certainly not that of a woman at all. Of this there could be no doubt, and as soon as the professor and his assistant recovered from their astonishment they read the typewritten inscription furnished by Miss Edwards, and then laughed long and long. As the wrappings were cut away it was found that Mr. Mummy had been in life a man of above the average size, with powerful hands and a wonderful frame. The muscles stood out prominently, the shoulders were broad and heavy, the chest full and deep.—Minneapolis Tribune.

Reward for Saving 1,200 Whalers.

The owners and crews of the whaling vessels Midas, Lagoda, Progress and Daniel Webster, of New Bedford, and the Europa, of Edgartown, have just received the money appropriated for them for their rescue of 1,200 men in the Arctic fleet in 1871.

In that year twenty-two of the whaleships were hemmed in by ice and abandoned. The crews took refuge on the shore, where they heard that there were five ships further south. An imploring message was sent to the captains by Henry Pease, one of the men, asking them to abandon the voyage in the cause of humanity and to take the wrecked men aboard. The captains held a conference and agreed to bring the men down and sacrificed their voyage thereby.

The award gives $19,861.27 to the owners of the Midas, $21,527.95 to the owners of the Daniel Webster, $23,611.20 to the owners of the Lagoda, $26,111.82 to the owners of the Progress, and $33,889.16 to the owners of the Europa. The award was made in proportion to the number of men brought down.

It will be distributed by the owners among themselves and crews in the proportion to their respective lays. About one-half of the award will go to the claim agent.—Cor. Boston Globe.

Luck in the Loss of an Overshoe.

A young man at Peak's Island lost his rubber in the road the other night, thereby bringing great good luck to his father. That gentleman, Mr. Charles Trefethen, lost a pocketbook last fall that contained $1,200 in notes and money, and all his search for it was unavailing. But while the son was hunting for his lost rubber he came upon the long missing wallet with all its contents intact.—Lewiston Journal.

St. Helena Becoming a Deserted Island.

For twenty years St. Helena has been going to the dogs, and has now very nearly arrived there. It is the Suez canal that has killed it. A final blow was given when quite recently the French government decided to withdraw the garrison of imperial troops. Last year this order began to come into effect, and St. Helena is rapidly drifting into a position of a deserted island.—London Tit-Bits.

Sucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Thum Bros.

Reduced Prices.

Sharpsteen has reduced his five dollar ivory finish photographs to three dollars for the next thirty days. Do not fail to secure some of them.

Effect of a Fairy Story.

Alice Denning, the daughter of a Williamsbridge dairy farmer, is just five years old, and her baby brother, not yet christened, has owned an identity the same number of weeks. As is customary under such circumstances, Alice viewed the infant's advent with marked disapproval, and listened with gloomy silence when her mother endeavored to arouse her interest and satisfy her curiosity by telling her that the little boy had been found lying under a currant bush, where the good fairies had placed him. Her father even showed her the bush, behind the barn, where the child had been discovered.

Alice remembered that last spring a bluebird had hatched out a family in the orchard. She had taken one of the young birds, while it was still in a state of nudity, and brought it into the house, but Mrs. Denning had made her take it back to the nest and restore it to its parents. She had committed that lesson faithfully to heart.

On a recent morning the baby disappeared. Luckily babies of that age are soon missed, and as he was not in the house Mrs. Denning, in great alarm, went out to find Alice, thinking that the little girl had taken him. Alice was cautiously peeping around the corner of the barn, intently watching the currant bush that her father had pointed out to her, and under its boughs, where the fairies had formerly deposited him, the baby, well wrapped up in a blanket, was lying asleep on the snow. Alice admitted that she had placed him there, hoping that his first guardians would take him back, as the bluebird had received its returned nestling last year.—New York Sun.

Meissonier's Posthumous Works.

It is not known yet what will be done with all the unfinished pictures left in Meissonier's studios. They represent a fortune, for many of them, which were condemned by the fastidious taste of the painter himself, will soon be in the hands of the dealers and heralded as masterpieces. Most of the sketches and mere studies, one need not doubt, will turn out full fledged paintings by the time they reach the amateur. One can but remember what happened after Daubigny's death and after Millet's death.

Each had a son who painted, and much of the work of those sons is dearly cherished today in hundreds of cabinets in America and elsewhere as that of the illustrious fathers. The posthumous paintings of Meissonier will probably be numerous, but it is only right to add that the high character of Mr. Charles Meissonier may be considered a guarantee, so far as his personal influence can go, for the integrity of the artistic remains of his distinguished father.—Art Amateur.

Lookout Mountain Shaken.

Recently a blast was fired on the side of Lookout mountain, which was remarkable in its size and results. One hundred kegs of powder were packed in a hole and fired by electricity. A ledge of rocks was dislodged, and hundreds of tons rolled down the mountain side, some of the pieces being as high as a two story building. The broad guage railroad track was destroyed for 200 yards and trees cut down like straw. It took two weeks for fifty men to repair the damage to the railroad, which was worse than a hole in the ground. At least 100,000 tons of rock were thrown out and down.—Memphis Appeal-Avalanche.

A Queer Halo.

A remarkable circle or halo was observed on a recent afternoon about 1 o'clock. The halo did not surround the sun, but passed through the sun. The circle was of great size, the diameter being measured from the sun's center northward to the place of the north star. The center of the circle was a little to the north of the zenith. This is one of the most remarkable phenomena ever observed in this latitude. In the higher latitudes such circles or halos are not rare.—Rochester (N. Y.) Democrat.

LAST year:
Her eyes were rheumy, and weak and red,
Her breath—you could smell it afar,
She had ringing and dizziness oft in her head,
And the cause of it all was catarrh.
This year:
Her breath is as sweet as the new meadow hay,
Her eyes are as bright as a star,
And the cause of the change, she is ready to say,
Was the Dr. Sage Cure for Catarrh.

Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy will positively cure catarrh in the head, no matter how bad or of how long standing. Fifty cents, by all druggists.

OTTAWA BEACH	
MACATAWA PARK	
OTTAWA BEACH	
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OTTAWA BEACH	Yesterday was a
MACATAWA PARK	starter of thoughts
OTTAWA BEACH	on summer going
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GEO. DEHAVEN,
General Passenger Agent

Notice to Market Men.

On and after April 20 the retail meat markets will close at 7 o'clock p. m., except Saturday. Those markets which are still unaware of the present order of things will hereby take notice.

BUTCHERS' UNION.

We have a large assortment of new shapes in all the popular colors. Our line of trimmings is the most extensive and most complete of any in Western Michigan. Inspect our immense display.

CORL, KNOTT & CO,
New Botsford building, 20 and 22 North Division street.

Nelson, Matter & Co

OUR
ANNUAL CLEARANCE SALE
OF
FURNITURE

HAS PROVEN A GREAT SUCCESS.

A NEW LOT WILL APPEAR ON THE FLOOR MONDAY, APRIL 13.

PRICES NEVER BEFORE HEARD OF!

Every Article is Marked on a Large Tag in Plain Figures. Goods sold at these prices will not be returned, exchanged or sent on approval.

33, 35 and 37 Canal street.

FURNITURE FURNITURE

AMUSEMENTS.

HARTMAN'S LECTURE ROOM!
(Fountain Street Entrance)
Thursday Evening, April 23!
FIRST LECTURE IN THIS CITY
OF THE
RENOWNED LITERATEUR,
JOHN FISKE!
SUBJECT:
"Las Casas," Protector of the Indians!

All who have read Mr. Fiske's "Beginnings of New England," "Critical Period in American History," "The Destiny of Man" "The Idea of God," or any other of his numerous books know that no other living American possesses his wonderful gift of expression.

Tickets for sale by F. E. Seymour, Geo. A. Hall & Co., and Eaton, Lyon & Co.

Admission, 50 Cents.

SMITH'S
Opera House
WM. B. SMITH, Prop'r and Manager
Week Commencing
MONDAY, APRIL 13, 1891
With Usual Matinees.
The Novelty Notables.
Fun and Frolic from Beginning to End!
Vocalists, Dancers and Comedians
TOO NUMEROUS TO MENTION.
First Appearance of the Famous German Duo,
WATSON AND WILSON,
A Positive Novelty.
RAY BURTON,
In his Wire Walking, Juggling and Balancing Feats.
PRETTY CRYSTAL THORNE AND MYRTLE FORRESTER,
In their High Kicking Skirt Dancing.
ONE OF THE
Strongest Bills of the Season!
Closing with the Funny Comedy,
"Babes in the Woods"
Matinees—Wednesday, Friday and Saturday.
Prices { Evening.....10, 20 and 30 cents. Matinee.....10 and 20 cents.

Private, Hotel
And Large Family Bargains.
M. C. GOOSSEN,
THE GROCER, OFFERS

1 gal. cans tomatoes	35c
1 gal. cans apples	35c
1 gal. cans blueberries	37c
1 gal. cans Cal. gage plums	49c
1 gal. cans Cal. egg plums	45c
1 gal. cans Cal. pealed peaches	65c
1 gal. cans Cal. table peaches	75c
1 gal. cans Cal. table peaches	90c
1 gal. of small pickles	35c
1 gal. of gherkins in salt	30c
10 lbs. of English walnuts	99c
10 lbs. of firs for stewing	80c
6 lbs. evaporated peaches	99c

These goods are bluepoint 3 1/2 2 pound cans or 5 2 pound cans. It is a bargain indeed.

And Many Other Inducements for Any and All Customers at

149 Monroe St.

DR. MILES'
Nervine!
CURES
NERVOUS
PROSTRATION,
SLEEPLESSNESS,
ST. VITUS DANCE
Fits, Spasms, Etc.
Samples
at Druggists, or
by mail 10 Cts.
Miles Medical Co.,
Elkhart, Ind.
THE DR. MILES' PILL CURES HEADACHE. 25 DOSES 25 CTS. A Book of Nerve Power FREE. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

202 East Bridge St. Telephone 933.
SCREEN DOORS AND WINDOWS
Furnished, Hung and Repaired. Doors and Locks of All Kinds Repaired. Keys of All Kinds made. Gasoline Stoves Cleaned by
W. W. SECCOMB,
LOCKSMITH,
34 Ralsby Court. Phone 112
Call me up or send card.

You Will Never Know How Cheap Provisions Can be Bought Until You Call at
Van Every's
And Get Their Prices.

4 lbs. Sausage for	25c	2 packages Imp. Vermicelli for	25c
3 lbs. Sliced Ham for	25c	3¼ lbs Tapioca for	25c
3 lbs. Pork Steak for	25c	2 packages Imp. Maccaroni for	25c
3 lbs. Round Steak for	25c	5 lbs. Rice for	25c
Good Boiling Beef, per pound	3 to 4c	30 lb pail Apple Jelly, Currant or Raspberry for	$1 25
Good Roast Beef, per pound	5 to 6c	2-gallon pail Table Syrup for	75c
Best Dairy Butterine, per pound	14c	7 bars G. F. Soap for	25c
3 packages Mince Meat for	25c	3 bars fine Tar Soap for	25c
4 packages Saleratus for	25c	And many other inducements.	
2 one pound packages T Dust for	25c		

Telephone 461 or 1080. We will give your order careful attention and deliver it promptly

VAN EVERY & CO.,
55 Canal and 152 West Fulton Street.

HERE IT IS! NO. 4.
(NO. 5 WILL SOON APPEAR.)

THE GRAND RAPIDS CLIPPER
With Solid or Cushion Tire. We Have Them in Stock. We Guarantee Them, Too. We Want Agents.
PERKINS & RICHMOND, 13 FOUNTAIN ST.

It's What You Save
—THAT—
MAKES YOU RICH.
NICKEL
Saving Stamp System!
—OF THE—
Kent County Savings Bank,
Cor. Lyon and Canal Streets

AGENCIES:

John Perkins, 218 Carrier street.
N. H. Kromer & Son, 218 Plainfield avenue.
F. B. Winter, 87 East Leonard street.
Bartel Junker cor. Leonard St. and Alpine Ave
John W. Dykstra, 561 West Leonard street.
E. Vander Sluijs, cor. Broadway & Webster St.
F. Schult, 537 Ottawa street.
Berkey & Gay Furniture Co., their office.
W. H. Van Leeuwen, cor East and Cherry Sts.
DeJager, Stryker & Co., 35 Center Street.
D. Viergever & Sons, cor Clancy and Fairbanks
John C. Dutmers, 488 South Division street.
G. J. Vrieling & Sons, 341 East Bridge street.
A. Thelle, 150 West Fulton St. cor Jefferson St.
A. J. Ten Ras, cor. Watson and Indiana St.
W. A. Palmer, 673 Wealthy avenue.
John Tournett & Co., cor. Fourth and Stocking.
C. Fox, 46 South Division street.
Ackelose & Baker, cor Turner and Leonard Sts
F. J. Dyk, cor. Fifth and Jefferson avenues.
DeJager & Stryker, 166 Ellsworth Avenue.
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J. A. S. VERDIER, Cashier

GO TO FLORIDA And The SOUTH By way of THE ETV&G RAILWAY SYSTEM AND SPEND the WINTER in LOVELY SUMMERLAND

The Shortest and Quickest Line to all parts of the SOUTH
Pullman Sleepers, Day Coaches and Reclining Chair Cars sold to JACKSONVILLE, St. Augustine, Jacksonville, Chattanooga, Lookout Mountain, Chattanooga, Atlanta, Macon, Augusta, Aiken, Camden, Columbia, Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa and points in the West Gulf States. COMFORT AND SAFETY OF TRAVELERS. Tickets for sale at all Railway Offices in the United States, or

B. W. WREDE, Gen'l Pass. & Tkt Agent, KNOXVILLE, TENN.

LODGE DIRECTORY.

VALLEY CITY COUNCIL NO. 611, Royal Arcanum, meet first and third Tuesdays each month at Royal Arcanum Hall, No. 74 Waterloo street. E. W. Fairfield, Regent. H. H. Baxter, Secretary, 479 Jefferson avenue.

THE PEOPLE'S COLUMN.

"The Morning Press Slop Pail"?

EDITOR MORNING PRESS—A certain clerical gentleman is reported to have alluded to the People's Colum in this paper as "the MORNING PRESS slop pail." This is not a very elegant expression, surely; neither is it very complimentary to the various ladies and gentlemen who in the past months have done their best to interest your readers, and if possible to do them good. Doubless they will try to bear up under this reverend gentlemen's displeasure, and, if ye editor is willing, will keep on enjoying the privilege which said column affords them, viz., the liberty rarely found elsewhere, of speaking their minds even upon subjects hardly to be sacred and proper only for the pulpit.

A slop pail is not altogether useless. It is much preferable to a gilded vessel which is never used even though it be a sacred one. Anything that is of service to the world is honorable, albeit that service is of a very humble kind. Somebody has probably stepped on the clerical gentleman's corns, so to speak, and as his awful and sacred dignity will not permit him to step down into this arena to show his prowess, he eases his ruffled temper by dubbing this column "a slop pail."

The press is often the most potent factor in removing the disguises from the wretched lands who "dress in garments of heaven to serve the devil in;" and as a consequence, the independent, fearless newspaper is cordially hated by many of the cloth. It may be this gentleman has some grudge against the MORNING PRESS, for some of its Tearless utterances, and feels that this fling at the "People's Column" eases his surcharged mind.

Seriously, now, why should this gentleman utter this insult? Would it not be much more Christ-like if he made an earnest effort to give your readers some pure, thoughtful, earnest suggestions so as to antidote as far as possible the evil effects of the writings of such awful creatures as Professor Lisle and that ex-clergyman from Marquette, and even such pestiferous heretics as the writer of this article? Why not overcome evil with good? At least 20,000 persons read this column every day and they will doubtless continue to read it even if it occasionally does contain "slops." Surely this clergyman could preach a much larger congregation through this column than he reaches through his pulpit ministrations. A great company of the unshumbered will here give respectful heed to whatever he has to say. It is true they may talk back if his little sermon does not happen to please them; but I hold that no greater blessing could possibly befall the average preacher than to have some of his more intelligent hearers show him the weakness of many of his positions, and the utter irrelevance of many of his so-called stock arguments.

A lawyer, or a politician, knows very well that his utterances will be sharply analyzed, and that his gas bags will be rudely punctured; and the knowledge of this fact tends to make him as sharp and powerful as a two edged sword. Many a clergyman goes through life blissfully unconscious of his ignorance and impotency, simply because it is considered very unmannerly to express any dissent from his public or even private utterances. No one having ever crossed swords with him, he naturally concluded no one ever dared so.

No doubt this column has seemed much like a slop pail to the reverend gentleman, because the doctrines of his church have been freely, and sometimes roughly handled; but if they will not stand such usage, we have one of the best proofs of their weakness. The truth never suffers, no matter how roughly it is handled, it is brightened thereby, and if this gentleman is certain he has any truth which is of value to his fellow men, why does he not avail himself of the rare privilege that this column affords of proclaiming it? What possible good could he expect to accomplish by dubbing this column "The Morning Press Slop Pail" and thus insulting every one who has contributed to it? CHARLES K. GIBSON.

April 16, 1891.

Lowell Beats Pennsylvania.

EDITOR MORNING PRESS—In your issue of today I saw a statement taken from the Waynesburg (Pa.) Republican of a couple of 64 years married. Now Lowell, Kent county, Michigan, can beat that out of sight. Abner Knapp and wife of this place have been married 71 years the 30th day of last December. They moved to Michigan in April, 1826, and settled in Oakland county, raised a family of ten children, nine of whom are now living. Abner Knapp will be 92 years old next August and Betsey, his wife, is 88 years past. Their united ages are 180 years, both are smart and walk as straight and brisk as most people at 30 years. Mrs. L. J. Whitfield of Grand Rapids is their daughter, and she will vouch for the above.

Lowell, April 16. S. B. KNAPP.

The First Step.

Perhaps you are run down, can't eat, can't sleep, can't think, can't do anything to your satisfaction, and you wonder what ails you. You should heed the warning, you are taking the first step into nervous prostration. You need a nerve tonic and in Electric Bitters you will find the exact remedy for restoring your nervous system to its normal, healthy condition. Surprising results follow the use of this great nerve tonic and alterative. Your appetite returns, good digestion is restored, and the liver and kidneys resume healthy action. Try a bottle. Price 50c, at H. & F. Thum's drug store.

Attention, Team Owners.

The Teamsters' Union of Grand Rapids will meet at Greenwood's, 64 Canal street, at 7:30 Saturday evening, April 18. All team owners please attend.

SAMPLES of Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine at E. R. Wilson's and White & White's, cures headache, nervousness, sleeplessness, neuralgia, fits, nervous debility, sexual weakness, poor memory, etc. A new and remarkable discovery. Or address the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

WILLIAM CHRISTIE will furnish hacks for funerals for $2 per hack. He can be found at Morton house hack stand or at his residence, 79 North Division street. Telephone 1055.

THE finest cabinet photos, "Aresta" finish, only $3 per dozen, at Wyke's, 35 Monroe.

DR. L. L. CONKEY.

WOMAN'S WORLD.

GOOD MRS. BALLINGTON BOOTH OF THE SALVATION ARMY.

Woman Suffrage in Massachusetts.

Drawing Room Furnishings—The Story of Beckie Brown—A Woman's Hand.

How One Coat Was Started.

The most impressive affair of the past few weeks was when the postmaster general's wife opened their house to a fashionable company asked to "a talk" by Mrs. Ballington Booth of the Salvation Army. It was a woman's audience—all prominent women, from the president's wife down through the senatorial circle. They had come prepared for—well, certainly not what they saw and heard. Their faces, full of intent interest, and much of the time wet with tears, were as great a study as the woman with the Madonna expression and inspired voice who stood before them. If any one had come prepared for cant and sensational effects, the very thought must have vanished before the beautiful face, young, pure, and strong; tones so sweet and firm, and manner so modest and womanly.

As this young English woman stepped forward to be introduced by the Rev. Dr. Hamlin, of the Church of the Covenant, there was nothing in the simple well fitting black gown and quaint black bonnet to mark her calling. It was only now and then that a turn of the head showed the little narrow band half around the bonnet crown, with the words in red letters, "Salvation Army." Though English by birth and education, and until three years ago by residence, Mrs. Booth is not, save for a very slight accent, in the least like an English woman. In type she is purely American, and would not, except for the little accent, even suspect an English connection.

Mrs. Booth is the daughter of a London clergyman, reared in orthodox faith, and, as is plainly evident, is thoroughly educated. She began work in the Salvation Army eight years ago, when but twenty, and with sister women doing "rescue work" in the lowest quarters of London. Not long after her marriage to General Booth's son, Ballington Booth, she came with her husband to this country, where he has become a citizen, and where their child, now two and a half years old, was born, "a boy," as the mother proudly says, "who will be a citizen of the United States."

The love for her own baby has made this young mother's heart even larger and more tender, and in one of the largest neighborhoods in New York city she has established a day nursery, where babies of the poorest, most wretched, and often depraved mothers are taken care of. Seventeen hundred babies were received last year. Not only are the little unfortunates cared for day by day, but in this way, as in no other possible, the mothers are reached and helped to better lives.

Another method of "rescue work" is donning the tatters of poverty, going into the very slums, where church work with Bibles and tracts would be powerless, and living the practical religion of caring for the sick, and for the time getting down to the level of the lowest.—Washington Cor. Springfield Republican.

Woman Suffrage in Massachusetts.

The legislature will soon reach the discussion of the bill for municipal suffrage for women. Persons opposed to it are strongly hold of the woman suffrage cause, and this measure will be urged with the force and earnestness and eloquence that springs from belief in a just cause. If it fails, the battle will be only adjourned to another session. The knight errants of the cause of woman's rights know no such word as defeat. Little by little the strong walls of prejudice and custom and inherited injustice have yielded, and the position of women, legally and in almost everything else, is very different from what it was when the agitators began this crusade, though political equality is still withheld.

At first ostracised, then ignored, then laughed at, their cause has of late received a point where its opponents find it needful to drop sarcasm, cease sneering and train all their big guns of argument and influence against the once despised and unpopular measure. Younger states have passed and surpassed Massachusetts in the granting of rights to women, and some of the old ones are yet in the rear. Municipal suffrage is the next step here. It is the measure for which the strongest arguments can be made, appealing for the voice of women in the legislation that nearest affects their own homes.

Of course there are many women who don't want suffrage. It is not proposed that they shall be compelled to vote. Of course, too, there are some unable to appreciate that they have gained anything in that their sex is no longer doomed to inferiority and branded with ignorance. —Springfield Homestead.

Drawing Room Furnishings.

No thoroughly smart drawing room is considered quite complete in these days without a glass topped table in which are kept on show all the especially odd bits of curio and antique trifles possessed by some cards printed with the name "Carrie," but a wise brother saved her. The order was passed.—Boston Record.

Heat Is Needed in the Spring.

The warning not to turn off heat too early and not to make haste to put away stoves in the spring needs to be spoken often. Many serious cases of illness have been traced to the foolish practice of letting down the winter fire as soon as the first mild breezes of spring blow. It is time enough in this changeable climate to let the winter fire down by May, and there are many cold days in May when a fire is needed. The spring, when the stoves are taken down, and not the fall, when they are put up again, is the proper time to see that stove flues and chimneys and all parts of the pneumatalia of the heating apparatus of the house are cleaned. It is an easy matter for the man to attend to this cleaning in the spring, before the general house cleaning is done. If everything is done now, at one time, instead of putting dirty stoves away to stand for six months to be cleaned when they are needed, a great deal of trouble will be saved.—New York Tribune.

Perfectly Self Fitting Hosiery.

An invention recently patented consists in making any article of hosiery, for either under or outside wear, in such a manner as to render it perfectly self fitting, without being narrowed or stitches reduced or widened, or the stitches increased in any way by trans forming the fabric at intervals and so as to give the required shapes. This consists of two kinds of fabrics, termed one and-one rib and two-and-two rib. These two kinds of fabrics are made and joined in the knitting at one operation without changing, transferring or in any way narrowing any stitch or stitches during the process of manufacture. This causes by the increased elasticity of the two and-two rib over the one-and-one rib, the decrease in size to the necessary shape, and when changed again to one and-one rib the fabric is again of its original width. These changes are effected without any seaming, linking, sewing or any other device hitherto used for this purpose.—Textile Mercury.

A Great Singer's Way.

Mme. Pauline Lucca is now forty-eight years old and has decided to retire permanently from the stage. She is said to be the most approachable of all the great artists. Scores of young singers besiege her home every week, who beg to be allowed to sing to her for an opinion. The lovely Lucca listens on these conditions "that scales or an exercise be selected in preference to a song, and that silence be interpreted as an expression of my dislike." If the singer has a voice she is praised and encouraged, but to the many whose vocal powers do not justify the expense of study she has absolutely nothing to say. If she talks, it is about the weather or the scenery or the world in general.—London Letter.

He Was One Cost Was Started.

Some time since Lady Dunlo, who has never got over her taste for theatrical apparel, took to wearing a big masculine box coat of white Melton cloth. It was intended to be worn as a coaching coat, but Lady Dunlo wore it everywhere with the collar turned up about her ears and her hands thrust into her pockets. It wasn't long before these white Melton box coats appeared conspicuously everywhere in London, and now the American girls are bringing them over here for their coaching trips. They have many recommendations to the American fashionable mind. They are neither pretty nor suitable, nor becoming, nor cheap.—New York Post.

Among the unusual inventions patented by women are improved bottle stoppers, improved method of fastening door knobs to their spindles, an appliance for plucking hair to be used in the dressing of furs, improvements in the art of preparing leather for the soles of boots and shoes, for improvements in electric arc lamps, and for more reliable indicators specially applicable for use on the rolling stock of railways.

Mrs. Bayley, of Manchester, is a most courageous and enthusiastic fisherwoman. Despite the inclemency of the weather, which it would seem that only hardened fishers could endure, this lady bravely faced the elements and landed on one trip six magnificent salmon, three of which weighed 23, 22 and 20 pounds respectively. Mr. Bayley succeeded in landing only four fish on this occasion.

The queen regent of Spain is a very much overworked and worried woman, despite her rank and authority. She is suffering from acute nervous prostration, and has been advised by her physicians to leave Maarid for a time to obtain perfect rest from her anxieties. This she cannot do for fear of endangering the security of her son's throne if she relaxes her vigilance in regard to state affairs.

The smallest shoes in trade are made for Annie Pixley, who trips about the country in No. 2½. According to the same authority Mary Anderson wears 4½, Lillian Russell, 4; Ada Rehan, 5; Lillie Langtry, 5½; Ellen Terry, 6, and Maud Kendal, 6½. Bernhardt takes a No. 4. Last year the use of sandals has spoiled her feet for French boots and Spanish slippers.

Itti Kinney Reno, the Nashville authoress, is the wife of Robert Ross Reno, who comes from the Rosses of Pennsylvania, and who, with the Haldemans and Camerons, claims a share in the estate of old Philippe Francois Renault, valued at $300,000,000. This Ross has just completed a new novel. She is a hard worker and frequently writes fourteen hours a day.

A perfect foot is a rare beauty. The foot of Pauline Bonaparte, which was modeled by Canova, is spoken of by contemporaries as of marvelous beauty. She was well aware that her feet were the perfection of form and tint, and had them so daintily cared for as were her hands, the nails being polished and rouged by her maid.

Here is an idea. Artists will pay good prices for the frames of old pianos. They use the wood for panels to paint on. The seasoning of the wood is such that it will retain the brilliancy of color longer than any kind of canvas or other material.

In Stock.

Stranger (at present book store and orchestrion emporium)—I am a dentist, and it has occurred to me that a music box or orchestrion would be a pleasant addition to my parlors, to amuse my patients, do you know, and—

Dealer—I see. You want something to keep the waiting patients interested and sort o' help—or—drown any noises in the operating room.

Stranger—That's the idea.

Dealer—Step right this way, sir, to the steam calliope department!—Good News.

Fun with Loaded Matches.

One of the latest novelties is the loaded match. It is, to all appearances, one of the common, innocent looking redhead affairs, but there is a surprise and a scare in every one of them.

If your friend wants to light a cigar hand him over one of these trick matches. It is lighted in the usual way, but just as it is fairly aflame and the victim is about to apply it to his weed it gives out a loud report and the light is extinguished, much to the chagrin and astonishment of your friend.

This detonation, which is about as loud as that produced by the explosion of a firecracker, is caused by the flame coming in contact with some explosive substance which is illuminate, which has been deftly smeared on one side of the stick.—New York Herald.

Auburn's Dark Day.

The town of Auburn, Ala., at 9 o'clock on the morning of March 6, was completely enveloped in darkness. Merchants closed their stores and went home, and students in the various colleges were dismissed from their recitations. Negroes and ignorant whites ran out of their houses, screaming and frightened, thinking that judgment day had come. At first the people thought that a cyclone was at hand, but the barometer showed no such indications. The phenomenon was purely local.—Exchange.

Wagner's operas were played 879 times in Germany last year with this division: Lohengrin, 248; Tannhauser, 189; Der Fliegende Hollander, 101; Die Walkure, 80; Die Meistersinger, 65; Gotterdammerung, 48; Siegfried, 41; Das Rheingold, 37; Rienzi, 31; Tristan und Isolde, 30, and Die Feen (at Munich only), 9.

The Russian government has just issued a notice ordering that all sardine boxes are to be opened at the custom houses on the frontiers. It appears that shoals of Nihilist tracts and proclamations have recently been imported into Russia from France in apparently genuine sardine boxes.

The late "Diamond Joe" Reynolds was a very plain man in his dress, and with all his wealth he never owned a residence. He lived with his wife in plainly furnished and unpretentious apartments. He left an estate reported to be worth about $3,000,000.

Delaware is said to have more living ex-governors than any other state in the Union. Five of them—B. T. Biggs, John P. Cochran, James Ponder, John W. Hall and Charles F. Stokley—are still engaged in active business.

It is proposed doing away with the old system of lightning rod protection and replacing the rods with narrow ribbons of copper, which will use up the energy of the lightning and save the building from destruction.

Some very nobby gentlemen's furnishing stores order gloves for the dude of the period having pearl buttons in place of the patent button preferred by men.

Congressman John L. Mitchell, of Milwaukee, will be the richest man in the next house, his fortune being estimated at $40,000,000.

The man who hauled the first load of sand used in building the Polk county, Iowa, court house, must have been sentenced to that institution for six months.

Ladies, Use
STEKETEE'S
POSITIVE
Periodical Preparation!
HIGHLY RECOMMENDED.
Mothers, Save Your Children From Consumption.
Cures Fits and Convulsions Caused from Non-Appearance of Monthly Periods.
THE ONLY RELIABLE MONTHLY REMEDY KNOWN.
GEO. G. STEKETEE,
Grand Rapids, Mich., Sole Prop'r.
FOR SALE BY DRUGGISTS.

THIS LITTLE MAN

Would respectfully call the attention of all disabled soldiers and the widows, children or dependent children of deceased soldiers to some peculiar features of

THE NEW PENSION LAW

Which they may not have fully considered. It is very liberal. Pensions are being granted with no other evidence save a medical examination! The majority of claimants are getting $12 a month! You can be prosecuting a claim under the Old Law and a claim under the New Law at the same time! One claim does not conflict with the other! You can draw a pension under the new law, and then complete and draw a pension on your claim under the old law. You now stand two chances to get a pension, where formerly you only had one, and perhaps a very slim chance.

COMRADE, YOU CAN GET A PENSION

If you served 90 days, were honorably discharged, and now have a permanent disability, no matter when or where you contracted your disability, provided it is not the result of your vicious habits. Thee if you received any disability while in the U. S. service you can file a claim under the Old Law, and if you finally become helpless you can get $72 a month.

Why Not Apply at Once?

Fee for increase claims $2. File your claim for the sake of your family if not for your own sake. Call upon or write. Yours in F. O. & L.

CHARLES K. GIBSON,

Late Acting Chaplain Michigan Soldiers' Home also of Company B, 21st Mich. Infantry.

SOLICITOR OF PENSIONS:

Room 25, New Houseman Block, Opposite City Hall, Grand Rapids, Mich.

TELEPHONE 1278.

Do You Make a Garden?

There is no doubt but what D. Landreth & Sons Garden Seeds are the best.

M. C. Goossen

has sold these seeds the past five years. You can get any quantity by weight. You get a lot of time the quantity for 5 or 10 cents than is in those little papers, if you prefer to buy them I have them Every packet is dated when packed, and all unsold papers are burned. Flower Seeds as well. This is only another illustration of his aim to handle only the best goods.

A. B. KNOWLSON

THE

Wood and Coal

Man, 35 Pearl street, is sole agent for

Adamant Wall Plaster

AND

GRAND RAPIDS WALL CEMENT.

TRY IT!

THE BON-TON

Dress Making Parlors!

Room 18, Wonderly Building.

The Best Work at Lowest Prices. Every Garment Guaranteed. Your Patronage is Solicited.

MRS. E. B. TAYLOR,

PROPRIETRESS.

Thomas E. Wykes,

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Corner Ionia Street and Wealthy Avenue.

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Grain, Flour, Feed, Hay, Straw, Lime, Cement, Sewer Tile, Etc.

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OFFICE HOURS FROM { 9 to 11 A. M. / 1 to 4 P. M. / 7 to 8 P. M.

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First Class Blank Books and Fine Book Binding of Every Description.

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GRANITE TEETH

Set with Continuous Gum in Celluloid Plate Work is

THE BEST EVER MADE.

There are no joints for saliva or food. It is made to fit perfect to nature as art can go. I have used it twenty years with perfect satisfaction to our patrons and myself. Call and see sample. They need no plates or fastenings. They keep Dental art or any other art is that which imitates nature more close y. Therefore I fill teeth with Porcelain or Pearl Inlays, or Celluloid Gum Teeth and Crowns. They say I repair teeth without pain. Call and see and be convinced.

L. N. HUTCHINSON,

DENTAL PARLORS 15 TOWER BLOCK.

ASBESTINE PORTLAND STONE CO.,

MANUFACTURE ARTIFICIAL

Flag Stone Walks

And Other Sidewalks with Granite or Sand Finish, also Concrete Curb or Fence Posts. Estimates, Etc. Twenty Years' Experience. All Work Guaranteed for Five Years. Best of Reference given. Asbestine stamped on our walks. Office No. 14 West Bridge st., Grand Rapids, Michigan. Telephone No. 403.

A. J. SHELLMAN,

65 MONROE STREET,

Scientific Optician, seventeen years' experience in fitting defective eyesight. Artificial eyes inserted. Spectacles and eyeglasses made to orders without extra cost. Sign of the big spectacle. Eyes tested free to all.

ROSE & SONS,

Fancy . Steam : Dyers.

Cleaning, Coloring, Altering and Refitting done by the very best tailors, at reasonable prices. Shipping goods sent by express will receive prompt attention.

70 South Division street, Grand Rapids, Mich.

OFFICIAL RAILROAD TIME CARD.

Grand Rapids & Indiana Railroad.

In Effect February 1, 1891.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

	Arr From South.	Lve Going North.
For Saginaw, solid train		7:30 a m
For Traverse City	8:15 a m	7:30 a m
For Traverse City and Mackinaw		1:45 p m
For Mackinaw	9:20 a m	11:35 a m
For Saginaw, solid train		5:00 p m
For Cadillac	9:15 p m	5:00 p m
For Mackinaw	4:45 p m	11:35 p m
From Chicago & Kalamazoo	8:55 p m	11:35 p m

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

	Arr From South.	Lve Going North.
For Cincinnati	6:30 a m	7:30 a m
For Kalamazoo and Chicago	10:15 a m	10:25 a m
From Saginaw	11:45 a m	
For Fort Wayne and the East		3:25 p m
For Cincinnati	9:20 p m	3:25 p m
For Kalamazoo and Chicago	10:00 p m	11:05 p m
From Saginaw	10:30 p m	

Trains marked † run daily. ‡ Daily except Sunday.

Sleeping and Parlor Car Services.

North—7:30 a m train, parlor chair car for Traverse City; 11:35 a m train, parlor chair car for Mackinaw City; 10:35 p m train, Wagner sleeping car for Mackinaw City.

South—7:30 a m train, parlor chair car for Cincinnati; 12:30 a m train, through parlor coach to Chicago; 9:20 p m train, Wagner sleeping car for Cincinnati; 11:05 p m train, Wagner sleeping car for Chicago.

Muskegon, Grand Rapids & Indiana.

For Muskegon, Ar. 7:45 a m, Lv. 7:50 a m, p m. From Muskegon, Ar. 10:10 a m, 3:45 p m, 8:45 p m.

Chicago via. G. R. & I.

Lv. Grand Rapids	10:30am	9:00pm	11:30pm
Ar. Chicago	4:30pm	9:00pm	6:30am

Lv. Chicago	7:00am	3:10pm	10:10pm
Ar. Grand Rapids	3:15pm	3:50pm	5:15am

Lv. Chicago	11:30 a m	3:00 p m	11:30 p m
Ar. Grand Rapids	6:35 p m	9:05 p m	6:35 a m

Daily. 10:30 a. m. train has through free parlor car and 11:30 p. m. train Wagner sleeping car.

Through tickets and full information can be had by calling upon A. Almquist, ticket Agent, at Union station, or by addressing W. Munson, Union ticket office 67 Monroe street.

C. L. LOCKWOOD, Gen. Pass and Ticket Agent.

CHICAGO [JANUARY 4, 1891]

AND WEST MICHIGAN R'Y.

DEPART FOR	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Chicago	*9:00	†1:00	†11:35		
Indianapolis		†1:00	†11:35		
Benton Harbor	†9:00	†1:00	†11:35		
St Joseph	†9:00	†1:00	†11:35		
Traverse City	†9:00			†6:00	
Muskegon	†9:00	†1:00	†5:05	†5:40	
Grand Haven	†7:35	†5:05			
Ludington	†7:35	†5:05			
Baldwin	†7:35	†5:05			
Big Rapids	†7:35	†5:05			
Grand Haven	†9:00	†1:00	†5:05	†5:40	
Holland	†9:00	†1:00	†5:05	†5:40	†11:35

*Week days †Every day. ‡Except Saturday.

9:00 A. M. has through parlor car to Chicago No extra charge for seats.

1:00 P. M. runs through to Chicago solid train, parlor buffet and sleeping car.

5:05 P. M. has through chair car to Manistee, via M. & N. R. R.

11:35 P. M. has through Wagner parlor car, sleeping car through to Chicago.

DETROIT, NOVEMBER 30, 1890.

LANSING & NORTHERN R. R

DEPART FOR	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Detroit and East	†7:55	†1:30	*5:25
Lansing	†7:55	†1:30	*5:25
Ionia	†7:55	†1:30	*5:25
Grand Ledge	†7:55	†1:30	*5:25
Lake Odessa	†7:55	†1:30	*5:25
Plymouth	†7:55	†1:30	*5:25
Howard City	†7:30	†4:30	.....
Alma	†7:30	†4:30	.....
Alma	†7:30	†4:30	.....
St. Louis	†7:30	†4:30	.....
Saginaw	†7:30	†4:30	.....

*Every day. †Week days.

7:25 A. M. runs through to Detroit with parlor car; seats, 25 cents.

1:20 P. M. has through parlor car to Detroit; seats, 25 cents.

5:25 P. M. runs through to Detroit with parlor car; seats, 25 cents.

For tickets and information apply at Union ticket office, 67 Monroe street, corner Ionia.

GEO. DEHAVEN, Gen'l Pass'r Ag't.

DETROIT GRAND HAVEN & MILWAUKEE RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE

NOW IN EFFECT.

EASTWARD

Trains Leave	*No. 14.	†No. 16.	†No. 18.	*No. 38
G. Rapids, Lv	6:30am	10:30am	3:45pm	10:55p m
Ionia Ar	7:45am	11:25am	5:10pm	12:15a m
St. Johns "	8:28am	11:58am	5:40pm	1:05a m
Owosso "	9:15am	12:37pm	6:20pm	1:55a m
E. Saginaw "	11:05am	5:00pm	8:45pm	.....
Bay City "	11:55am	5:50pm	9:30pm	.....
Flint "	11:10am	3:50pm	8:00pm	5:40am
Pt. Huron "	3:35pm	6:20pm	10:25pm	7:20am
Pontiac "	10:07am	3:09pm	8:30pm	5:50am
Detroit "	11:25am	4:30pm	9:50pm	7:30am

WESTWARD

Trains Leave	*No. 31.	*No. 11.	*No. 13.
Grand Rapids Lv	7:05am	1:00pm	5:10pm
Grand Haven "	8:50am	9:15pm	6:15pm
Milwaukee Shr "	.....	.....	.....
Chicago Steamer "	.....	.....	.....

* Daily. † Daily except Sunday.

Trains arrive from the East, 9:40 a. m., 12:35 p. m., 6:30 p. m. and 10:35 p. m.

Trains arrive from the West 10:10 a. m., 3:20 p. m. and 9:50 p. m.

Eastward—No. 14 has Wagner Parlor Buffet car, No. 38 Wagner Sleeper.

Westward—No. 31 Wagner Sleeper. No. 13 Wagner Parlor Buffet car.

JNO. W. LOUD, Traffic Manager.
SAM. FERRISS, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
JAS. CAMPBELL, City Ticket Agent.
32 Monroe street.

LAKE SHORE & MICHIGAN SOUTHERN

GOING SOUTH—DEPART.

Mail and Express		7:45 a m
Mail		3:00 p m
Freight		1:30 p m
Freight		8:35 p m

ARRIVE

Mail and Express		9:35 a m
Mail and Express		6:00 p m
Freight		10:00 a m
Freight		6:30 p m

A. J. SMITH, G. P. & T. A., Cleveland, O.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILWAY.

		ARRIVE AT
New York Express	4 40 p m	1 15 p m
Detroit Express	1 20 a m	10 15 p m
Mixed	8 00 a m	6 00 p m
Day Express	1 40 p m	10 00 a m
Atlantic and Pacific	10 00 p m	7 00 a m

*Daily. All other daily except Sunday.

Sleeping cars run on Pacific and Atlantic Express to and from Detroit—Parlor cars run on Day Express and Grand Rapids Express to and from Detroit—Direct connections made at Detroit with all Eastern lines. Tickets for sale at Union Ticket Office, 67 Monroe street, at Union depot.

FRED M. BRIGGS, Gen'l Agt, 67 Monroe st.
J. S. HAWKINS, Ticket Ag't, Union Depot.
GEO. W. MUNSON, Union Ticket Office, 67 Monroe street.
O. W. RUGGLES, G. P. and T. Agt, Chicago.

PEOPLE'S SAVINGS BANK.

CASH CAPITAL.....$100,000.
PERSONAL LIABILITY...$100,000.
DEPOSITORS' GUARANTY, $200,000.

Thomas Heffernan.....President
Henry F. Ransom.....President
Charles M. Heald.....Second Vice President
C. B. Kelsey.....Cashier

DIRECTORS.

Thomas Heffernan,
D. D. Cody, J. N. Gibbs,
Jas. G. MacBride, G. H. Reid,
Wm. McMullen, Wm. Alden Smith,
S. A. Morman, H. F. Ransom,
Jno Patton, Jr., Charles M. Heald,
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Jno Murray, H. C. Russell.

Receive deposits of 5c and upwards.

Pay 4 per cent interest on time certificates and savings deposits.

Sell exchange on New York, Chicago and Detroit and all foreign countries.

Loan money on real estate security.

Organized under the General Banking Laws of the State of Michigan

WILSON'S RHUMATIC POWDER

THIS POWDER IS GUARANTEED TO CURE CHRONIC RHUMATISM. PRICE 50 CTS. CITY DRUG STORE, COR. MONROE & OTTAWA STS.

DEATH NOTICES.

FITCH—At 189 Shawmut avenue, on Thursday, April 16, 1891, Mrs. M. L. Fitch, aged 60 years.

Funeral from the residence at 2 o'clock Friday afternoon.

O'CONNOR—Friday evening, April 17, 1891, at her residence No. 8 Davis street, Mary O'Connor, aged 7 years.

Funeral Monday morning from St. Andrew's cathedral.

DONOVAN—Friday evening, April 17, 1891, at his residence, corner of Fifth avenue and Madison street, Cornelius Donovan, aged 40 years.

Funeral announced later.

Wind and Weather

WASHINGTON, April 18.—For Lower Michigan: Rain; southerly winds; stationary temperature in southern portion, warmer in northern portion.

CITY AND SUBURBS

The Industrial reporter has ceased to exist, the plant having been sold to L. D. Harris.

Miss Florence James of Douglas, Mich., is the guest of Mrs. L. A Hendee of 277 Fourth avenue.

The funeral of Mrs. M. L. Fitch will be held from the residence, 152 Shawmut avenue, at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

Beginning this afternoon the West Grand Rapids Gun club will hold weekly shoots at 4:30 every Saturday afternoon.

Rev. J. Snashall will preach at Calvary Baptist church tomorrow morning on "A Notable Prayer," and in the evening on "Christian Union."

The funeral of Stephen Drumm who died at St. Mark's hospital will take place this morning from the rooms of Undertaker P. H. O'Brien.

Yesterday in the Circuit court Judge Adsit granted a decree of divorce for complainant in the case of Emma Betts against Thomas Betts on the grounds of desertion.

Nellie Feltzer filed a bill of complaints in chancery in the Superior court yesterday asking for a decree of divorce from her husband, George, on the grounds of cruelty and desertion.

It is stated that Col. George G. Briggs and R. D. Swartout are organizing a stock company to engage in the dry goods business in the Lyceum theater building on Canal street.

Adrian Ringle, 50 years old, living at 98 Pine street, fell in a faining fit in front of No. 8 engine house yesterday morning. The trouble was due to heart failure. The ambulance removed him to his home.

Hugh Ryder, charged with felonious assault upon Frances Bowers, an elderly woman whom he was escorting from Kent City to a lumber camp, had a partial hearing in Justice Westfall's court yesterday. The case was adjourned until April 25.

The work on the new court house seems to have taken a new turn of late. Yesterday there was one man at work working on the job. His time was mostly employed in surveying the cobwebs that have accumulated in the unfinished corridors.

Rev. Anna Shaw will speak in Hartman's hall at 3 o'clock on "God's Women." This lecture is the one delivered before the Women's council of clubs in Washington. Admission free. A collection will be taken for the benfit of the Emerson home.

A woman rushed into the board of health office Saturday afternoon and imparted the startling information that there were ten dead dogs in her cistern. As the cistern is situated near the "potter's" there may have been some truth in her statement.

In the chancery case of James A. Miller against Florence M. Miller, the appearance of Prosecuting Attorney McKnight for the minor children has been entered. The same order has been entered in the case of Anna W. Spring against George W. Spring

Foreclosure proceedings in chancery were commenced yesterday in the Circuit court by Margaret M. Parsons against Frances Walton et al. The suit is brought to recover on a promissory note of $600 secured by a mortgage on certain lands in Wyoming township.

MUSIC AND DRAMA.

As early as 1884 Prof. John Fiske lectured in Boston before the Concord School of Philosophy. A number of these lectures, together with others delivered at the Washington university in St. Louis, have been collected in a volume under the title "The Critical Period in United States History." Prof. Fiske is an acknowledged author on American history, and this volume is one of the most valuable contributions that has ever been added to the history of that period. Prof Fiske is thoroughly master of his subject and thus holds his audiences from beginning to end. Of the early period of American history he says: "My head is for two or three years past so full of the discovery of America and the old Spanish times that I prefer to take such topic for my lectures." For this reason and because it is generally considered the most popular. "Los Casas, Protector of the Indians," has been chosen for the subject of this discourse in Hartman's lecture room next Thursday evening.

One of the most attractive features of the St. Cecilia-Press club entertainment, to be given at Powers' May 14 and 15, will be the "Florida Jubilee Singers," composed of half a doen society ladies of the city (names suppressed), who will appear in burnt cork, and render some of the negro melodies that were most popular during the war of the rebellion. The singers are entitled "Poetry of the War," but it will be music of the war as well, including that of both North and South.

The usual Saturday matinee will be given at Smith's this afternoon and the engagement of the present company closes this evening. Monday night Reeves' English Opera Bouffe company will begin a week's engagement in "Faust Up to Date," an original satirical opera burlesque with brilliant costumes, white hussars, grand demon ballet, etc.

Stuart Robson and company in "The Henrietta" drew a full house at Powers' last night. The popular comedy drama will be repeated at the matinee this afternoon and "Is Marriage a Failure" will be presented this evening. The advance sale is large for both perform ances.

St. Mark's Church Services.

St. Mark's Protestant Episcopal church—Division street, head of Pearl street; Sunday schools at 10 a. m. and 3 p. m.; high communion 10:15 a. m.; service and sermon at 11 a. m and 7:30 p. m., by the rector, Rev. Dr. Campbell Fair.

St. Mark's South Grand Rapids Mission—18 Plainfield avenue; Sunday school 3 p. m.; mission service and sermon 4 p. m., by the Rev. Dr. Campbell Fair.

St. Mark's Oakdale Park Mission—Services and sermon, 3:30 p. m.

POLICE COURT.

Many Cases Called, but Few Brought to a Close.

William Burt, Peter Brandon and James Ryan were the only drunks in Police court yesterday. Burt paid $5.35; the others were consigned to the stone pile for 12 days each. The people's case against James Herendeen was called and on motion of the prosecuting attorney the case was nolle pros'd. William McKee charged with being a disorderly person was released on suspended sentence. The case of the city against George Baker for maintaining a pool room nuisance was adjourned until April 23. The bar obstruction case against Frank Klump was continued by consent until April 21.

The testimony in the George Luddington stabbing affray was read yesterday, showing that the people's witnesses, Winn and Arnold, bear quite unsavory reputations. Luddington is charged for stealing brass, brushes and watches each having served time at Ionia for the crime. By consent of the prosecuting attorney the case was continued until April 24.

The Peter Hughes larceny case was adjourned again until this morning.

Superior Court Cases

In the Superior court yesterday the case of Leander P. Deyo, charged with uttering forged notes, was continued over the term upon the application of the respondent.

The assumpsit case of C. C. Comstock against Frank Carroll was continued over the term by consent. The Mary J. Myers trespass cage against Poundmaster Henry was also continued over the term. John Van Rossem pleaded not guilty to a charge of keeping his saloon open after hours. Harm Hock and Herbert Bolt for the same offense entered the same plea. The assumpsit case of Delos G. Henry against John and James Rowson occupied the attention of the court until the hour for adjourning and will be taken up again this morning.

Will Revise the Constitution

A special meeting of the Owashtanong Board of Trade will be held at 8 o'clock on the evening of May 18, for the purpose of voting on proposed amendments to the constitution. The sections to be amended have been printed, together with the proposed changes, showing plainly the effect of their adoption. The most important amendments are those relative to the duties of the officers and the search of directors, and the raising of the initiation fee from $15 to $25. There are others of nearly equal importance, and if all are adopted the charter will be equal to a revision of the constitution.

The club is also considering the matter of putting in an electric light plant, and of disposing of the property at the lake, with a view of building a new boat house at North Park.

Circuit Court Business

The only case heard in the Circuit court yesterday by Judge Adsit was the chancery case of Mary A. Ragen against Michael Fain. The call in Judge Adsit's court today is chancery cases 6 and 20.

Judge Grove heard the pleadings and proofs in the following cases: Old National bank against Charles M Ayer et al, and Patrick C Grady et al against Michael H. Hughes et al. The assumpsit case of Carnegie Phipps & Co against F. C. Fuller was continued over the term without costs. Call in Judge Grove's court, issues of fact 47, and chancery 6 and 20.

The Green Case Settled

In the chancery case of Bessie Green against George R. Green, the appearance of defendant, order for a copy of the bill and another dismissing the bill has been entered by Judge Adsit. The orders were made only as a matter of form, the defendant as soon as he learned of the case signifying his desire to do the square thing. The case was settled by Mr. Green turning and Louisety over to his children except enough to pay his fare to the booming west, where he has signified his intention of taking up a permanent residence.

Cases of Contagion.

O. C Williams, 261 Center street, scarlet fever; Hubert Duthe, 4 Muskegon street, same; J. Volpert, 20 Davis street, same; J Maskins, corner of Peaslee and Gunnison street, whooping cough; Martin and John Tallsenad, 462 North street, whooping cough; Baby Pattie, 312 West street, whooping cough; Martin Vanderwold, corner of White and Leonard street, same; Cland Terrill, 22 West Broadway, mumps.

The Grand Rapids National.

The Grand Rapids National bank yesterday filed its list of stockholders with the county clerk. The stock is held in shares ranging from one to 330, James K Nelson and Helen Louise Hoyt each holding one share and Edwin F. Uhl holding 330 shares for himself and 25 shares as guardian. Geo. H Long is the next heaviest stockholder, 300 shares being credited to him and 16 to Mrs. Maggie B. Long.

Another Man Missing

James Adams, residing at 76 Caledonia street, a cabinet maker by trade, has been missing since Tuesday night. His family are alarmed at his absence, and notwithstanding all the efforts of his father-in-law, John H. King, he cannot get any trace of him. Mr King thinks there is something singular about his disappearance, but says there is no cause for it that he knows of.

Claims of Indiana Citizens.

Indiana promises to become a very wealthy state. A few days ago a dispatch stated that a woman living near Martinsville had information from her attorneys that she was entitled to two-thirds of the entire property left by the Jans heirs. Now comes the interesting announcement that Mr. Mark Brown, a farmer residing near Anderson, has been discovered to be one of the rightful owners of ninety acres of land in the heart of New York city, entirely separate and distinct from the Anneke Jans claim. He and the other heirs are going to "organize" to press their claim. When all of these heirs come into their property Indiana will be a very wealthy state.—Indianapolis Journal.

Jay Gould's Court Record.

Mr. Gould is of opinion that there is a deliberate intention to annoy him on the part of those who make up the jury lists. He has just paid one fine of $100 for refusing to appear as a juror, and he was again summoned and will again decline to appear. Although Mr. Gould has been in numerous litigations, yet it is said that he has not been inside of the court house for fifteen years.—E. J. Edwards in Philadelphia Press.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

This list is furnished by Tuttle Bros', real estate office, over Arcade, Pearl street. Telephone 1255:

IN CITY.

Wm W Howe to Lilly M Taylor, 100x129.50 nw cor Trowbridge & Lafayette sts 1,800

Wm Schaubel to Anon C. Bauer, 82.50x124 nw cor W Bridge and Lane ave 750

Johann Hofert to Henry Hamlek, 99.50x112.50 nw cor Grandville st & Withey st 2,300

IN COUNTRY.

Oscar W Eddie to Owis H Woodin, lot 62 Nash's Second add, Sparta 100

Corn D Simmons to Chas A Rolin, pt e half sw quarter of sec 36, Algoma 800

Flossie J DeVries to John W Losey, pt w half sw quarter sec 1, Wyoming 900

Henry Adams to Benjamin F Baldwin, lots 3 nw quarter and sw quarter ne quarter sec 14, Plainfield 1,500

Jonn H Taylor to Wm W Howe, ne quarter se quarter of sec 19, Tyrone 1,600

Ludwig Spitlee to Maria Coade, s half sw quarter sw quarter of sec 28, Nelson 425

John W Losey to Flossie J DeVries sw quarter se quarter sec 9, Plainfield 500

Marriage Licenses

Number.	Age.
3949—Peter DeHaan, Lena Helden, both city	23—22

A bridge over Swartz creek near Flint, broke down with a team of horse, a hay press and six men. The fall was eight feet to water. The men saved themselves by jumping, and the horses were rescued without serious injury.

MARKETS BY WIRE

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, April 17.—MONEY—Easy at 3 @4 per cent.

STOCKS—Higher and firm.

GOVERNMENT BONDS—Fours, 121¾; sixes, 119¾.

NEW YORK GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

NEW YORK, April 17.—WHEAT—Excited speculation, early 8@13¼c up, declined slightly, now 3c above yesterday. No. 2 Red May, $1.18@1.19; June, $1.18¾@1.16; July, $1.15¼@1.14¾; August, $1.09¾@1.09¾; September, $1.07¾@1.08¾; October $1.08¾; December, $1.08¾@1.09¾.

CORN—Advanced 2@2¾c but reacted 1¼@1¾c active. No. 2, 83@83¾c; steamer mixed, 83@83¾c.

OATS—Fairly active and firm. No. 2 May, 64@64.09; old mess, $12.00@12.50; extra prime, $11.75@12.00.

LARD—Quiet, firm. Steam rendered, May, $6.10.

BUTTER—Steady, fairly active, Western dairy, 19@22.

EGGS—Moderately active, weak Western, 14¾c.

CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, April 17.—Money easy at 5@6. Clearings $18,749,000. New York exchange firm at 85 bonds premium.

Board of Trade markets were the greatest for many weeks. Prices were very sharply advanced for all cereals. Wheat made a jump of about 3¾ cents on top of a 3 cent bulge yesterday, and rose to $1.11 for May and $1.09 for July, closing only a fraction under best figures

WHEAT—Cash, $1.10¼@1.10¾; May, $1.10¾@1.10¾; July, $1.08¾@1.09¾.

CORN—No. 2 steady. Cash, 76c; April, 73¾c; May, 72¾@72¾c; July, 68¾c.

OATS—No. 2, firm. Cash, 57c; May, 57¼c; June, 56¾c; July, 54¾@54½c.

PORK—Strong; cash, $12.80; May, $12.92½; July, $13.32½.

DETROIT.

DETROIT, April 17.—WHEAT—No. 1 white, 1.13 bid; No. 2 red, cash, 1.15¼ bid; May 1.15¾; July, 1.16¼; August 1.08.

CORN—No. 2 cash 76c; May, 75c.

OATS—No. 2, cash, 60c; No 2, white, 61c.

CLOVER—Cash, $4.85.

RECEIPTS—Wheat, 18,500 bu; corn, 3,400 bu; oats, 7,900 bu.

TOLEDO.

TOLEDO, April 17.—Wheat—Strong, firm, cash and May, $1.16¾ July, $1.07¾; August, 1.04.

CORN—Firm; May, 76c; May, 75c.

OATS—Firm; cash and May, 57c bid.

CLOVER SEED—Quiet, steady; cash and April $4.85.

LOCAL MARKETS.

FINANCIAL.

The bank clearings yesterday were $123,670.90 to $153,358.50 for the day previous and to 113,068.29 for the corresponding day one year ago.

GRAIN, HAY, AND WOOD.

Wheat remains strong and firm and indications point to another rise.

Wheat, $1.05; oats, 59@60c; corn, 76@77c.

Hay, $12 to $15 per ton; straw, $6.00 per ton.

Feed sellsat $21.00; meal, $23.00; bran, $20.00.

Hay, in car lots, is quoted as follows: Best timothy, $14.00; No. 1 timothy, $13.00; best clover, $13.00.

Wood—Beech, dry, $3.00per cord; 2-foot, $3.00@3.75 per cord; 4-foot, $4.00@4.75 per cord.

HIDES AND TALLOW.

Green, 4@4½c; part cured, 4½@5c; cured hides 5@5c; calfskins, green, 8@8c; calfskins, cured 8@8c; deacons, 25@40c; pelts, 60c@$1.75; deikin skins, 15@25c.

FARM PRODUCE.

Butter is firm—Dairy—16@18c. Creamery 21@23c.

Apples, choice, $1.35@1.50 a bu.

Eggs, 12c.

Potatoes bring $1; Onions, firm, at $1.50 per bu; beans, $1.9 @1.75; parsnips, 40c per bu; carrots, 30c per bu; cabbage, 50@60c a doz; beets bring 40@50c.

Turnips, 30@40c bu.

Honey, 18@20c.

Dried apples, 6@c for evaporated; common dried, 10@12c.

FRESH MEATS AND POULTRY.

Chickens, 10@12½c; ducks, 13 to 14 cents; geese, 12@c; turkeys, 12½c. Pork, $5.50@5.00; mutton, $5.00@6.00; veal, $4.00@4.00; beef sides, $4.50@5.50; hind quarters, $6@6.50.

JOBBING PRICES—PRODUCE AND FRUITS.

The following prices are quoted by the commission houses:

Butter, 20c.

Potatoes sell at $1.10 to 1.15; fresh eggs, 13 @14c; butter 20@22c; beans, hand picked $2.00 to 2.20; Jersey soil at $4.50@5.00 per bbl; onions, $1.50@1.75 per bu. Cranberries $9@10.00 per bbl.

Timothy seed, $1.50 to $1.60.

PROVISIONS, ETC.

Wholesale dealers quote hams at 09.50@10.00; boneless hams, 9c; bacon, 8c 20@8.50; dried beef, 10 00@10 00; mess pork, $12.75; shoulders, $6.00; standard short cut, $12.50; ribs, $12.00; mess beef, $9.00@8.50.

Kerosene oil, for water white, 9c; for Michigan test, 8¾c; gasoline, 10¾c.

Salt sells in ten barrel lots at 95c.

SUGARS.

The supply of sugar is short but prices are easier. Granulated, 5¾c; cubes, 5¾c; granulated, 5.5c; standard A, 5c; extra C, 4¾c.

"If your son asked for bread would you give him a stone?"

"If you are sick and depend on a physician for relief, would he give you poison?"

In order to elevate the profession we will give a few

HYGIENIC RULES.

NOT GOOD TO EAT.

Many books have been written, and much more has been said about what a sick person should eat in order to nourish the body and not interfere with the action of the medicines prescribed by the physician; but every one knows the following articles are not good to eat, namely: Opium, Morphine, Belladona, Atropia or Deadly Nightshade, Cocaine, Chloral, Calomel, Antimonia, Foxglove, Arsenic and all preparations, Phosphorous (makes elegant friction matches) and its preparations, Phosphites, Hypo-Phosphites, Nux Vomica and its active principle, Strychnine, Hyoscyamus Niger, Black Henbane, Oleum Tigili, Croton Oil, etc.

Dr. S. Clay Todd does not use the above poisons.

How unfortunate the physician who knows no other remedies (?) than the above poisons, and how much more unfortunate the Dear People who think they are obliged to take the dogs. The above poisons produce nervous prostration, death by heart failure and inflammation of the bowels; also cause most of the suicides and all the insanity. They cure nothing, and they prevent people from recovering their health. They are the favorite medicines of the Alopathic Physicians. That is why they always say they will treat you, knowing full well their medicines will not cure.

In Demand Everywhere.

Dr. S. Clay Todd has patients in Europe. He sent medicines to a patient in Goes, Netherland yesterday (26th) by American Express. The best physicians of that country had pronounced the case hopeless. He has a very painful disease, and as seems to be the custom throughout the world, his friends applied to Dr. S. Clay Todd, 16 North Division street, Grand Rapids, Michigan, as a last resort.

Success Counts Today

Immediate Cures are What "The People" Want!

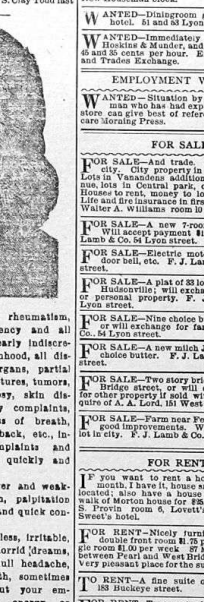
Two fraudulent physicians, members of the State Medical Society, gave the case up and Dr. S. Clay Todd cured it in a jiffy without ever having seen the patient.

Hearing of DR. S. CLAY TODD, 16 North Division Street, Rooms 1, 3 and 4, Grand Rapids, Mich., I called on him in regard to my brother, Mr. Joel Shick at Vicksburg, Mich. My brother had been sick four weeks with Brain Fever and had two of the best doctors in Vicksburg, and after doctoring him for nearly the said he was in hopeless case, and all of his friends would call to see him for the last time. But to our surprise Dr. Todd's medicines did just as he said they would; they helped my brother at once and he is fast recovering. I have been with my brother in all that time and know that Dr. Todd's medicines six hours he spoke my name the first time for nearly four weeks and he knows everyone now. Saturday night, December 27, I first gave Dr. Todd's medicines to my brother, and Tuesday, the 30th, he was able to sit up in bed and drink himself with a spoon and hold a glass in his hand and drink—something he has not done since he was sick.

JOHN SHICK,
487 South Union Street,
Grand Rapids Mich.

December 29, 1890.

Mr. Joel Shick called on Dr. S. Clay Todd last week.



Catarrh, deafness; rheumatism, nervous debility, impotency and all diseases resulting from early indiscretions and excesses of manhood, all diseases of the urinary organs, partial paralysis, varicocelle, ruptures, tumors, scrofula, old sores, dropsy, skin diseases, liver and kidney complaints, heart diseases, shoriness of breath, back of head, small of back, etc., including all female complaints and chronic diseases cured quickly and permanently.

That cough, slight fever and weakness, shortness of breath, palpitation of heart, may mean sure and quick consumption.

If you are nervous, restless, irritable, sleepless or wake after horrid dreams, tired mornings, with a dull headache, bad taste in the mouth, sometimes discharges, and go about your employment without life, energy or ambition, desire to be alone, gloomy forebodings, a disposition to worry and fret about trouble ahead that never comes, spells of feeling afraid or uncertain, sometimes low spirits, you are suffering from nervous debility and exhaustion of nerve power, which may end in utter prostration, insanity and death.

If you have a great sense of weakness and weariness, with tired limbs, numbness, trembling, prickling sensations, cold feet and legs, you are advancing to that most serious disease, paralysis.

If your head aches, feels numb and tired, with strange sensations, loss of memory, and you think with difficulty, or are you sleepless at night, with drowsiness and dullness during the day the nerve and brain fatigue may soon run into insanity or death.

As you value your life do not neglect these warnings. Time and experience have shown, and hundreds of startling and marvellous cures have proved, that nervous diseases are perfectly and completely cured by DR. S. CLAY TODD, 16 N. South Division St, room 1, 3 and 4, Grand Rapids, Mich.

Under the use of DR. S. CLAY TODD'S remarkable remedies all these symptoms yield as if by magic, and strength of nerves, vigor of brain vitality of blood and health of body are soon restored.

His remedies are purely vegetable and harmless, and can only be obtained at his office.

DR. TODD compounds his prescriptions before each patient in his office.

Medicines sent everywhere.

DR. TODD'S office is 16 North Division street, rooms 1, 3 and 4, Grand Rapids, Mich.

His medicines agree with the stomach and you can eat anything you choose.

He is in his office from 9 in the morning until 7 in the evening, every day but Sunday.

Call, everybody. A friendly talk will cost you nothing.

Low charges, Rapid Cures.

FOR MANY YEARS DR. TODD HAS CURED CONSUMPTION.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., Sept. 17, 1872.—For the benefit of those who think Consumption incurable I will make a statement of my case: On the 19th of last March I was taken with the Lung Fever, or as the doctors called it, Pleuro Pneumonia. I was attended by one whom I had considered the most efficient physician of this city for three months and a half, during which time he employed five other physicians as counsel. For about three weeks I thought I was getting better, when an abscess began to form in my left lung, and the physicians pronounced it Quick Consumption. From this time I failed rapidly and raised from a pint to a quart of phlegm and matter each day, and had night sweats. By the 28th of June I had got so weak that I could not lift a glass of water to my mouth, and was confinedto my bed, was reduced to a skeleton except my legs, and feet which were greatly swelled. At this time my wife sent for Dr. S. Clay Todd's Circular, employed him, and I am free to say I improved steadily from the time I commenced taking his medicines. In three days the swelling had gone out of my limbs and in three weeks I was able to be up and walk out doors a little, and in ten weeks I was able to walk two miles, and felt as well as I ever did. Now I walk from three to four miles each day, neither cough nor spit. I have no pain and think my lung healed perfectly.

JOHN A. MILLER,
222 W. Creighton Ave., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

Mr. Miller now weighs 175 pounds

Mr. Miller is over 70 years old.

Mr. Miller was cured over 17 years ago.

This shows that consumption can be permanently cured by Dr. S. Clay Todd.

People are going between here and Fort Wayne every day. Get some friend to call on Mr. Miller and learn the particulars of his case. It was the talk of the town for months.

MONEY

To Loan on Real Estate in Sums of $100 and Upwards.

THE MICHIGAN TRUST CO.,

19-21 Fountain Street. Telephone 409.

Lakins & Reynolds

DEALERS IN

Real Estate Bargains.

132 1.2 Monroe Street. Phone 218.

If you wish to buy cheap or will sell cheap for quick sale, come and see us.

We have several bargains on houses and lots. Some beautiful homes from $1,000 to $5,000.

We have in Belmont a 5-room Division street paying large interest on price asked

A lovely home $4 700 and will take one or two good lots and give easy terms on balance.

Farms and suburban lots to exchange for improved property. Special attention given to property of non-residents. We want more houses to rent. Bring your keys to

LAKINS & REYNOLDS.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—The name and address of all men wanting work or business investments. Write letter stating fully kind of work or business wanted to Eugene Carpenter, 69 New Houseman block. 20

WANTED—Dining room girl at Livingston hotel. 51 and 53 Lyon street. 18

WANTED—Immediately, 15 brick layers by H Hoskins & Munder, and Jas. Curtis, wages 45 and 55 cents per hour. Enquire at Builders and Trades Exchange. tf

EMPLOYMENT WANTED.

WANTED—Situation by energetic young man who has had experience in general store can give best of reference. Address M, care Herald Press. 23

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—and trade. Good farms near city. City property in all parts of city. Lots in Yeomans addition on Madison avenue, lots in Central park, on Macatawa bay. Houses to rent. Money to loan on real estate. Life and fire insurance in first class companies. Walter A. Williams room 10 Lovett's block. tf

FOR SALE—A new 7-room house at $900. $150 cash, payments $10 monthly. F. J. Lamb & Co. 54 Lyon street. tf

FOR SALE—Electric motors, dynamos and door bell, etc. F. J. Lamb & Co. 54 Lyon street. tf

FOR SALE—A plat of 33 lots in the village of Hudsonville. Will exchange for city realty or personal property. F. J. Lamb & Co. 54 Lyon street.

FOR SALE—Nine choice building lots in city or will exchange for farm. F. J. Lamb & Co.. 54 Lyon street. tf

FOR SALE—A new milch Jersey cow—extra choice butter. F. J. Lamb & Co., 54 Lyon street. tf

FOR SALE—Two story brick block on West Bridge street. Will exchange in part for other property if sold within 30 days. Inquire of A. A. Lord, 181 West Bridge street. tf

FOR SALE—Farm near Fenwick, 80 acres good improvements. Will take house and lot in city. F. J. Lamb & Co., 54 Lyon street. tf

FOR RENT.

IF you want to rent a house for $8.00 per month, front room $1.75 per month, single room $1.00 per week 87 Mt. Vernon street, between Pearl and West Bridge streets. N. B. very pleasant place for the summer. 18

TO RENT—A fine suite of 7 rooms cheap. 183 Buckeye street. 22

FOR RENT—Tenement of three rooms; one room in basement of five rooms; one of six rooms; one of seven rooms; one of eight rooms: all in good condition, close to center of city; no car fare to pay; good well water and all conveniences. Enquire of Mrs. Barnard, office 35 Allen street; 60 Mt. Vernon street, Cross Side, and 111 Canal street, opposite Redmond's Opera House. ap197

MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—To let, bark to peel. 160 acres, for upward of 1,000 cords. Apply at 37 Durham street. 5

TO THOSE CONTEMPLATING BUILDING. The contractors of the Builders' Exchange are now ready to submit figures on any plans or buildings, and are so situated that any work can be finished in the best manner, equal to a first class workmanlike manner, and with dispatch, as we are assured we shall have sufficient supply of firstclass workmen. All men applying to the Exchange receive ready employment. tf

WANTED—Boarders with room, only $3.00 per week. 136 Barclay street. 20

SPRING HAS COME!—We can't afford to describe every thing we have for sale in the daily papers; besides you don't want to read about a hundred things you do not care for; so we will simply say, emphatically, that we have just as good property vacant or improved—either north, south, east or west as the city affords, and if you are in the market for anything in the real estate line, either for use or speculation, please call and give us an idea of about what you want in regard to location, price, etc., and we will take you right to the place. Respectfully yours, John A. Ball and J. B. Horton, Room No. 14, Wonderly Building, Phone No. 892. N. B.—We also have houses to rent and money to loan.

WANTED—To buy a heavy horse at 242 South Division street. 26

WANTED—Every young man in Grand Rapids to stop in and see what we can do with them on a pair of pants or a suit of clothes made to order. Voigt, Herpolsheimer & Co. tf

GENTLEMEN Who wish to be WELL DRESSED should order their CLOTHING from

FRITZ, THE PEOPLE'S TAILOR

110 CANAL STREET.

We sell First Class Goods at Moderate Prices. A large NEW SPRING STOCK to select from. Go down and see him.

GENTLEMEN! Here Is Success!

GRAND SUCCESS

All Diseases of Men CURED!

All Diseases resulting from Early Indiscretions and Excesses of Manhood, Overwork of the Brain, etc., all Private Diseases of both sexes, young middle aged and old people.

CURED!

By Dr. S. CLAY TODD, Rooms 1, 3 and 4 Wenham Block, 16 North Division St., Grand Rapids, Mich.

Consultations free and confidential, from 9 in the morning to 7 at night every day but Sundays.

No nervines. They burn the head. Keep your head clear.

No Mechanical Treatment.

No unnecessary surgical operations.

Keep whole, you will live longer and be happier. Make one call if possible.

WANTED—A partner to take half interest in a good paying business; can be made better, besides giving party a chance to learn a good trade. Must be sober and a hustler, as this is one out of a hundred chances. Business already established. Address Business DON'T WAIT, as we have other offers. Inquire at 83 Monroe Street, Room 5, Grand Rapids, Mich.

THE GREAT

Silky-Fibre Combed Egyptian Gossamer

UNDERWEAR!

The Only Underwear for Spring and Summer.

As Soft as Silk, Is Sure Not to Irritate the Skin, and Will Wear Better Than Any Dollar Underwear in the Market and Costs Half as Much, That Is

ONLY 50 CENTS!

We Have Them in All Sizes: Shirts from 34 to 46. Drawers from 30 to 44.

Vander Werp, Benjamin Bros. & Co

84 MONROE STREET.

LEONARD'S

A Window of Bargains

Is always attractive, and never was one more so than our large double window today. Here are a few of the things it contains:

Clothes Pins, 1 cent a dozen
Birds' Nests, 1 cent.
Lead Pencils, 1 cent
Pie Tins, 3 cents.
Shelf Paper, 24 Sheets for 3 cents.
Graters, 3 cents.
Tacks, 3 packages for 5 cts
Tack Hammers, 5 cents.
Palm Scrub Brushes, 5 cts.
Flue Stops, 4 cents.
White Wash Brushes, 10c.
Counter Brushes, 10 cents.
Dish Mops, 5 cents.
Toy Carts, 9 cents.

You will find hundreds of bargains in our House Furnishing Department, Third Floor.

H Leonard's Sons & Co.,
29 and 31 Monroe Street

GEO. F. LEWIS & CO.

Dealers in Real Estate.

We have some very desirable city property for sale, centrally located. Several improved farms for Sale or Exchange for city property.

FOR SALE—Fine modern house, corner lot, on Madison avenue, price $1,750; $600 down. This is a very low figure.

FORTY ACRE FARM SEVEN MILES from city. Will exchange for residence property.

NINE-ROOM HOUSE, lot 47x198 in Clark street. $1,800, $600 down.

ONE 30-ACRE FRUIT FARM.

MODERN EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE on Jefferson street, No. 337; lot 50x137, cellar full size of house, good well and cistern, price $2,400. Desirable farms to exchange for city property.

FINE RESIDENCE on Sheldon Street, only $4,000.

Call and examine our list before purchasing.

Office over 37 Monroe Street.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.—In the matter of the estate of Nettie McNeil, deceased. Notice is hereby given that I shall sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, on Monday, the 28th day of April, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the front entrance of the Court House, located in the city of Grand Rapids, in the county of Kent, in the state of Michigan, pursuant to license and authority granted to me on the second day of March, A. D. 1891, by the Probate court of Kent county, Michigan, all of the right, title, interest of said estate of said deceased, in or to that certain piece or parcel of land situated and being in the county of Kent, state of Michigan, known and described as follows to-wit: The south ninety acres of the northwest quarter (¼) of section number fourteen (14) in town number five (5) north, of range number ten (10) west. Said sale to be made subject to all mortgage incumbrances or other existing liens.

Dated March 6, A. D. 1891.

CHARLES E. WARD,
Administrator.

sat-apr18

J. S. LAWRENCE, M. D.

SPECIALIST

—IN—

Diseases of Eye and Ear

Also Catarrh, Asthma, etc., Cured. Enlarged Tonsils Reduced without Cutting. Inventor of the Nasal Tube, Recently Introduced in the United States.

CONSULTATION FREE.

28 South Division Street.

Why Are we Sick?

Call on Dr. S. Clay Todd for the particulars.

The Ladder of Success!

'ROUND AND 'ROUND GO THE WHEELS OF OUR BUSINESS!

Our Prices! Our Goods! Our Styles! and Our Polite Clerks!

Catches the People of Grand Rapids!

M. Ehrman's Palace Shoe House,

69 Canal Street.

Between Lyon Street and Crescent Avenue:

Gaze on These Prices:

Men's Calf Shoes, all styles,	90c, $1.15, $1.50
Men's Fine Calf Shoes, all styles,	$1.35, $1.65. $2.00
Men's Fine Kangaroo Shoes, all styles,	$1.85. $2.20, $2.65
Men's Fine Hand Sewed Shoes, all styles,	$3.40, $2.95, $3.10

These are all in Congress and Lace from the Narrow Toe to the Widest Toe. Don't fail to see them. All New, Nobby Goods.

Ladies' Fine Patent Leather Tip Button Shoes, 90c; all styles, and last A to E.

Ladies' Opera, Common Sense, or New York Lasts Button Shoes, 92c, $1.05, $1 20 and $1 35; all styles and widths.

Ladies' Fine Turn Patent Leather Tip Lace or Button Shoes from AA to EE, any width, $1.50, $1.65, $1.90, $2.00 and $2.35.

THE GREAT BALTIMORE TACKLESS SHOE FOR CORNS OR BUNIONS, SURE CURE, any style you desire, $2.00 and $2.25; these are made lovely. Don't fail to see them and try goods.

Misses Spring Heel and Heel High or Low Cut, B, C, A and E last, $1.00 and $1.25

School Shoes, 80, 85, 90, 95 and 97 cents. Goat, Kid or Dongola, 11 to 2 size.

Infant's Button Shoes, 23c, 29c, 37c; the great and easy Tenor Shoe, 39c.

Boys' Shoes, 80c, 90c, 97c and $1.00; Button or Lace. A good Boys' School Shoe, High or Low Cut Button, $1.05; the best shoe in the United States.

Opera Toe Slippers, all styles, 48c. Ladies' Fine Oxfords, any style you want, 53c, 65c, 90c, $1.00 and $1.30.

A Beautiful Present Given With Every Sale.

If You Want Nobby and Good Goods Visit

M. EHRMAN'S SHOE HOUSE,

69 Canal Street.